

GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

FOR

CONSTRUCTION OF AN ELECTRICITY STORAGE FACILITY AND CONNECTION TO CEF GLODENI 1, IN GLODENI, MUREŞ COUNTY

**GLODENI MUNICIPALITY, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, MUREŞ
COUNTY, ROMÂNIA**

CLIENT: S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

TECHNICAL SPECIALIST: S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L.

PROJECT NO: 3140LGS/2025

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DATA: MARCH 2025



LIST OF SIGNATURES

TECHNICAL DOCUMENTATION

CONSTRUCTION OF AN ELECTRICITY STORAGE FACILITY AND CONNECTION TO CEF GLODENI 1, IN GLODENI, MUREŞ COUNTY

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Content

1. Executive summary.....	7
1.1. Purpose of the work	7
1.2. Client.....	7
1.3. Technical specialist.....	7
1.4. Synthesis of information	7
2. Preliminary investigations of studied site	11
2.1. Geomorphology and geology of studied area	11
2.2. Maximum frost depth.....	12
2.3. Seismic zone	13
2.4. Climate characteristics	14
2.5. Natural hazards	14
3. Execution and information from boreholes.....	16
3.1. Geotechnical field investigations faze	16
3.1.1. Ground investigations	16
3.1.2. In-situ investigations	18
3.2. Laboratory investigations.....	19
3.2.1. Soil sampling for geotechnical investigations.....	20
3.2.2. Soil sampling for chemical aggressiveness determinations	20
3.3. Groundwater	20
4. Geological and geotechnical characterization of studied area.....	22
4.1. Topsoil layer	22
4.2. Alluvial deposits	22
4.2.1. Clayey alluvial layer	22
4.2.2. Weak clayey alluvial layer	24
4.2.3. Granular alluvial layer	26
5. Assessment of geotechnical information	28
5.1. Recommended values of allowable bearing pressure according to NP112-2014.....	28
5.2. Recommended values	28
5.3. Final classifications of geotechnical category	30
5.4. Framing land categories stipulated by the regulations relating to earth works.....	30
5.5. Foundation conditions for future construction.....	30
5.5.1. Constructive measures in case of foundations at the minimum foundation depth (NP126-2010): ...	32
5.5.2. General recommendations for execution of foundations for future buildings.....	32
5.5.3. Design of surface foundations.....	34
6. Bibliography	36
List of figures	
Fig. 1. Framing of the studied area on the topographical map, scale de 1: 25000.....	11
Fig. 2. Framing of the studied area on the geological map, page 11 – Bistrița, L-35-VII, scale 1:200000 (1967).....	12
Fig. 3. Maximum frost depth in the studied area	13
Fig. 4. Ground acceleration in the studied area	13
Fig. 5. Corner period in the studied area.....	13
Fig. 6. Seismic intensity in the studied area.....	15

Fig. 7. Execution of borehole FS01	17
Fig. 8. Execution of borehole FS02	17
Fig. 9. Execution of borehole FS03	17
Fig. 10. Execution of borehole FS04+DPH	17
Fig. 11. Execution of borehole FS05+DPH	17
Fig. 12. Execution of borehole FS06+DPH	17
Fig. 13. Execution of borehole FS07+DPH	18
Fig. 14. FS04+DPH, 1,30 ÷ 1,50 m – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	23
Fig. 15. FS05+DPH, 1,50 ÷ 1,70 m – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	23
Fig. 16. FS06+DPH, 1,70 ÷ 2,00 m – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	23
Fig. 17. FS07+DPH, 1,50 ÷ 1,70 m – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	23
Fig. 18. Swelling potential Daksanamurthy, Raman [2] – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	24
Fig. 19. Swelling potential Van Der Merwe [10] – <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	24
Fig. 20. FS01, 2,00 ÷ 2,40 m – <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	25
Fig. 21. FS03, 3,00 ÷ 3,40 m – <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	25
Fig. 22. Swelling potential Daksanamurthy, Raman [2] – <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	26
Fig. 23. Swelling potential Van Der Merwe [10] – <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	26

List of tables

Table 1. Recommended values	10
Table 2. Climate characteristics	14
Table 3. Natural Darks	14
Table 4. Geotechnical investigations	17
Table 5. Table used for correlations	18
Table 6. Soil samples chemical aggressiveness	20
Table 7. Chemical aggressiveness of soils in geotechnical boreholes	20
Table 8. Groundwater depth measurements inside of boreholes	21
Table 9. Statistical processing of physical parameters for <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	23
Table 10. Statistical processing of mechanical parameters for <i>clayey alluvial layer</i>	24
Table 11. Statistical processing of physical parameters for <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	25
Table 12. Statistical processing of mechanical parameters for <i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	26
Table 13. Characteristic values for alluvial gravely layer	27
Table 14. Allowable bearing pressure	28
Table 15. Recommended values	29
Table 16. The final classification in geotechnical category (NP 074-2022).....	30
Table 17. Land framing in estimate norms according to Romanian legislation - TS - MLPAT 1994.....	30
Table 18. Depths / foundation layer.....	31
Table 19. Frost susceptibility evaluation and quality assessment of soils identified as terracing material	31
Table 20. Bank slope depending on depth.	34

APPEDIX

APPENDIX 1: TERM OF REFERENCE

APPENDIX 2: GENERAL PLAN

APPENDIX 3: SITE PLAN

APPENDIX 4: BOREHOLE LOGS AND COLUMNS

APPENDIX 5: DYNAMIC PROBING TEST REPORTS

APPENDIX 6: LABORATORY TEST REPORTS

List of norms

ID	Title
C 107-3-05	Normative regarding the calculation of thermal energy performances of building construction elements – Annex D
CR 1-1-3-2013	Design Code - Evaluation of snow action on constructions
CR 1-1-4-2012	Design Code - Evaluation of wind action on constructions
Law no. 575/ 2001	National spatial plan - Section V Natural risk areas
NE 012 - 1: 2022	Code of practice for the execution of concrete, reinforced concrete, and prestressed concrete works. Part 1: Production of concrete
NP 074 - 2022	Normative regarding geotechnical documentation for construction
NP 112 - 2014	Normative for the design of direct foundation structures
NP 122 - 2010	Normative regarding the determination of characteristic and calculation values of geotechnical parameters
NP 126 - 2010	Normative regarding for foundation of buildings swelling and contracting soils
P 100-1/ 2013	Seismic design code - Part 1 - Design provisions for buildings
SR 1709-1-90	The action of the thaw - frost phenomenon at road works: 1. Freezing depth in the road complex
SR EN 1997-1:2004	Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design. Part 1: General rules
SR EN 1997-1:2004 AC:2009	
SR EN 1997-1:2004/A1:2014	Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design. Part 1: General rules. National Annex
SR EN 1997-1:2004/NB:2016	
SR EN 1997-2:2007	Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design. Part 2: Investigation and testing
SR EN 1997-2:2007/AC:2010	
SR EN 1997-2:2007/NB:2009	Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design. Part 2: Investigation and testing. National Annex
SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018	
SR EN ISO 14688-2:2018	Geotechnical investigations and tests. Identification and classification of soil. Part 1: Identification and description
SR EN ISO 22475-1:2021	
SR EN ISO 22476-2:2006	Geotechnical investigations and tests. Identification and classification of soil. Part 2: Principles for classification
STAS 2914-1984	
STAS 6054-77	Geotechnical investigations and tests. Sampling methods and groundwater measurements. Part 1: Technical principles for execution
TS - MLPAT 1994	
	Geotechnical investigation and testing — Field testing — Part 2: Dynamic probing
	Roadworks. Earthworks. General requirements for quality
	Foundation soil. Maximum frost depths. Division in zones of the territory of Romania
	Indicator of specification and catalogue standard for excavation works

1. Executive summary

1.1. Purpose of the work

This paper will provide data on the project "*Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County*", located in Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureş county, România.

This site investigation program consists of:

- identification and determination of the distribution and thickness of the layers around influence and development of the projected constructions.
- soil sampling to determinate the physical and mechanical parameters for each intercepted layer in accordance with the geotechnical category.
- in situ testing of soils by dynamic probing heavy (DPH).
- statistical processing of the values obtained from laboratory tests and the values derived from in-situ tests.
- identification of the underground water level.

The present geotechnical study is prepared in accordance with the provisions of **SR EN 1997-1** (*Geotechnical Design 1. General rules*), **SR EN 1997-2** (*Geotechnical design - 2. Investigation and testing*) and **NP74-2022** (*Normative on geotechnical documentation for construction*).

Between 21-22.10.2022 S.C. SAIDEL Engineering S.A. carried out 7 geotechnical boreholes up to a depth of 8.00 m from execution surface, on the neighboring site (cadastral no. 50606). The results of these boreholes were provided by the customer for a more accurate evaluation of the site investigated in the current project. The borehole logs are attached to this study in Appendix 4.

1.2. Client

DTEK RENEWABLES INTERNATIONAL B.V.

1.3. Technical specialist

S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L.

1.4. Synthesis of information

Geotechnical investigations

The field investigation program was executed in 2 phases:

➤ **Phase I** conducted in 25 January 2024 and consists of:

- **3 geotechnical boreholes (FS01 ÷ FS03)**, each with a depth of 8.00 meters from the execution level, totaling 24.00 linear meters. These boreholes were executed by continuous rotating coring, with single and double wall core, with diameters

	<p>between 116 ÷ 101 mm, in dry and wet system, with a ROLATEC RL48L equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 8 standard penetration tests (SPT), conducted inside of boreholes. <p>➤ Phase II realized in 21 March 2025 and consists of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 4 geotechnical boreholes (FS04 ÷ FS07), executed by a GeoTool LSKM heavy dynamic penetrometer, to depths between 2.30 ÷ 3.20 m from execution surface, summing 10.90 linear meter. • 4 dynamic probing heavy test (DPH) executed in the continuation of the geotechnical boreholes, up to depths between 3,50 ÷ 3,90 m from the execution level.
Lithology	<p>The following geotechnical units were identified: <i>topsoil layer, clayey alluvial layer, weak clayey alluvial layer, granular alluvial layer.</i></p>
Underground water	<p>The groundwater level on the current investigation phase was NOT intercepted.</p> <p>In previous phases the boreholes executed by S.C. Geo Search S.R.L. intercepted the groundwater level from 2.40 m depth, respectively the boreholes executed by SAIDEL Engineering S.A. intercepted in the depth range 5.70 ÷ 6.00 m.</p>
Geotechnical category according to NP074-2022	<p>The studied area fits in geotechnical category 1.</p>
Foundation depths and foundation systems	<p>Details of recommended foundation depths can be found in Chapter 5.5.</p>
Excavations and supports	<p>Under current legislation we recommend the following:</p> <p>Excavations above groundwater level with unsupported vertical walls can be carried out with depths up to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0,75 m in the case of non-cohesive and weakly cohesive soils. • 1,25 m for medium cohesion soil. • 2,00 m for very cohesive soil. <p>In the case of excavations with unsupported vertical walls, the following measures shall be taken to maintain the stability of the banks:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The land around the excavation is not allowed to be loaded and does not suffer vibration. • The soil resulting from digging should not be deposited at less than 1,00 m from the edge of the foundation pit; for excavations up to 1.00 m deep, the distance can be taken equal to the depth of the excavation. • Measures shall be taken to remove rapidly the rainwater or accidental waters.

- If, for unforeseen reasons, the foundations are not poured immediately after excavation has been completed and phenomena indicating a danger of subsidence are observed, measures will be taken to support the wall in the area in question or to convert them into walls with a slope.

The constructor is obliged to monitor the appearance and development of longitudinal cracks parallel to the edge of the excavation which may indicate the beginning of bank subsidence and to take measures to prevent accidents.

If the depth of the excavation exceeds the recommended values for unsupported vertical walls, the excavations may be made in the slope under the following conditions:

- The soil has a natural humidity of 12-18% and conditions are provided so that it does not grow.
- foundation excavation does not stay open for long.

In all other cases (when it is not possible to excavate with unsupported vertical walls or on a slope), excavation can only be carried out under the protection of the supports, respecting the recommendations of the legislation in force. A solution of tangent/spaced piles or a molded wall support may be chosen.

The land around the excavation is not allowed to be loaded and does not suffer vibration.

The soil resulting from the excavation will be deposited at a distance at least equal to the depth of the excavation.

Table 1. Recommended values

	Water content	Plasticity index	Consistency index	Bulk unit weight	Saturated unit weight	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Free swelling	Oedometric deformation modulus	Swelling pressure	Effective angle of friction	Effective cohesion	Post-peak eff. angle of friction	Post-peak eff. cohesion	Undrained shear strength	Relative density	Internal friction angle	Linear deformation
	w	I _p	I _c	γ	γ _{sat}	e	S _r	U _L	E ₂₀₀₋₃₀₀	P _u	φ'	c'	φ' _{pp}	c' _{pp}	c _u	D _R *	φ'*	E _s *
	[%]	-	-	[kN/m ³]	[kN/m ³]	-	[%]	[%]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[%]	[°]	[kPa]
<i>Alluvial layer</i>	19	21	0,78	19,2	19,9	0,6	90	100	14700	9,4	27,5	27,4	26,8	18,3	-	-	-	-
<i>Weak alluvial layer</i>	20	16	0.6	18.9	19.8	0.7	77	70	6200	5	26.5	14	24.7	6	90	-	-	-
<i>Granular alluvial layer</i>	11	-	-	21.9*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	38	53700

*Values derived from SPT and DPH tests

2. Preliminary investigations of studied site

2.1. Geomorphology and geology of studied area

Geomorphologically the investigated area is in the eastern extremity of the Mădăraşului Hills [7], at the contact with the Mureş Corridor, part of the Sarmaş Plain (Transylvanian Plain).

In the relief of the Transylvanian Plain, soft Miocene rocks (clays, marls, sands) are imposed with a structure dominated by gentle hills with altitudes below 600 m and with the usual dome appearance, river meadows with short but very wide valleys in the form of wide aisles, all determined by monoclin asymmetries, thus acquiring a hilly appearance [7][8].

The investigated site is located on the right side of the Şar river, on a relatively flat terrain, being located on the altitude gap $350 \div 375$ m (rMN). The Şar river is a right tributary of Mureş River, which is the principal river in the area. The meteoric water drains to the Şar river or infiltrates in the ground, following the same main flow direction [7]. Several nameless streams and valleys with temporary watercourses were identified around the investigated site.

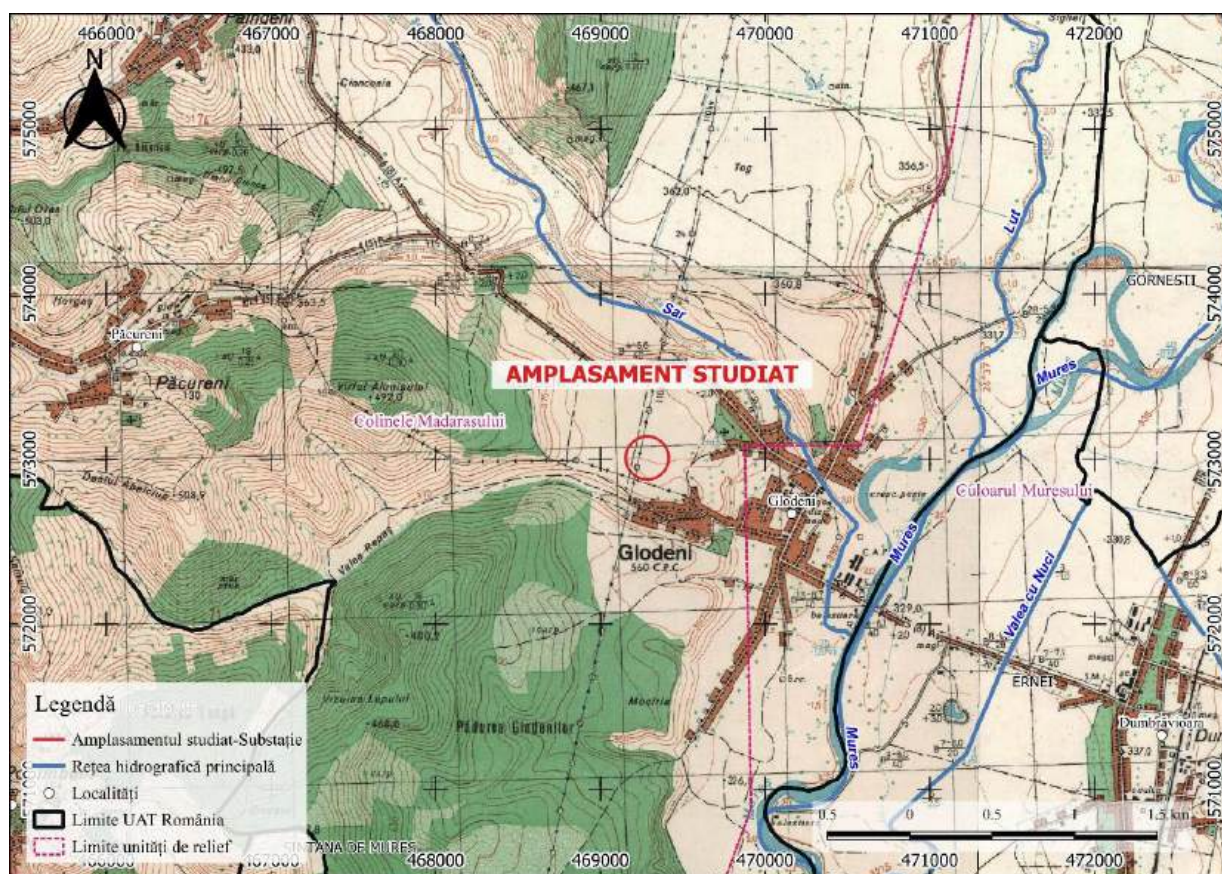


Fig. 1. Framing of the studied area on the topographical map, scale de 1: 25000.

The investigated site is in the central part of the *Transylvanian Basin*. This basin **geologically** is a sedimentary basin, formed in the Upper Cretaceous, and has gone through four tectono-structural mega sequences: Upper Cretaceous (rift type), Paleogene (sag basin), Lower Miocene (flexural basin) and Middle Miocene – upper (back arc basin) [4]. The sedimentation period ended after the Pannonian (9 Ma) [3]. In the Late Badenian - Pliocene period the basin underwent a southeastward tilting and in the Pliocene regional uplift, thus a period of erosion began.[8][4].

The bedrock in the studied area is represented by Sarmatian marine deposits which are composed by the alternation of marly clays with sands and tuffs. The Sarmatian deposits are delimited in this area by the horizon of the Ghiriș tuff in the lower part and the level of the Bazna tuff in the upper part [8].

Over the Sarmatian deposits can be found the Pannonian ones, also with marine origin, with a thickness varying between 0.50 and 10 m, consisting of sandy marls with thin intercalations of marly limestones and sandstones [8].



Fig. 2. Framing of the studied area on the geological map, page 11 – Bistrița, L-35-VII, scale 1:200000 (1967)

To identify the boundary between Sarmatian and Pannonian deposits is very difficult. In the analyzed perimeter both marine deposits consist of the same alternations of clay and sands, but in Pannonian deposits in some level's sands may predominate, joined in places by layers of yellowish tuffs and several levels of gravel [8].

The bedrock in the investigated area is covered by recent alluvial deposits (Holocene) of the Mureș River and its tributaries, represented by successions of gravel with sand, respectively sand with gravel and clay material from the floodplain of the river covering the coarse deposits[8].

The investigated land has no industrial or urban history, thus a topsoil layer develops at the top of alluvial deposits.

2.2. Maximum frost depth

According to STAS 6054-77, the studied area has a frost depth of $80 \div 90$ cm.

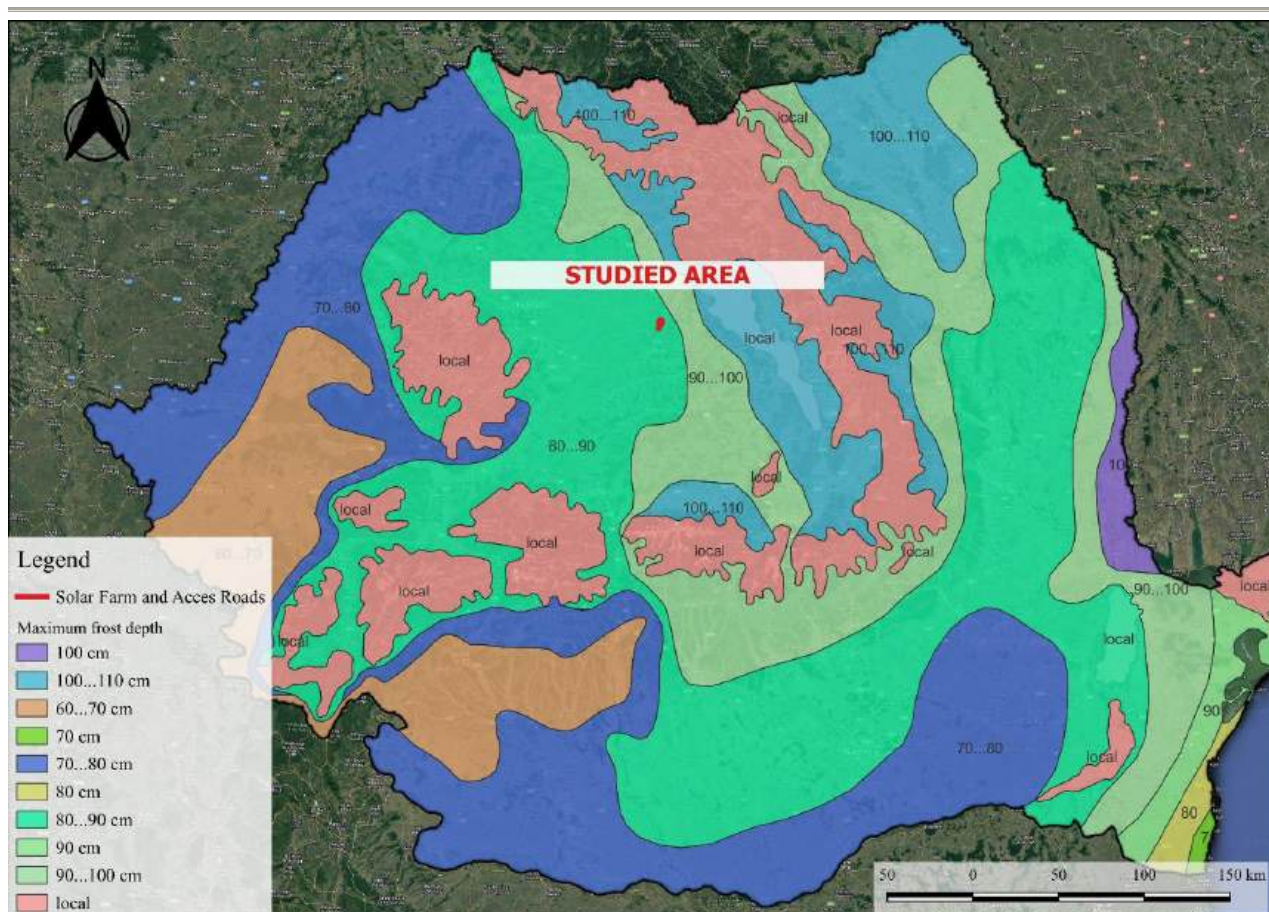


Fig. 3. Maximum frost depth in the studied area

2.3. Seismic zone

According to technical regulation **P 100-1/2013**, the studied area has the ground acceleration $a_g = 0.10 \text{ g}$ having the average recurrence interval $\text{IMR} = 225$ years and the corner period, $T_c = 0.7$.

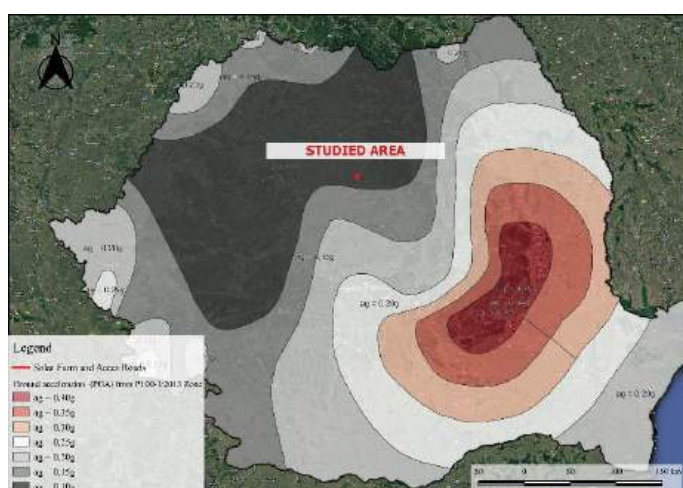


Fig. 4. Ground acceleration in the studied area

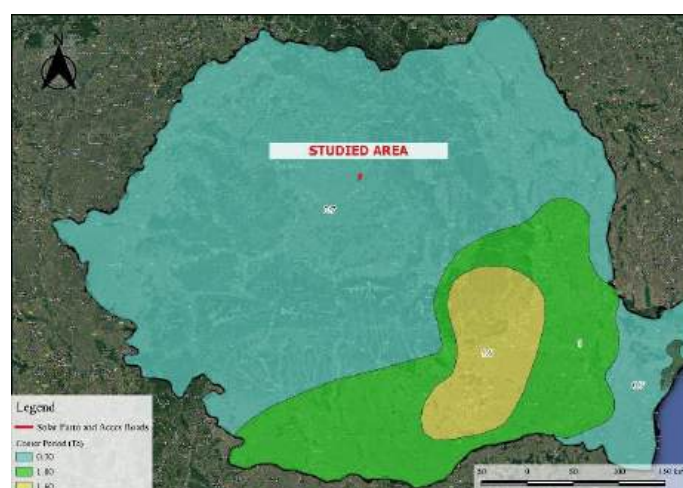


Fig. 5. Corner period in the studied area

The horizontal and vertical seismic coefficients of ground movement k_{sh} and k_{sv} are calculated as:

$$k_s = 0,5 * \gamma_l * \frac{ag}{g}$$

$$k_{sv} = 0,5 * k_s$$

$$k_{sh} = k_s$$

2.4. Climate characteristics

Climate characteristics of Voivodeni and Glodeni commune, Mureş County are represented on the bellowed table (Table 2):

Table 2. Climate characteristics

Characteristics	Standard	Value
Temperatures during winter period (T_e)	C 107-3-05, Appendix D - Norm regarding the calculation of the thermo-energetic performances of the construction elements of buildings	-21 (C°) Area II
Humidity index (I_m)	SR 1709-1-90 The action of the freeze-unfreeze phenomenon in road works: 1. The depth of frost in the road complex	0...20 Climatic type I
Characteristic value of loads from snow on the ground (s_k)	CR 1-1-3-2013 <i>Design code - Evaluation of loads of snow on constructions</i>	1,5 (kN/m ²)
Dynamic wind pressure reference value (q_b)	CR 1-1-4-2012 <i>Design code - Assessment of wind action on buildings</i>	0,4 (kPa)

2.5. Natural hazards

The classification is made based on law 575/14.11.2001, law on the approval of the *National Territorial Development Plan - Section V - Natural Risk Areas*, updated on 07.06.2011. The law classifies natural hazards into three categories caused by earthquakes, floods, and landslides.

Natural risk areas are geographically defined areas with a potential for destructive natural phenomena, which can affect the population, human activities, the natural and built environment and cause damage and human victims.

According to Law 575/14.11.2001, updated on 06.07.2011, the commune of Voivodeni and Glodeni, could be affected with the following risks (Table 3):

Table 3. Natural Darks

commune	Flood types		The potential for landslides	Landslide type	
	Floods on watercourses	On torrents		Floods on watercourses	On torrents
com. Voivodeni	yes	-	-	-	-
com. Glodeni	is not mentioned in Law 575/14.11.2001				

According to PUG Voivodeni, the investigated site is located outside the areas associated with flooding risk by reversing of high intensity, with low frequency.

According to the General Urban Plan (GUP) the territory of Glodeni commune is not characterized by risks associated with landslides or floods.

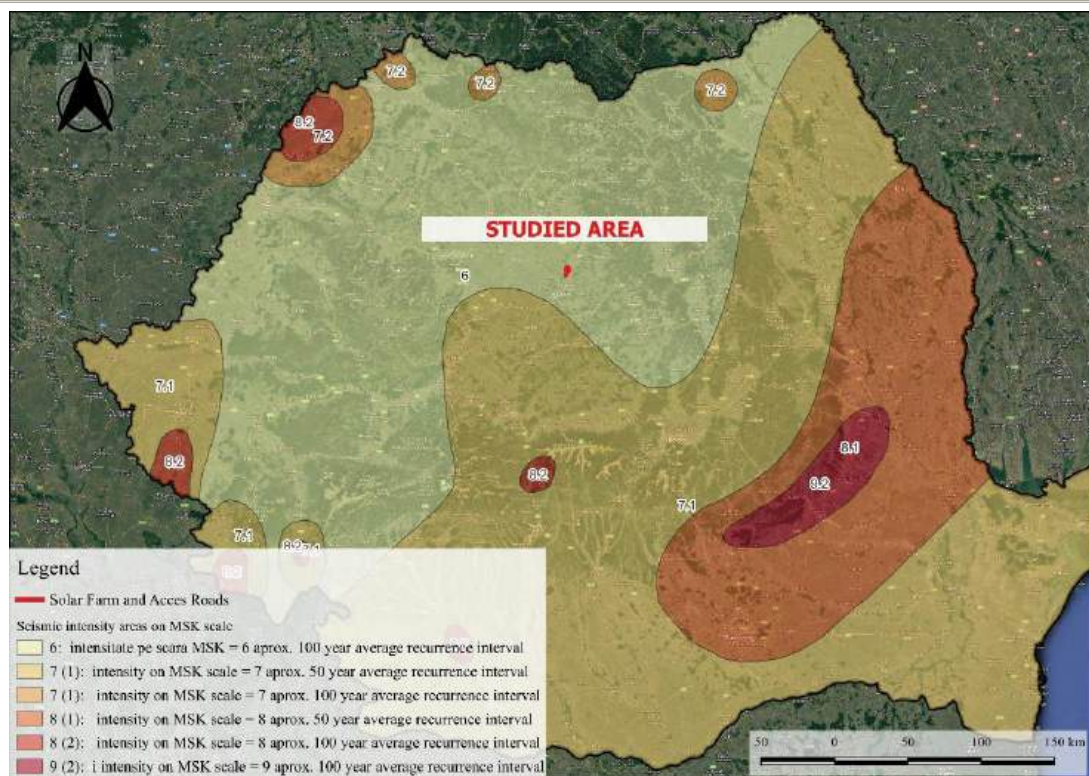


Fig. 6. Seismic intensity in the studied area

3. Execution and information from boreholes

3.1. Geotechnical field investigations faze

Between 21-22.10.2022 S.C. SAIDEL Engineering S.A. carried out 7 geotechnical boreholes up to a depth of 8.00 m from execution surface, on the neighboring site (cadastral no. 50606). The results of these boreholes were provided by the customer for a more accurate evaluation of the site investigated in the current project. The borehole logs are attached to this study in *Appendix 4*.

3.1.1. Ground investigations

The field investigation program was executed in 2 phases:

➤ *Phase I* conducted in 25 January 2024 and consists of:

- **3 geotechnical boreholes (FS01 ÷ FS03)**, each with a depth of 8.00 meters from the execution level, totaling 24.00 linear meters. These boreholes were executed by continuous rotating coring, with single and double wall core, with diameters between 116 ÷ 101 mm, in dry and wet system, with a ROLATEC RL48L equipment.
- **8 standard penetration tests (SPT)**, conducted inside of boreholes.

➤ *Phase II* realized in 21 March 2025 and consists of:

- **4 geotechnical boreholes (FS04 ÷ FG07)**, executed by a GeoTool LSKM heavy dynamic penetrometer, to depths between 2.30 ÷ 3.20 m from execution surface, summing 10.90 linear meter.
- **4 dynamic probing heavy test (DPH)** executed in the continuation of the geotechnical boreholes, up to depths between 3,50 ÷ 3,90 m from the execution level.

The borehole execution, and the soil and groundwater sampling were carried out in accordance with **SR EN ISO 22475-1:2021** (Geotechnical investigations and tests. Sampling methods and measurements relating to groundwater. Part 1: Technical principles for soil, rock and groundwater sampling).

This site investigation program consists of:

- identification and determination of the distribution and thickness of the layers around influence and development of the projected constructions.
- soil sampling to determinate the physical and mechanical parameters for each intercepted layer in accordance with the geotechnical category.
- in situ testing of soils by dynamic probing heavy (DPH).
- statistical processing of the values obtained from laboratory tests and the values derived from in-situ tests.
- identification of the underground water level.

The position of the geotechnical boreholes is figured in the site plan (*Appendix 3*) and in Table 4.

Table 4. Geotechnical investigations

Borehole ID	Execution date	Topographic coordinates		Elevation (Z) [m]	Investigations depth [m]
		(X)	(Y)		
FS01	25 January 2024	469296.31	573030.76	362.01	8.00
FS02	25 January 2024	469284.24	572964.02	361.46	8.00
FS03	25 January 2024	469269.91	572999.35	362.04	8.00
FS04+DPH	21 March 2025	469294.65	572921.94	-	3.80
FS05+DPH	21 March 2025	469269.75	572930.51	-	3.50
FS06+DPH	21 March 2025	469262.80	572950.22	-	3.90
FS07+DPH	21 March 2025	469233.47	572960.82	-	3.90

The location of the geotechnical investigation points is presented in Fig. 7 ÷ Fig. 13.



Fig. 7. Execution of borehole FS01



Fig. 8. Execution of borehole FS02



Fig. 9. Execution of borehole FS03



Fig. 10. Execution of borehole FS04+DPH



Fig. 11. Execution of borehole FS05+DPH



Fig. 12. Execution of borehole FS06+DPH



Fig. 13. Execution of borehole FS07+DPH

3.1.2. In-situ investigations

Execution of standard penetration tests (SPT)

During the geotechnical drills, 8 standard penetration tests (SPT) were carried out.

The standard penetration test is a common in situ dynamic testing method used to determine the dynamic penetration resistance of a cone or sampler with well-defined characteristics. The test is carried out within a borehole.

A hammer of 63.5 kg (140 lbs.) is dropped repeatedly from a height of 76 cm (30 inches) with a frequency not exceeding 40 beats/minute, driving the cone or sampler into the ground until reaching a depth of 15 cm (6 inches). The number of the required blows is recorded as N_0 . This procedure is repeated two more times until a total penetration of 45 cm (18 inches) is achieved, this will be noted as N_1 and N_2 .

The total number of blows ($N_{60} = N_1 + N_2$) represent the uncorrected dynamic penetration resistance. The test may be stopped if the total number of strokes (N_{60}) reaches 50. In soft rocks it can be raised to 100 strokes.

To the value (N_{60}) obtained in the field was applied a series of correction factors, according to the SR EN ISO 22476-3. The chosen factors for this project consider the length of rod, type of sampler (without thin sampler), borehole diameter, equipment efficiency and geological pressure correction where applicable. The value of the C_N factor (effect of geological pressure) has been limited to 1.2 for this project.

The standard penetration tests were carried out in accordance with **SR EN 1997-2:2007** (Geotechnical design - 2. Field investigation and testing) and **SR EN ISO 22476-3** (Geotechnical research and testing. Field tests. Part 3: Standard penetration test).

Regarding the relative density and peak friction angle, interpolation between values provided in the following table were used:

Table 5. Table used for correlations

N_{60}	D_r [%]	ϕ [°]
0	0	26
3	15	28
8	35	30
25	65	36

42	85	41
58	85	41

Deformation modulus was derived using the following equation:

$$\text{sandy GRAVEL: } E_s = 900 \cdot [N60(\text{cor}) + 6] \quad \text{Equation 1}$$

$$\text{gravelly SAND: } E_s = (600 \cdot [N60(\text{cor}) + 6]) + 2000 \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

$$\text{clayey SAND: } E_s = 320 \cdot [N60(\text{cor}) + 15] \quad \text{Equation 3}$$

Undrained shear strength was deriving using following equation:

$$\text{Clayey soils: } c_u = 6,25 \cdot N60(\text{cor}) \quad \text{Equation 4}$$

Execution of dynamic heavy penetration (DPH)

The purpose of the dynamic penetration test is to determine in situ the resistance of a soil or soft rock to dynamic cone penetration. The penetration resistance is defined as the number of blows required to drive the penetrometer a defined distance. It shall be recorded continuously as a function of depth. The method does not involve sampling.

The dynamic penetration test equipment must be placed vertically so that it is not displaced during the test. The inclination of the device and the beating rods shall not exceed more than 2% from vertical. If this criterion cannot be met, the penetration test shall be stopped.

The beating rods and the tip shall be inserted in such a way that they do not suffer excessive bending. No load must be applied to the anvil and the rods during the raising of the ram.

The rods should be inserted into the ground continuously. The frequency of strikes shall be maintained between 15 and 30 strikes per minute. For each meter penetrated the rods shall be rotated a minimum of one and one-half turns or until maximum torque is reached. The maximum torque required to rotate the rods shall be measured with a torque wrench.

The dynamic heavy penetration (DPH) tests were performed in accordance with **SR EN 1997-2:2007** (*Eurocode 7: Geotechnical design. Part 2: Investigation and testing*) and **EN ISO 22476-2** (*Geotechnical investigation and testing — Field testing — Part 2: Dynamic probing*).

The graphical interpretation of the heavy dynamic penetration tests is attached to this geotechnical study in *Appendix 5*.

For the present project the values from DPH were equivalated to N60 drops, based on kinetic energy correlations. So, in the case of non-cohesive soils, formulas from SPT were used to derive the geotechnical parameters. In the case of cohesive soils, the correlation between drops and undrained shear strength was not used, because the SPT formula is used only where split barrel sampler is used (Raymod).

3.2. Laboratory investigations

The sampling, handling and transportation of soil and groundwater samples was made in accordance with **SR EN ISO 22475-1:2021** (*Geotechnical investigations and tests. Sampling methods and measurements relating to groundwater. Part 1: Technical principles for soil, rock, and groundwater sampling*).

3.2.1. Soil sampling for geotechnical investigations

The soil samples obtained from the geotechnical investigations were analyzed inside of *S.C. Geo Search S.R.L. - Grad II Laboratory – Certificate of authorization no. 4056/ISC/L01/22.06.2023.*

The results of these laboratory tests will be represented on borehole logs (*Appendix 4*) and on laboratory reports (*Appendix 6*), which are attached to this desktop study.

3.2.2. Soil sampling for chemical aggressiveness determinations

During the project, soil samples were taken on the investigated site to determine its aggressiveness on concrete according to Table 6.

Table 6. Soil samples chemical aggressiveness

Borehole ID	Purpose of the work	Sample ID	Sampling depth [m]	Sampling date	Lithostratigraphic unit
FS01	SPP Substation	42671	1.50-2.00	January 23, 2024	<i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>
FS02	SPP Substation	42676	1.00-1.50	January 23, 2024	<i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>
FS03	SPP Substation	42683	1.50-2.00	January 16, 2024	<i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>
FS03	SPP Substation	42684	3.40-3.85	January 16, 2024	<i>weak clayey alluvial layer</i>

The soil samples obtained from the geotechnical investigations were analyzed inside of *S.C. ALS Life Science Romania S.R.L. – str. Constantin Stere, no. 16, Ploiesti municipality, Prahova County.*

The results of these laboratory tests will be attached to this desktop study on laboratory reports (*Appendix 6*) and summarized in Table 7.

Table 7. Chemical aggressiveness of soils in geotechnical boreholes

	Sampling depth	Electrical Resistivity	Oxidation-Reduction Potential (ORP)	Conductivity	pH (H ₂ O)	Chloride as Cl-	Sulfides	Acid Neutralising Capacity	Base Neutralising Capacity (BNC)	Sulfate as SO ₄ - Soluble	Sulfate as SO ₄ - Soluble
<i>Limit of reporting</i>	-	10.0	-	0.10	2.00	0.0010	10.00	1.0	1.0	50	500
<i>Unit</i>	[m]	ohm m	mV	μS/cm	pH Unit	% DW	mg/kg DW	mol/kg DW	mol/kg DW	mg/kg DW	mg/kg DW
FS01	1.50-2.00	325	367.7	34.3	8.31	0.0071	<10.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	<500
FS02	1.00-1.50	343	366.6	32.5	7.91	0.0078	<10.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	<500
FS03	1.50-2.00	370	361.7	30.2	7.75	0.0064	<10.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	<500
FS03	3.40-3.85	308	356.7	36.2	7.14	0.0074	<10.0	<1.0	<1.0	<50	<500

3.3. Groundwater

During the actual geotechnical investigations phase the groundwater level was NOT identified.

But also, in the previous investigation phases the groundwater level was identified at the following depths (Table 8):

Table 8. Groundwater depth measurements inside of boreholes

Borehole ID	Purpose of the work	Depth from ground level [m]	Type	Lithostratigraphic unit	Date of measurements
FS01	Solar Farm	2.4	GWL*	weak clayey alluvial layer	January 25, 2024
SUB1	Substation	6	GW	-	October 21, 2022
SUB4	Substation	5.7	GW	-	October 22, 2022
SUB5	Substation	5.7	GW	-	October 21, 2022
SUB6	Substation	5.7	GW	-	October 22, 2022
SUB7	Substation	5.7	GW	-	October 21, 2022

GW = groundwater level, measured during the execution

GWL = groundwater level, extrapolated.*

The location of groundwater is influenced by local lithology, through the presence of sandy intercalations within the sandy alluvial complex. Their level can be influenced by variations in atmospheric precipitation as well as by the lithological distribution of sandier levels that have higher permeability.

4. Geological and geotechnical characterization of studied area

The final lithological sequence elaborated based on field observations and laboratory determinations is shown in the borehole logs shown in *Appendix 4*.

Based on field observations and laboratory tests, the identified layers were classified into geotechnical complexes in order to characterize the earth massif and develop the terrain model.

The classification and characterization of intercepted soils during the geotechnical investigations was made based on **SR EN ISO 14688-2:2018** (*Geotechnical investigations and tests. Identification and classification of soils. Part 2: Principles for a classification*).

The following lithostratigraphic units were identified on the investigated area: *topsoil layer, clayey alluvial layer, weak clayey alluvial layer and granular alluvial layer*.

These units are geological complexes defined based on stratigraphic criteria and are not lithological homogeneous. The geotechnical characterization is conducted on the predominant lithologies in each complex.

The intercepted lithological complexes are described in more detail below, and the minimum, maximum and average values of the geotechnical parameters, as well as the lower and upper characteristic values, are presented in table form. These parameters are calculated according to *NP122:2010*.

4.1. Topsoil layer

On the investigated site, a thin layer of topsoil was identified, intercepted in all geotechnical boreholes, with a thickness between $0.20 \div 0.80$ m. The thickness of topsoil was considered the one described by our field geologists.

This layer is composed of *firm, low organic, brown sandy CLAY*.

Due to the variable origin and thickness as well as high heterogeneity, **direct foundation of buildings in this layer is NOT recommended**.

4.2. Alluvial deposits

Alluvial deposits were formed over the base layer, from detritus material transported with flowing waters, and deposited on the bottom of the riverbed, on the meadow or at the mouth.

Depending on the predominant lithology the following complexes have been separated: *clayey alluvial layer, weak clayey alluvial layer, and granular alluvial layer*, which will be described separately.

4.2.1. Clayey alluvial layer

The clayey alluvial layer was identified in all geotechnical boreholes in current investigation phase, under the topsoil layer, on a thickness varying between $1.60 \div 3.00$ m.

This layer is composed of *firm to stiff, low to medium plasticity, greyish-reddish-brown sandy CLAY, locally with gravel intercalations*. From a lithological and structural point of view, these sequences are characterized by **high heterogeneity**.



Fig. 14. FS04+DPH, 1,30 ÷ 1,50 m – *clayey alluvial layer*



Fig. 15. FS05+DPH, 1,50 ÷ 1,70 m – *clayey alluvial layer*



Fig. 16. FS06+DPH, 1,70 ÷ 2,00 m – *clayey alluvial layer*



Fig. 17. FS07+DPH, 1,50 ÷ 1,70 m – *clayey alluvial layer*

Statistically analyzed physical parameters for *clayey alluvial layer* can be found in Table 9.

Table 9. Statistical processing of physical parameters for *clayey alluvial layer*

	Water content	Plasticity index	Consistency index	Bulk unit weight	Saturated unit weight	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Free swelling	Activity index	Liquidity index
	w	I _p	I _c	γ	γ _{sat}	e	S _r	U _L	I _A	I _L
	[%]	-	-	[kN/m ³]	[kN/m ³]	-	[%]	[%]	-	-
No. sample	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
V _x	0.228	0.266	0.078	0.021	0.029	0.124	0.107	0.236	0.085	0.282
Min. value	14.79	15.68	0.74	18.76	19.15	0.55	73	60	0.51	0.13
Average value	19.48	21.78	0.78	19.24	19.93	0.64	82	76	0.56	0.22
Max. value	25.20	29.18	0.87	19.58	20.56	0.74	90	100	0.62	0.26

Given the physical parameters, the *clayey alluvial layer* has a low to medium swelling potential (Fig. 18), and a medium to high (Fig. 19) with maximal determinate value for free swelling $U_L = 100\%$, and activity index $I_A = 0,62$, thus falling into the active category.

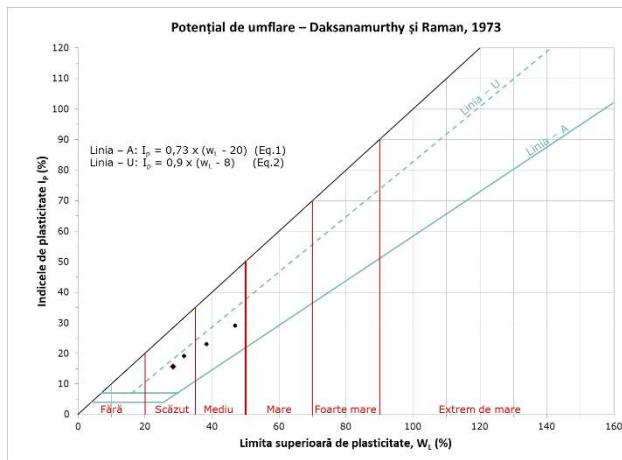


Fig. 18. Swelling potential Daksanamurthy, Raman [2] – *clayey alluvial layer*

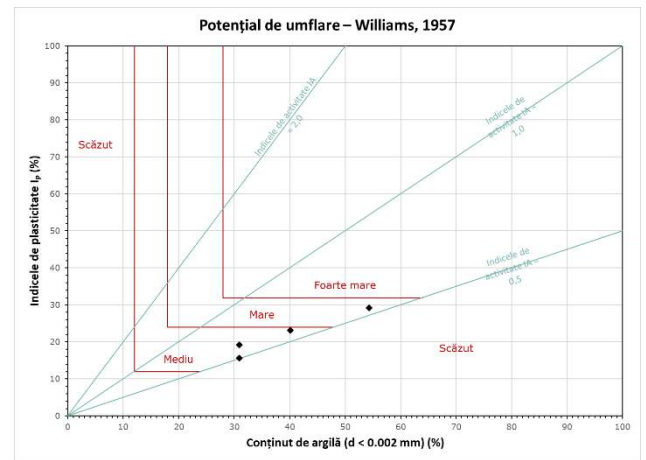


Fig. 19. Swelling potential Van Der Merwe [10] – *clayey alluvial layer*

To verify the real swelling potential, **swelling pressure** tests were made. The highest determined value is **9.40 kPa**, therefore the *clayey alluvial layer* **falls into the category of PUCM soils (swelling and contracting soils) with low activity**.

Statistically analyzed mechanical parameters for *clayey alluvial layer* can be found in Table 10.

Table 10. Statistical processing of mechanical parameters for *clayey alluvial layer*

	Oedometric deformation modulus	Swelling pressure	Effective angle of friction - peak	Effective cohesion - peak	Post-peak eff. angle of friction	Post-peak eff. Cohesion
	$E_{200-300}$	p_u	ϕ'	c'	ϕ'_{pp}	c'_{pp}
	[kPa]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]
No. sample	2	2	2	2	2	2
Min. value	14286	0.40	25.53	19.60	24.81	8.16
Average value	14719	4.90	27.54	27.47	26.88	18.31
Max. value	15152	9.40	29.55	35.34	28.96	28.46

4.2.2. Weak clayey alluvial layer

Within the clayey alluvial layer, areas with weaker characteristics were identified with thicknesses varying between $2.10 \div 4.00$ m. This layer was identified only in previous investigation phase (January 2024) and is composed of *firm, low plasticity, yellowish-brown locally grey sandy CLAY, locally with sandy nests/intercalations*.

From a lithological and structural point of view, these sequences are characterized by **high heterogeneity**.



Fig. 20. FS01, 2,00 ÷ 2,40 m – *weak clayey alluvial layer*



Fig. 21. FS03, 3,00 ÷ 3,40 m – *weak clayey alluvial layer*

Given the high lithological heterogeneity of the alluvial layer, it is recommended to consider the most unfavorable values of physical and mechanical parameters (conservative values).

Statistically analyzed physical parameters for *weak clayey alluvial layer* can be found in Table 11.

Table 11. Statistical processing of physical parameters for *weak clayey alluvial layer*

	Water content	Plasticity index	Consistency index	Bulk unit weight	Saturated unit weight	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Free swelling	Activity index	Liquidity index
	w	I _p	I _c	γ	γ _{sat}	e	S _r	U _L	I _A	I _L
	[%]	-	-	[kN/m ³]	[kN/m ³]	-	[%]	[%]	-	-
No. sample	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
Min. value	18.93	11.88	0.59	18.64	19.69	0.68	74	50	0.38	0.34
Average value	19.70	16.28	0.62	18.92	19.83	0.70	77	63	0.50	0.38
Max. value	20.67	20.02	0.66	19.02	19.95	0.72	81	70	0.55	0.41

Given the physical parameters, the *weak clayey alluvial layer* has a low swelling potential (Fig. 22), and medium (Fig. 23) with maximal determinate value for free swelling **U_L = 70%**, and activity index **I_A = 0,55**, thus falling into the medium active category.

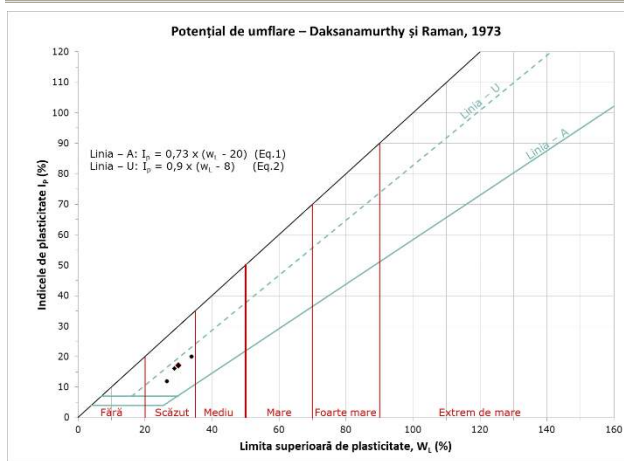


Fig. 22. Swelling potential Daksanamurthy, Raman [2] – *weak clayey alluvial layer*

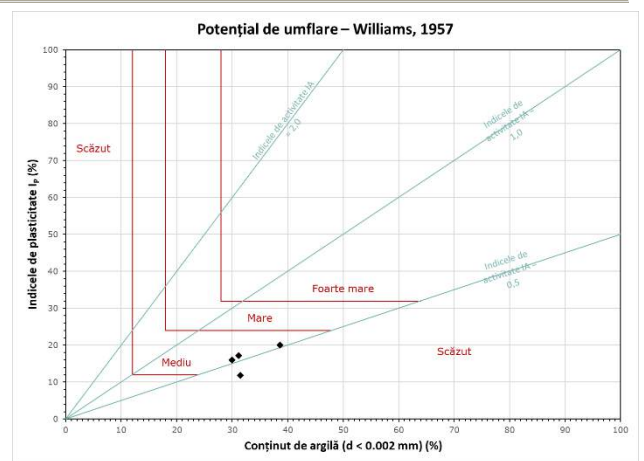


Fig. 23. Swelling potential Van Der Merwe [10] – *weak clayey alluvial layer*

To verify the real swelling potential, **swelling pressure** tests were made. The highest determined value is **5.00 kPa**, therefore the *weak clayey alluvial layer* **falls into the category of PUCM soils (swelling and contracting soils) with low activity**.

Statistically analyzed mechanical parameters for *weak clayey alluvial layer* are found in Table 12.

Table 12. Statistical processing of mechanical parameters for *weak clayey alluvial layer*

	Oedometric deformation modulus	Swelling pressure	Effective angle of friction - peak	Effective cohesion - peak	Post-peak eff. angle of friction	Post-peak eff. Cohesion	Undrained shear strength – SPT
	$E_{200-300}$ [kPa]	p_u [kPa]	ϕ' [°]	c' [kPa]	ϕ'_{pp} [°]	c'_{pp} [kPa]	C_u_{SPT} [kPa]
No. sample	3	3	3	3	2	2	1
Min. value	6135	0.00	25.16	8.32	23.12	5.72	-
Average value	6218	2.13	26.56	13.94	24.73	6.69	90
Max. value	6309	5.00	27.32	22.08	26.33	7.66	-

4.2.3. Granular alluvial layer

The granular alluvial layer consists of *dense ($D_R=65\div85\%$), brown sandy GRAVEL with cobble, locally with clayey intercalations/matrix* and *dense ($D_R=78\%$), yellowish-brown silty/clayey SAND with gravel*.

This layer was identified by all geotechnical boreholes from the depth of $2.30 \div 4.30$ m from execution level. The actual thickness of granular layer is not precisely known, because the boreholes that intercepted were stopped in it.

The mechanical and physical parameters for this unit were obtained from in-situ test like standard penetration (SPT) and dynamic heavy penetration (DPH). The obtained results were statistically processed and will be presented in Table 13:

Table 13. Characteristic values for alluvial gravely layer

	Water content	Bulk density	Relative density	Internal friction angle	Deformation modulus
	w	γ	D_R *	ϕ **	E_s *
	[%]	[kN/m ³]	[%]	[°]	[kPa]
<i>No. of samples</i>	5	9	9	9	9
<i>V_x</i>	0.297	0.037	0.124	0.060	0.372
Min. value	7.89	19.77	56	34.00	10336
Average value	11.89	21.39	79	39.78	43565
Max. value	17.20	21.93	85	41.00	58680
X _{k lower}	8.53	20.90	73	38.29	33432
X _{k upper}	15.26	21.89	-	-	53698

*Values derived from SPT and DPH tests

5. Assessment of geotechnical information

5.1. Recommended values of allowable bearing pressure according to NP112-2014

The allowable bearing pressure \bar{p}_{conv} [kPa] presented in this chapter is in accordance with **Appendix D, NP 112-2014**. These values are valid for a foundation width of **B = 1.00 m** and a final depth of **D_f = 2.00 m**. For other dimensions of foundations, or other depths corrections factors according to the norm must be applied. The values for allowable bearing pressure were determinate based on plasticity index (I_p), consistency index (I_c) and void ratio (e).

Table 14. Allowable bearing pressure

Lithological complex	recommended \bar{p}_{conv} [kPa]
<i>Clayey alluvial layer</i>	350
<i>Weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	250
<i>Granular alluvial layer</i>	550

This allowable bearing pressure can be used for **predesigning of foundation**, or even for **final design**, only if all conditions for **Table I4** from **NP112-2014** norm are respected. If conditions from Table I4 cannot be respected, the allowable bearing pressure must be determined according to **SR EN 1997-1-2004** and **NP 112-2014**, based on bearing capacity of the soil and settlement limitations.

These allowable bearing pressures are used in general for foundation of buildings, and not for foundations of solar farms, but can be used without a problem if the conformation of a designed foundation is similar to one of a building.

5.2. Recommended values

Through this geotechnical report, for each intercepted lithostratigraphy layer were realized the statistical processing of laboratory results.

In accordance with NP074-2022, appendix C, chapter 2.4, paragraph g) during the geotechnical design, shall be determined and used the characteristic values and appropriated calculations of geotechnical parameters, based on the values presented in the geotechnical study, in accordance with NP 122. These values will be chosen depending on the designed geotechnical structure and the analyzed limit states.

The recommended values presented in Table 15 are values chosen in accordance with statistical processing and the observations during the geotechnical investigations (field descriptions, laboratory primary descriptions etc.), to provide an overview for the identified lithological layers.

Table 15. Recommended values

	Water content	Plasticity index	Consistency index	Bulk unit weight	Saturated unit weight	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Free swelling	Oedometric deformation modulus	Swelling pressure	Effective angle of friction	Effective cohesion	Post-peak eff. angle of friction	Post-peak eff. cohesion	Undrained shear strength	Relative density	Internal friction angle	Linear deformation
	w	I _p	I _c	γ	γ _{sat}	e	S _r	U _L	E ₂₀₀₋₃₀₀	P _u	φ'	c'	φ' _{pp}	c' _{pp}	c _u	D _R *	φ'*	E _s *
	[%]	-	-	[kN/m ³]	[kN/m ³]	-	[%]	[%]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]	[°]	[kPa]	[kPa]	[%]	[°]	[kPa]
Alluvial layer	19	21	0,78	19,2	19,9	0,6	90	100	14700	9,4	27,5	27,4	26,8	18,3	-	-	-	-
Weak alluvial layer	20	16	0.6	18.9	19.8	0.7	77	70	6200	5	26.5	14	24.7	6	90	-	-	-
Granular alluvial layer	11	-	-	21.9*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	73	38	53700

*Values derived from SPT and DPH tests

5.3. Final classifications of geotechnical category

The final classification of geotechnical category is made in accordance with **NP 074 – 2022**. The final score for this phase of investigation is showed in Table 16.

Table 16. The final classification in geotechnical category (NP 074-2022)

Factors considered	Description	Reason	Score
Field conditions	Medium soils	Soils with low activity regarding swelling and contraction	3
Groundwater	No dewatering	Infiltration groundwater level $2.40 \div 6.0080$ m	1
Classification of the construction according to its relevance category	Normal	In accordance with Terms of reference	3
Vicinities	Without risks	the proposed construction does not represent a risk for the neighbors	1
Geotechnical risk points corresponding to the seismic area, having the value of land acceleration for design $a(g)$ defined in P100-1/2013 Code		$a_g < 0,15$	1
Total scoring			9
Geotechnical category			1

5.4. Framing land categories stipulated by the regulations relating to earth works

Framing the land for earth works is done according to Table 17:

Table 17. Land framing in estimate norms according to Romanian legislation - TS - MLPAT 1994

Soil type	Position in Guide	Manual excavation	Mechanized excavation	Medium bulk density (in excavation) kg/cm	Loosening after excavation%
Topsoil until 0,30 m depth	3	Easy	I	1200-1400	14-28
sandy CLAY with a maximum 10% gravel content	10	Hard	II	1600-1800	26-32
sandy GRAVEL	18	Hard	II	1750-2000	14-28
silty SAND	13	Medium	II	1500-1700	8-17
Clay in general	27	Very hard	II	1800-2000	24-30

5.5. Foundation conditions for future construction

The chapters below present the recommendations regarding the minimum foundation depth, the related foundation layer, and the foundation system for each work purpose.

Table 18. Depths / foundation layer

Minimum depth foundation Designed Ground Level	Foundation layer	Foundation system	Observations
-2,00 m (zone FS01, FS02, FS03)	<i>Weak clayey alluvial layer</i>	Direct foundation Continuous, isolated	Direct foundation on topsoil is not recommended
-2,00 m (zone FS04, FS05, FS06, FS07)	<i>Clayey alluvial layer</i>	Depending on the structural system	A foundation depth between 1,1 m and 2,00 m can be chosen if mentions from NP126-2010 regarding foundations in seasonal variation zone are being respected.

* The clayey alluvial layer is considered a PUCM soil, so compliance with the provisions of the NP 126-10 norm – "Normative on the foundation of constructions on land with large swelling and contractions" will be pursued.

Frost susceptibility evaluation and quality assessment of soils identified as terracing material

The classification of the intercepted soil types regarding frost susceptibility and quality as earthworks material was done for each identified lithology type according to **SR EN ISO 14688-1/ 2004, STAS 2914- 1984 and STAS 1709/ 2-90**. For lithologies where no samples were analyzed, the classification was based on field and laboratory description of the samples and on assimilation with similar samples for which laboratory analyses were performed.

Table 19. Frost susceptibility evaluation and quality assessment of soils identified as terracing material

ID	Layer thickness [m]	Lithostratigraphic units	Symbol	Soil quality as terracing material	Soil type	Frost sensitivity
			STAS 2914- 1984		STAS 1709/ 2-90	
FS01	0.30	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	2.10	weak clayey alluvial layer	4a	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	1.60	granular alluvial layer	3a/3b	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	4.00	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS02	0.20	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	3.40	weak clayey alluvial layer	4a	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	4.40	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS03	0.30	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	4.00	weak clayey alluvial layer	4b	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	3.70	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS04+ DPH	0,80	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	1,60	clayey alluvial layer	4a	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	1,40	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS05+ DPH	0,70	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	1,60	clayey alluvial layer	4b	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	1,20	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS06+ DPH	3,00	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	0,90	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive
FS07+ DPH	0,40	topsoil layer	4a/4d	Bad/Medium	P5	Very sensible
	2,80	clayey alluvial layer	4b	Medium	P5	Very sensible
	0,70	granular alluvial layer	1b	Very good	P1	Insensitive

5.5.1. Constructive measures in case of foundations at the minimum foundation depth (NP126-2010):

- The entering and leaving water pipes on the buildings shall be provided with elastic and watertight connections when crossing walls or foundations. It is advisable that inside the buildings the pipes will be mounted in the basement, respectively on the first level in the case of constructions are without a basement. So, they are accessible for the periodical control to be carried out, or for reparations that can be carried out as soon as any leakage is detected.
- Making airtight sidewalks around the buildings with a minimum width of 1.00 m, to be laid on a 20.0 cm thick layer of stabilized soil with a slope of 5% outwards. To be airtight, the pavement can be made of poured asphalt or stone or concrete slabs with cement mortar or bituminous mask.
- The building annexes (staircases, terraces, etc.) shall be found at the same depth as the respective constructions, to avoid their degradation due to different settlements or swelling from one point to another. Depending on the tendencies and possibilities of ground deformation by shrinkage or swelling, they will either be directly connected to the building by rigid tie or will be completely separated and treated independently.
- Drainage of surface water and landscaping of the surrounding land with outward drainage slopes. Roof drainage should be provided by downpipes, specially designed for this purpose, with secured outlets and preferably directly into the sewerage system. Vertical systematization measures should avoid stagnation of surface water at distances of less than 10,0 m around each building.

Constructive measures in case of foundation at a depth included in the seasonal humidity variation zone (NP126-2010) – The case of foundation at 1.50 m compared to stabilized ground surface:

- Making airtight sidewalks around the buildings with a minimum width of 1.50 m, to be laid on a 20.0 cm thick layer of stabilized soil.
- To reduce ground swelling, increase the effective pressure on the foundation to match the swelling pressure determined from multiple oedometric tests, without surpassing the ground's bearing capacity.
- The construction of supporting structures or constructive measures to take up the non-uniform loads or displacements caused by the moistening or drying of the foundation layer, such as the construction of steel reinforced concrete belts, continuous along the entire length of the exterior and interior walls, load bearing or load bearing, located at each level of the construction, including the base.

5.5.2. General recommendations for execution of foundations for future buildings

Recommendations for execution of excavations and supports.

When carrying out excavations for foundations, the following should be considered:

- maintaining the natural balance around the foundation pit or existing foundations for a sufficient distance so as not to jeopardize neighboring installations and constructions.
- When concrete is not poured into the foundation immediately after finishing the execution of the excavation, in water-sensitive soils, the digging will be stopped at a

higher elevation than the final elevation to prevent changes in the physical and mechanical characteristics of the layer under the base of the foundation.

The need to support the walls of the foundation excavations will be determined considering the depth of the excavation, the nature, homogeneity, stratification, cohesion, crack intensity, ground humidity, the groundwater flow rate, the weather and climatic conditions during the execution of the excavation works, and the execution technology adopted.

Excavations of long lengths for foundations shall be organized in such a way that, at any stage of work, the bottom of the excavation is inclined to one or more points, to ensure water collection during execution.

It will be considered that the exhaust works do not produce changes in the stability of the earth massifs in their area of influence, or damage due to the underside of the neighboring installations, constructions and building elements.

Collection wells shall not be placed under the foundations of buildings or heavy machinery or plants for drainage purposes.

Excavations to be carried out with excavators may not exceed the designed excavation profile in any case. For this purpose, the excavation should stop 20-30 cm above the final excavation profile, the difference being executed with other mechanical equipment (bulldozers, rakes) or manually.

In the case of water sensitive surfaces, the foundation excavation shall stop at a higher level than the one specified in the project, as follows:

- for fine sands 0,20 to 0,30 m.
- for clayey soils 0,15 to 0,25 m.
- for wetting sensitive soil 0,40 to 0,50 m.

Digging and finishing this layer will be done immediately before the start of the execution of the foundation.

In case of shallow wetting, due to unforeseen atmospheric precipitation, the bottom of the foundation pit should be allowed to wrinkle before the start of work on the execution of the foundation (concreting), and if the wetting is strong, the mud layer will be removed.

In case of excavations near existing or ongoing constructions, special measures will be provided by the project to ensure their stability (support for existing foundations or constructions, underbuilding in case of deeper excavations, etc.).

If these works have been omitted from the project, the contractor is not absolved of the obligation to investigate the existing foundations and immediately take measures to ensure the stability of these constructions, immediately notifying the beneficiary and the designer of the work to establish the appropriate measures.

Excavations above groundwater level with unsupported vertical walls

Excavations with unsupported vertical walls can be carried out with depths up to:

- 0,75 m in the case of non-cohesive and weakly cohesive soils.
- 1,25 m for medium cohesion soil.
- 2,00 m for very cohesive soil.

In the case of excavations with unsupported vertical walls, the following measures shall be taken to maintain the stability of the banks:

- The land around the excavation is not allowed to be loaded and does not suffer vibration.
- The soil resulting from digging should not be deposited at less than 1,00 m from the edge of the foundation pit; for excavations up to 1.00 m deep, the distance can be taken equal to the depth of the excavation.
- Measures shall be taken to remove rapidly the rainwater or accidental waters.
- If, for unforeseen reasons, the foundations are not poured immediately after excavation has been completed and phenomena indicating a danger of subsidence are observed, measures will be taken to support the wall in the area in question or to convert them into walls with a slope.

The constructor is obliged to monitor the appearance and development of longitudinal cracks parallel to the edge of the excavation which may indicate the beginning of bank subsidence and to take measures to prevent accidents.

Excavations above groundwater level with walls in the slope

These excavations can be carried out in any kind of terrain under the following conditions:

- The soil has a natural humidity of 12-18% and conditions are provided so that it does not grow.
- foundation excavation does not stay open for long.

Table 20. Bank slope depending on depth.

Nature of soil	up to 3 m	greater than 3 m
tg B = h/b		tg B = h/b
sand, gravel	1/1,25	1/1,50
clayey sand	1/0,67	1/1
sandy clay	1/0,67	1/0,75
clay	1/0,50	1/0,67
loess	1/0,50	1/0,75

In the rest of the cases, excavations can only be done under the protection of supports.

5.5.3. Design of surface foundations

The following boundary conditions must be considered in the geotechnical design of surface foundations:

A) GEO-type ultimate limit states, characterized by:

- loss of general stability.

-
- exhaustion of bearing capacity, failure by punching.
 - failure by sliding.
 - combined ground failure.
 - combined failure in ground and structure.

B) The STR-type ultimate limit state, characterized by large, amortized displacements of the foundations, may manifest in structural failure.

At the ultimate limit state, the design model should simulate the failure mechanism as best as possible:

- For the calculation of the bearing capacity, the method based on an analytical calculation model presented in Annex F to NP 112 is used.
- For the verification against failure by sloping on the base, which must be carried out when the loading is not normal on the base of the foundation, the method presented in point. I.6.2 of NP 112.

C) Limit states of service may be manifested by:

- excessive settlement.
- excessive ground lift due to swelling, frost, and other causes.
- unacceptable vibration.

At the limit state of operation, a settlement calculation is required. The calculation methods used are:

- The method of cumulated settlement on elementary layers (Appendix H to NP 112).
- Methods based on solutions from elasticity theory for the calculation of settlement (Appendix F to SR EN 1997-1), respectively for the calculation of the slope of rectangular, circular, or continuous foundations (Appendix H to NP 112).

When executing the works, the dispositions of the current legislation regarding the quality, durability, stability, and safety in functioning of constructions and installations related to Law no. 10/1995 will be respected.

6. Bibliography

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ANEXA 1

CONȚINUT:

- *Tema pentru elaborarea studiului geotehnic*

TERMS OF REFERENCE

to perform geological surveys for Glodeni 2 Solar power plant in Romania:

List of basic data and requirements	Basic data and scope of requirements
1. Full name of the object	Glodeni 2 Solar Farm 49.9 MW AC
2. Location of the object (by administrative division)	Municipality Voivodeni and Glodeni, County Mures, Romania
3. The customer	DTEK RENEWABLES INTERNATIONAL B.V..
4. Design stage	Proiect Tehnic (P.T.) stage Detalii de Executie (D.E.) stage
5. Information on the availability of materials of engineering and geological surveys of previous years	Provided by the Customer. There is a geotechnical report for Glodeni Solar Farm, Glodeni village, Mures county and for SS Glodeni 110/33kV (Cadastral number is 50606), performed by SAIDEL Engineering SA in 2023.
6. Special requirements for research results	<p><u>Solar farm:</u></p> <p>It is planned to drill boreholes with total quantity 60 psc.</p> <p>The depth of each borehole is up to 5 m below ground level, evenly distributed over the site with a grid pattern with points at not more than 150 m distance.</p> <p>In case no stable soil is identified after 5 m, the drilling shall be extended until stable soil is detected.</p> <p>The number of samples should be -2 undisturbed samples, 2 disturbed samples but not less than three samples for each geological layer.</p> <p>On undisturbed samples, also the flooded test for determination of the Loess layers shall be carried out (if any).</p> <p><u>Access Roads:</u></p> <p>For the investigation of the solar plant access roads, it is necessary to carry out one drilling of at least 500 m, so we have 3 drillings. These drillings shall reach a depth of 5 m, and 2 disturbed soil samples shall be taken from each drilling but not less than two samples for each geological layer.</p> <p><u>The SPP Substation (Cadastral number is 50605):</u></p> <p>In the area of The SPP Substation three boreholes of 8 m depth with disturbed and undisturbed samples (2 undisturbed samples, 2 disturbed samples but not less than three samples for each geological layer).</p> <p>The exact locations of boreholes and should be clarified and agreed with the Customer before execution of works.</p> <p><u>General requirements to Geotechnical survey:</u></p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Perform for each layer of soil at least three times the full set of physical and mechanical properties of soils with shear and compression tests, as well as the list but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Natural humidity (W) ✓ Plasticity index (Ip) ✓ Plastic limit (Wp) ✓ Liquidity index (I_L) at natural humidity and full water-saturated state ✓ Liquidity limit (wL). ✓ Soil void ratio (e) ✓ Degree of humidity (Sr) ✓ Density (ρ_l, ρ_{II}) ✓ Density of dry soil (ρ_d) ✓ Static modulus of deformation (E) ✓ Angle of shearing of soil (ϕ_I, ϕ_{II}) ✓ Ground cohesion (c_I, c_{II}) - For soils with special properties (if any) additionally determine (depending on the properties), but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Relative swelling deformation (Esw) ✓ Humidity relative swelling deformation (Wsw) ✓ Soil swelling pressure (Psw) ✓ Initial subsidence pressure of forest-like subsidence soil (Psl) ✓ The angle of internal friction of water-saturated forest-like subsidence soil (ϕ_{sat}) ✓ Specific adhesion of water-saturated forest-like subsidence soil (Csat) ✓ Module of deformation of water-saturated forest-like subsidence soil (Esat) ✓ Other physical and mechanical properties in a state of complete water saturation ✓ Provide a calculation of the type of soil conditions for subsidence - Perform a standard chemical analysis of groundwater (if available) and chemical analysis of water extract from the soil (soil aggressiveness) of at least 10 samples at Solar Farm plot and at least 3 samples of groundwater at SS plot in order to determine its aggressiveness on concrete and metal. <p>Soil and groundwater corrosion tests:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Specific electrical resistance of the soil (Electrical Resistivity) • Oxidation-Reduction Potential(ORP) • Chloride content (Cl) • Sulfide content (S²⁻) • Sulfate content (SO₄) • Sulphate and chloride concentration in H₂O-extract • Sulphate concentration in the HCl-extract • Redox potential • Acid and base capacity • pH (H₂O)
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	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • other, required by national standards <p>Define the soil corrosivity class by I, II III according to follow the norm DIN 50929-3:2018-03 or other local requirements.</p> <p>Indicate groundwater chemical aggressiveness on concrete and metal, according to SR 13510:2006.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Make engineering - geological sections according to geological research to make decisions on the location and design of roads and transformers foundations; - Provide recommendations on the types of foundations, the depth of their laying, types of earthworks, etc.
7. Special requirements for documentation	<p>The geotechnical report shall be split into two parts; the first part is written in English language and shall contain a short description of the field campaign, the measured results and the recommendations and findings for the foundation design. The second part, which is written in English and in Romanian language, will contain all the detailed results like drillings logs, sounding profiles, laboratory soil test, etc. pp. The second report will be already proofed and verified by a Romanian geotechnical expert, who is allowed to check and stamp the report.</p> <p>All graphic documents must be provided to the Customer in the *.dwg format</p>

Annexes:

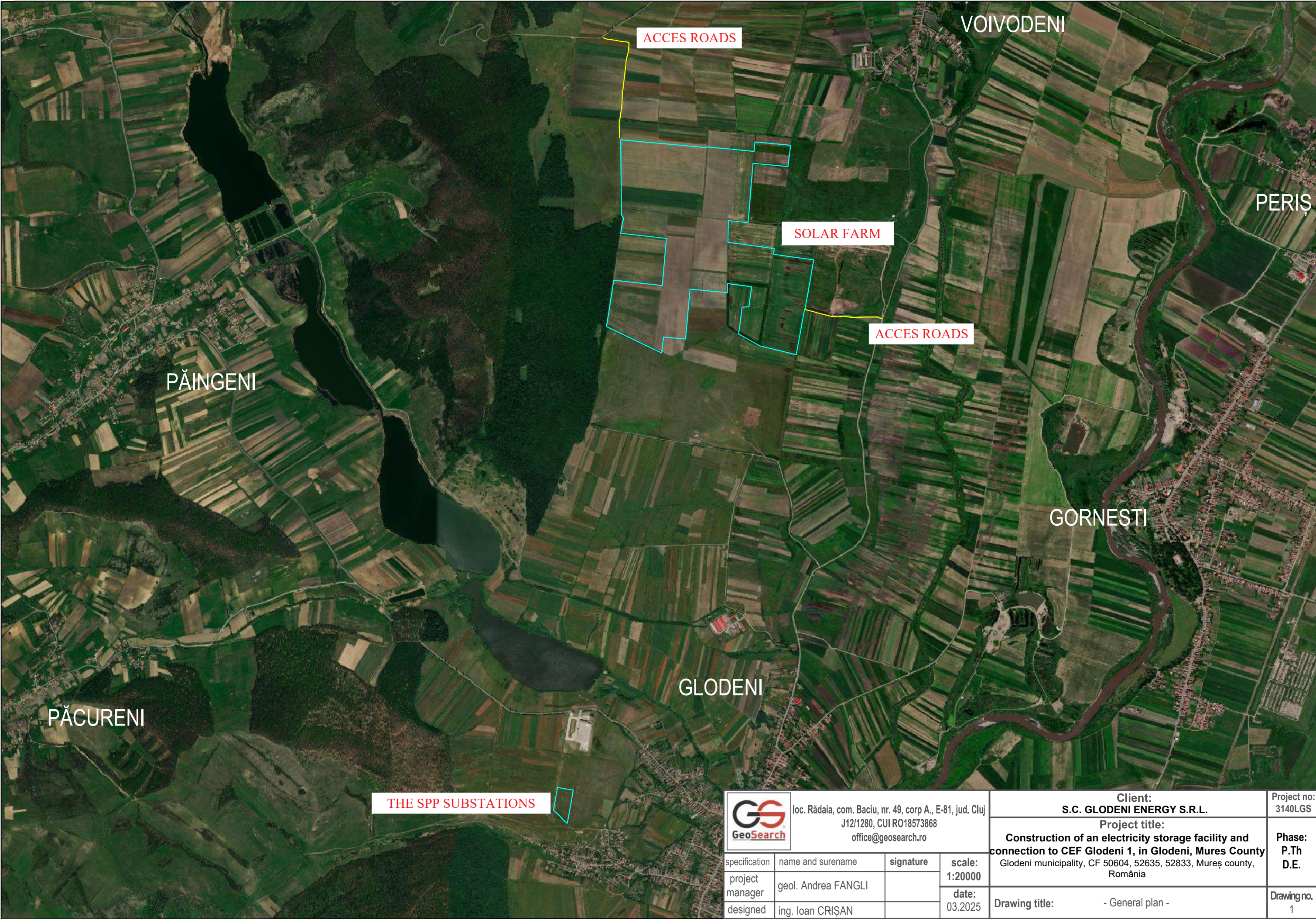
1 Solar Plant Map.

2 Topographic plan with boreholes at the Substations

APPENDIX 2

Content

- *General Plan*

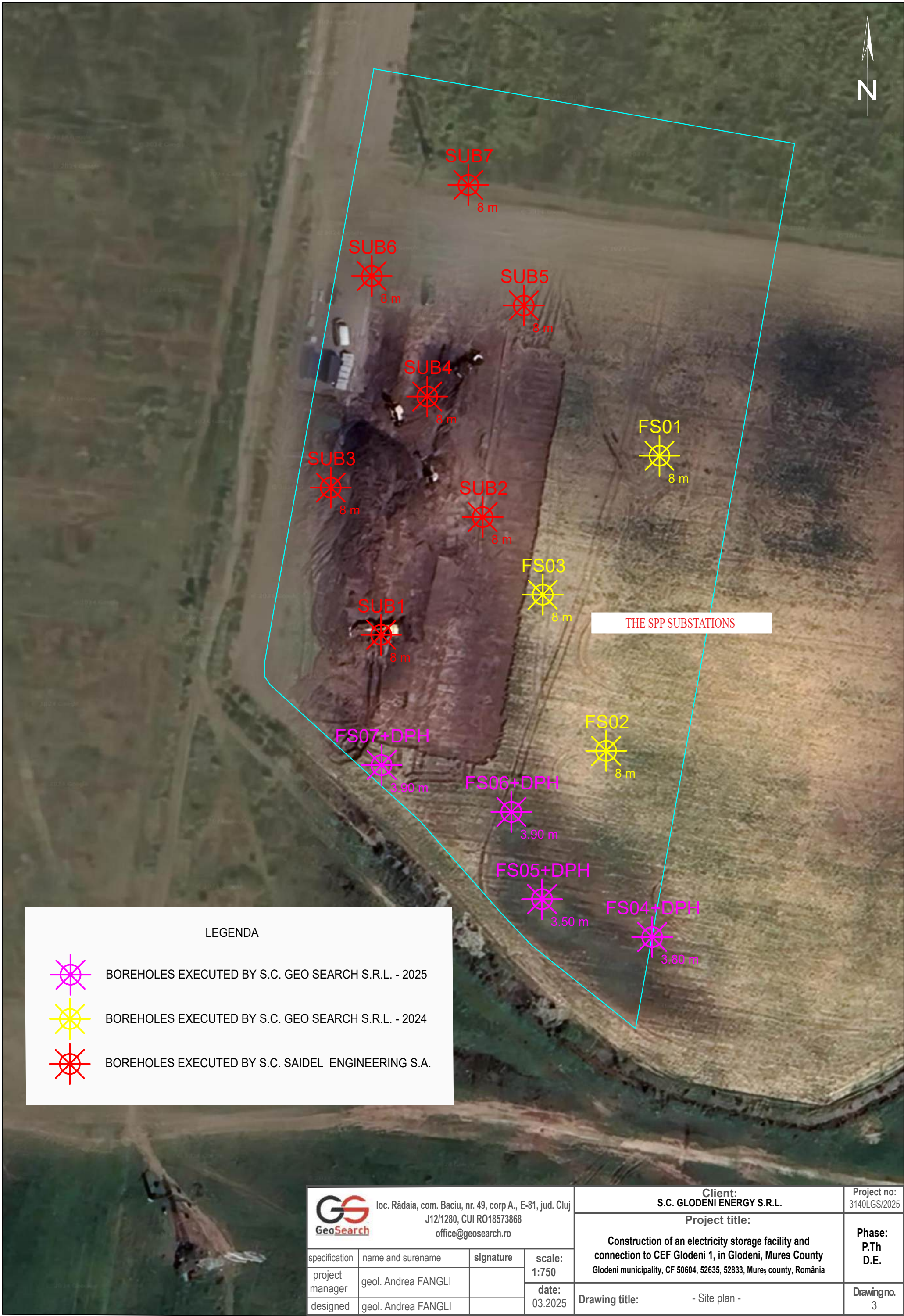


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				Project title: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county, România		Phase: P.Th D.E.
specification	name and surname	signature	scale: 1:20000	Drawing title: - General plan -		Drawing no. 1
project manager	geol. Andrea FANGLI		date: 03.2025			
designed	ing. Ioan CRIȘAN					

APPENDIX 3

Content

- *Site Plan*



LEGENDA




- BOREHOLES EXECUTED BY S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L. - 2025
- BOREHOLES EXECUTED BY S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L. - 2024
- BOREHOLES EXECUTED BY S.C. SAIDEL ENGINEERING S.A.

<div><div><div><div><div><div></div><div>GS</div></div><div>GeoSearch</div></div></div><div>loc. Rădaia, com. Baci, nr. 49, corp A., E-81, jud. Cluj J12/1280, CUI RO18573868 office@geosearch.ro</div></div></div>				Client: S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.		Project no: 3140LGS/2025
				Project title: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureş county, România		Phase: P.Th D.E.
specification	name and surname	signature	scale: 1:750	Drawing title: - Site plan -		Drawing no. 3
project manager	geol. Andrea FANGLI		date: 03.2025			
designed	geol. Andrea FANGLI					

APPENDIX 4

CONTENT:


- *Borehole logs and columns*

COORD. (STEREO 70, Marea Neagră)			FIȘA FORAJULUI NR. / BOREHOLE LOG NO.: FS01															COD / CODE: 2819LGS/2024										<div> GeoSearch®</div>						
X: 469296.3	Y: 573030.76	Z: 362.0 m	CLIENT: S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.																															
DATA ÎNCEPERE START DATE		DATA FINALIZARE FINISH DATE		PROIECT/PROJECT: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County																														
25-Jan-2024		25-Jan-2024		AMPLASAMENT/ LOCATION: Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county, România																														
Scara/Scale: 1:100			Adâncime/Depth	Cotă/Elevation	Complex geotehnic Geotechnical unit	Nivel apă/Groundwater level	SPT – N60	Descriere detaliată Layer description	Cod probă	Argilă	Praf	Nisip	Pietriș	Umiditate naturală	Limita de curgere	Limita de plasticitate	Indice de plasticitate	Indice de consistență	Greutatea vol. naturală	Indicele porilor	Gradul de saturație	Umflarea liberă	Unghi de forfecare internă efectiv	Coeziune efectivă	Unghi de forf. int. ef. post-cedare	Coeziune efectivă post-cedare	Modul edometric (200 kPa-300 kPa)	Oed. modulus (200 kPa-300 kPa)	Presiunea de umflare	Rez. la forfecare nedrenată	Rez. la forfecare nedrenată - SPT	Unghi de forfecare internă ef. - SPT	Modul de deformare linear - SPT	Grad de îndesare
-	Cl	Si							Sa	Gr	w	wL	wP	Ip	Ic	γ	e	Sr	UL	φ	c	φpc	cpc	M2-3	pu	cu	cu-SPT	φ-SPT	Es	ID				
-	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	-	kN/m3	-	%	%	°	kPa	°	kPa	MPa	kPa	kPa	kPa	°	MPa	%										
0	362	ts			0.0 – 0.3m: TOPSOIL: firm, brown sandy silty CLAY																													
1	361	w-cl-al			0.3 – 2.4m: firm, low plasticity yellowish-brown sandy CLAY																													
2	360																																	
3	359	gr-al	NAS 2.4	17.3	2.4 – 4.0m: low plasticity, yellowish-brown clayey SAND with gravel	42672	31.15	25.42	43.18	0.25	19.62	29.93	12.78	17.15	0.6	18.64	0.72	74	50	27.32	8.32	26.33	5.72	6.2	0.0	-	-	-	-	31.3	10.3	56		
4	358																																	
5	357																																	
6	356	gr-al		59.2	4.0 – 8.0m: very dense (DR=85%), brown sandy silty GRAVEL with cobble	42674	14.22	16.45	44.28	25.05	17.2	-	-	-	-	20.28	0.55	85	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	41.0	58.7	85	
7	355																																	
8																																		

Bază foraj/Total depth: 8.0 m
 Observații/Notes: *Valori derivate din încercarea SPT/SPT derived values



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FS01



FS02



FS03



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COORD. (STEREO 70, Marea Neagră)

FIȘA FORAJULUI NR. / BOREHOLE LOG NO.: FS05+DPH

COD / CODE: 3140LGS/2025

X: 469269.75

Y: 572930.51

Z: –

CLIENT: S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

PROIECT/PROJECT: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County

AMPLASAMENT/ LOCATION: Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county, România

DATA ÎNCEPERE
START DATE

21-Mar-2025

DATA FINALIZARE
FINISH DATE

21-Mar-2025

Scara/Scale: 1:100

Adâncime/Depth

Cotă/Elevation

Complex geotehnic

Geotechnical unit

Nivel apă/Groundwater level

SPT – N60

Descriere detaliată

Layer description

Cod probă

Sample code

Suma totală părți fine ≤0,063 mm

Total of fine particles ≤0,063 mm

Argilă

Clay

Praf

Silt

Nisip

Sand

Pietriș

Gravel

Umiditate naturală

Water content

Limita de curgere

Liquid limit

Limita de plasticitate

Plastic limit

Indice de plasticitate

Plasticity index

Indice de consistență

Consistency index

Greutatea vol. naturală

Bulk unit weight

Greutatea volumică în stare saturată

Saturated unit weight

Indicele porilor

Void ratio

Gradul de saturație

Degree of saturation

Umflarea liberă

Free swelling

Modul edometric (200-300 kPa)

Oed. modulus (200-300 kPa)

Presiunea de umflare

Swelling pressure

Unghi de forf. int. efectiv

Effective angle of friction

Coeziune efectivă

Effective cohesion

Unghi de forf. int. ef. post-cedare

Post-peak eff. angle of friction

Coeziune efectivă post-cedare

Post-peak eff. cohesion

Modul de def. linear

Soil modulus

Unghi de forfecare internă ef. - SPT

Effective angle of friction - SPT

Grad de îndesare

Relative density

-

-

fine

%

Cl

%

Si

%

Sa

%

Gr

%

w

%

wL

%

wP

%

Ip

%

Ic

-

γ

kN/m3

ysat

kN/m3

e

-

Sr

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UL

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M2-3

kPa

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kPa

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kPa

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°

cpc

kPa

Es

kPa

φ-SPT

°

ID

%

0

1

2

3

Fără cotă / Without elevation

ts

cl-al-ly

gr-al-ly

0.0 – 0.7m: TOPSOIL: brown sandy clay with vegetal reamins

0.7 – 2.3m: stiff, medium plasticity, greyish-brown sandy CLAY, locally gravel intercalations

2.3 – 3.5m: dense (DR=85%), brown sandy GRAVEL. Extrapolated based on DPH tests, executed in the follow-up of borehole

47591

47592

-

-

40.12

25.01

31.73

3.14

20.37

38.37

15.27

23.1

0.78

19.57

20.03

0.62

88

80

-

-

14286

0.4

-

-

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-

Bază foraj/Total depth: 3.5 m

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DATA ÎNCEPERE START DATE		DATA FINALIZARE FINISH DATE		PROIECT/PROJECT: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County																														
21-Mar-2025		21-Mar-2025		AMPLASAMENT/ LOCATION: Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county, România																														
Scara/Scale: 1:100																																		
Adâncime/Depth	Cotă/Elevation	Complex geotehnic	Geotechnical unit	Nivel apă/Groundwater level	SPT – N60	Descriere detaliată Layer description	Cod probă Sample code	Suma totală părți fine ≤0.063 mm Total of fine particles ≤0.063 mm	Argilă Clay	Praf Silt	Nisip Sand	Pietriș Gravel	Umiditate naturală Water content	Limita de curgere Liquid limit	Limita de plasticitate Plastic limit	Indice de plasticitate Plasticity index	Indice de consistență Consistency index	Greutatea vol. naturală Bulk unit weight	Greutatea volumică în stare saturată Saturated unit weight	Indicele porilor Void ratio	Gradul de saturație Degree of saturation	Umflarea liberă Free swelling	Modul edometric (200-300 kPa) Oed. modulus (200-300 kPa)	Presiunea de umflare Swelling pressure	Unghi de forf. int. efectiv Effective angle of friction	Coeziune efectivă Effective cohesion	Unghi de forf. int. ef. post-cedere Post-peak eff. angle of friction	Coeziune efectivă post-cedere Post-peak eff. cohesion	Modul de def. linear Soil modulus	Unghi de forfecare internă ef. - SPT Effective angle of friction - SPT	Grad de îndesare Relative density			
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	kN/m3	kN/m3	-	%	%	M2-3 kPa	pu kPa	φ °	c kPa	φpc °	cpc kPa	Es kPa	φ-SPT °	ID %			
0																																		
Fără cotă / Without elevation	ts	cl-al-ly	gr-al-ly			0.0 – 0.4m: TOPSOIL: brown sandy clay with vegetal reamins 0.4 – 3.2m: firm, low plasticity, brown sandy CLAY																												
							47595	-	54.31	31.85	13.84	-	25.2	46.87	17.69	29.18	0.74	18.76	19.15	0.74	90	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							47596	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15152	9.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3																																		
3.2 – 3.9m: dense (DR=85%), brown sandy GRAVEL. Extrapolated based on DPH tests, executed in the follow-up of borehole																																		

INTOCMITOR STUDIU GEOTEHNIC SAIDEL Engineering SA GEOTECHNICAL REPORT ISSUER										Fișa Forajului Borehole Log										SUB1 Page 1/1										LUCRAREA PROJECT Glodeni Solar Farm																
BENEFICIAR BENEFICIARY GLODENI ENERGY SRL										REZULTATELE ANALIZELOR DE LABORATOR LABORATORY TEST RESULTS										ADRESA ADDRESS Glodeni village, Mures county																										
CONTRACT nr. CONTRACT no.										22-SENG-37-SG/19.09.2022										DATA FINALIZĂRII FORAJULUI DATE OF BOREHOLE FINALIZATION										21.10.2022																
Diametri foraj		Cota fata de:		Grosimea stratului	Adancimea apei subterane	Stratificatia	DENUMIREA STRATULUI	Borcan Stut Carota		Compozitie granulometrica (d. in mm)					Coeficientul de neuniformitate	Limitele Atterberg		Indicele de plasticitate	Umiditatea	Indicele de consistenta	Gradul si/sau capacitatea de indesare	Greutatea volumica	Greutatea volumica in stare uscata	Porozitatea	Indicele porilor	Gradul de umiditate	Contractilitatea			Compresibilitatea										Rezistenta la forfecare			Test forfecare cu palete/ Penetrometru de buzunar			
		Numarul probeilor	Adancimea					Argila	Praf	Nisip	Pietris	Bolovanis	Blocuri	Limita de curgere		Limita de plasticitate	Indicele de plasticitate										Indicele de activitate	Umflarea libera	Presiunea de umflare	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Modulul de deformate edometrica	Tasare specifica la 200 kPa	Coef. compresibilitate volumica 200-300 kPa	Coeficientul de compresibilitate 200-300 kPa	Coeficient de consolidare 200-300 kPa	Tasarea specifica supl. prin umezire	Tipul determinarii	Unghiul de frecare int.		Coeziunea kPa	Tipul determinarii	
mm	rMN	m	m	m	m			m	0.002	0.0063	2.00	63.00	200.00	630.00	$\frac{U_{max}}{d_{60}}$	W_L %	W_P %	I_P %	w %	I_c	$\frac{I_D}{C_u}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	n %	e	Sr	I_a	U_L %	P_u kPa	Moed 50-100 MPa	Moed 100-200 MPa	Moed 200-300 MPa	Moed 300-500 MPa	Moed 500-800 MPa	Moed 800-1600 MPa	ϵ_{200} %	m_v MPa ⁻¹	a_v MPa ⁻¹	$c_v = \frac{e_0}{1+e_0}$	$i_{m_{200}}$ %	Ed. I./ Ed. N/ Ed. 1300	Φ	c kPa	UU/ CU/ CD	$\frac{q_{tip}}{c_{tip}^{min}}$ (kPa) / $\frac{q_{tip}}{c_{tip}^{min}}$ (kPa)	
Level vs:				Borehole diameter	Black Sea Level	Bore-hole (pit)	Stratum thickness	Underground water depth	Stratification	STRATUM DESCRIPTION	Particle size distribution				Non-uniformity coefficient	Atterberg's limits		Plasticity index	Moisture content	Consistency index	Compaction degree	Compaction capacity	Unit weight	Unit dry weight	Porosity	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Shrinkage swelling			Compressibility										Shear strength		Miniature Vane test/ Pocket penetrometer			
											Jar	Tube	Core			Liquid limit	Plastic limit											Activity index	Unconfined swelling	Swelling pressure	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Specific settlement at 200 kPa	Coefficient of volume compressibility 200-300 kPa	Coefficient of compressibility	Coefficient of consolidation at 200-300 kPa	Addit. spec. settl by wetting	Type of test		Angle of int. friction	Cohesion kPa	Type of test
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	
Ø = 127 mm						Argilă prăfoasă, nisipoasă, cafenie/ Brownish sandy silty clay,	1	1.00	28	31	41					53.3	19.8	33.5	21	1							1.2																			
	+358.67	-3.00	3.00			Pietriș cu nisip, mediu, cenușiu/ Grayish gravel with sand, medium	2	3.00	29	35	36								16.2																											
	+355.27	-6.40	3.40			Argilă prăfoasă, cu oxizi de Fe și Mn, cenușiu/ Greyish silty clay, with iron and manganese oxides	3	6.00	7	11	17	65							3.4																											
	+353.67	-8.00	1.60				4	6.00	32	58	10					46.3	20.4	25.9	25	0.8							0.8																			

[illegible]

INTOCMITOR STUDIU GEOTEHNIC GEOTECHNICAL REPORT ISSUER										SAIDEL Engineering SA										Fișa Forajului Borehole Log										SUB3 Page 1/1										LUCRAREA PROJECT										Glodeni Solar Farm									
BENEFICIAR BENEFICIARY										GLODENI ENERGY SRL										REZULTATELE ANALIZELOR DE LABORATOR LABORATORY TEST RESULTS										ADRESA ADDRESS										Glodeni village, Mures county																			
CONTRACT nr. CONTRACT no.										22-SENG-37-SG/19.09.2022																				DATA FINALIZĂRII FORAJULUI DATE OF BOREHOLE FINALIZATION										21.10.2022																			
Diametru foraj		Cota fata de:		Grosimea stratului	Adancimea apei subterane	Stratificatia	DENUMIREA STRATULUI	<input type="checkbox"/> Borecan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stut <input type="checkbox"/> Carota		Compozitie granulometrica (d. in mm)					Coeficientul de neuniformitate	Limitele Atterberg		Indicele de plasticitate	Umiditatea	Indicele de consistenta	Gradul si/sau capacitatea de indusare	Greutatea volumica	Greutatea volumica in stare uscata	Porozitatea	Indicele porilor	Gradul de umiditate	Contractilitatea			Compresibilitatea												Rezistenta la forfecare			Test forfecare cu palete/ Penetrometru de buzunar														
		Numarul probei	Adancimea					Argila	Praf	Nisip	Pietris	Bolovanis	Blocuri	Limita de curgere		Limita de plasticitate	Indicele de activitate										Umflarea libera	Presiunea de umflare	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Modulul de deformate elastomerica	Tasare specifica la 200 kPa	Coef. compresibilitate volumica 200-300 kPa	Coeficientul de compresibilitate 200-300 kPa	Coeficient de consolidare 200-300 kPa	Tasarea specifica supl. prin umezire	Tipul determinarii	Unghiul de frecare int.	Coeziunea kPa	Tipul determinarii																
mm	rMN	m	m	m	m			m		0.002	0.0063	2.00	63.00	200.00	630.00	$\frac{U_{max}}{d_{60}}$	W_L %	W_P %	I_P %	w %	I_c	$\frac{I_D}{C_i}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	n %	e	Sr	I_a	U_L %	P_u kPa	Modul 50-100 MPa	Modul 100-200 MPa	Modul 200-300 MPa	Modul 300-500 MPa	Modul 500-800 MPa	Modul 800-1600 MPa	ϵ_{200} %	m_v MPa ⁻¹	a_v MPa ⁻¹	c_v $\frac{m^2}{s}$	$i_{m_{100}}$ %	Ed. L/ Ed. N/ Ed. 1300	Φ	c kPa	UU/ CU/ CD	$\frac{q_{tip}}{A_{tip}}$ (kPa) / $\frac{q_{tip}}{A_{tip}}$ (kPa)													
Level vs:									<input type="checkbox"/> Jar <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tube <input type="checkbox"/> Core	Particle size distribution						Atterberg's limits												Shrinkage swelling			Compressibility												Shear strength																
Borehole diameter		+361.65	0.00	Stratum thickness	Underground water depth	Stratification	STRATUM DESCRIPTION	Number and type of samples	Depth	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel	Cobbles	Boulders	Non-uniformity coefficient	Liquid limit	Plastic limit	Plasticity index	Moisture content	Consistency index	Compaction degree	Compaction capacity	Unit weight	Unit dry weight	Porosity	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Activity index	Unconfined swelling	Swelling pressure	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Specific settlement at 200 kPa	Coefficient of volumetric compressibility 200-300 kPa	Coefficient of compressibility	Coefficient of consolidation at 200-300 kPa	Addit. spec. settl by wetting	Type of test	Angle of int. friction	Cohesion kPa	Type of test	Miniature Vane test/ Pocket penetrometer												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46														
Ø = 127 mm	+361.25	-0.40	0.40			Sol vegetal/ Top soil																																																					
						Argila prafoasă, cafenie, nisipoasă/ Brownish silty sandy clay, with stone	1	1.00	27	44	29						45.6	17.2	28.4						19.3	15.8	39.7	0.7	0.9				3.3	7.4	13.2	20.0			4.1	0.076	0.125			EDn	22	64	CUn												
							2	2.00	26	34	39	1						42.8	17.2	25.6	16.7	1								1																													
	+359.15	-2.50	2.10				3	3.00	13	21	30	36									9.7																																						
						Pietriș cu nisip, cafeniu, în masă prăfoasă/ Brownish gravel with sand, in silty mass																																																					
							4	6.00	10	17	27	46									4.7																																						
	+353.65	-8.00	5.50																																																								

REZULTATELE ANALIZELOR DE LABORATOR

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INTOCMITOR STUDIU GEOTEHNIC GEOTECHNICAL REPORT ISSUER										SAIDEL Engineering SA										Fișa Forajului Borehole Log										SUB7 Page 1/1										LUCRAREA PROJECT										Glodeni Solar Farm									
BENEFICIAR BENEFICIARY										GLODENI ENERGY SRL										REZULTATELE ANALIZELOR DE LABORATOR LABORATORY TEST RESULTS										ADRESA ADDRESS										Glodeni village, Mures county																			
CONTRACT nr. CONTRACT no.										22-SENG-37-SG/19.09.2022																														DATA FINALIZĂRII FORAJULUI DATE OF BOREHOLE FINALIZATION										21.10.2022									
Diametri foraj		Cota fata de:		Grosimea stratului	Adancimea apei subterane	Stratificatia	DENUMIREA STRATULUI	<input type="checkbox"/> Borecan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stut <input type="checkbox"/> Carota		Compozitie granulometrica (d. in mm)					Coeficientul de neuniformitate	Limitele Atterberg		Indicele de plasticitate	Umiditatea	Indicele de consistenta	Gradul si/sau capacitatea de indusare	Greutatea volumica	Greutatea volumica in stare uscata	Porozitatea	Indicele porilor	Gradul de umiditate	Contractilitatea			Compresibilitatea										Rezistenta la forfecare			Test forfecare cu palete/ Penetrometru de buzunar																
		Numarul probei	Adancimea					Argila	Praf	Nisip	Pietris	Bolovanis	Blocuri	Limita de curgere		Limita de plasticitate	Indicele de activitate										Umflarea libera	Presiunea de umflare	Modulul de deformate elomerică	Modulul de deformate elomerică	Modulul de deformate elomerică	Modulul de deformate elomerică	Modulul de deformate elomerică	Tasare specifica la 200 kPa	Coef. compresibilitate volumica 200-300 kPa	Coeficientul de compresibilitate 200-300 kPa	Coeficient de consolidare 200-300 kPa	Tasarea specifica supl. prin umezire	Tipul determinarii	Unghiul de frecare int.	Coeziunea kPa	Tipul determinarii																	
mm	rMN	m	m	m				m		0.002	0.0063	2.00	63.00	200.00	630.00	$\frac{U_{max}}{d_{60}}$	W_L %	W_P %	I_P %	w %	I_c	$\frac{I_D}{C_i}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	$\frac{kN}{m^3}$	n %	e	Sr	I_a	U_L %	P_u kPa	Moed 50-100 MPa	Moed 100-200 MPa	Moed 200-300 MPa	Moed 300-500 MPa	Moed 500-800 MPa	Moed 800-1600 MPa	ϵ_{200} %	m_v MPa ⁻¹	a_v MPa ⁻¹	$c_v = \frac{e_0}{1+e_0}$	$i_{20,100}$ %	Ed. I./ Ed. N/ Ed. 1300	Φ	c kPa	UU/ CU/ CD	$\frac{q_{tip}}{A_{tip}}$ (kPa) / $\frac{q_{tip}}{A_{tip}}$ (kPa)													
Level vs:									<input type="checkbox"/> Jar <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Tube <input type="checkbox"/> Core	Particle size distribution						Atterberg's limits												Shrinkage swelling			Compressibility										Shear strength																		
Borehole diameter		+361.93	0.00	Stratum thickness	Underground water depth	Stratification	STRATUM DESCRIPTION	Number and type of samples	Depth	Clay	Silt	Sand	Gravel	Cobbles	Boulders	Non-uniformity coefficient	Liquid limit	Plastic limit	Plasticity index	Moisture content	Consistency index	Compaction degree	Compaction capacity	Unit weight	Unit dry weight	Porosity	Void ratio	Degree of saturation	Activity index	Unconfined swelling	Swelling pressure	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Oedometer deformation modulus	Specific settlement at 200 kPa	Coefficient of volumetric compressibility 200-300 kPa	Coefficient of compressibility	Coefficient of consolidation at 200-300 kPa	Addit. spec. settl by wetting	Type of test	Angle of int. friction	Cohesion kPa	Type of test	Miniature Vane test/ Pocket penetrometer												
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46														
Ø = 127 mm	+361.53	-0.40	0.40			Sol vegetal/ Top soil																																																					
						Argilă prăfoasă, nisipoasă, cafenie cu intercalații cenușii/ Brownish sandy silty clay with greyish intercalations	1	1.00	21	37	34	8				35	15.7	19.4	15.4	1																																							
	+359.93	-2.00	1.60			Nisip prăfos cafeniu/ Brownish silty sand	2	2.00	12	15	66	7												18.5	16.2	38.3	0.6	0.6					6.5	8.6	14.9	21.3			3.1	0.067	0.109		EDn	31	17	CUn													
	+359.13	-2.80	0.80			Pietriș cafeniu, în masă prăfoasă, cu bolovanis/ Brownish gravel, in silty mass, with cobble	3	4.00	6	10	16	68							7																																								
							4	5.00	4	7	12	77						5																																									
	+355.93	-6.00	3.20			Argilă prăfoasă slab nisipoasă cenușie/Greyish sandy silty clay	5	6.00	8	10	21	60						7																																									
						6	7.00	31	56	13						46.6	20.1	26.5	26.8	0.7																																							
+353.93	-8.00	2.00																																																									

APPENDIX 5

CONTENT:

- *Dynamic heavy penetration tests (DPH)*

[illegible]

COORD. (STEREO 70, Marea Neagră)			FIȘA PDG / DPH LOG: FS06+DPH			<div> GeoSearch®</div>			
X: 469262.8	Y: 572950.22	Z: –	CLIENT: S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.						
DATA ÎNCEPERE START DATE	DATA FINALIZARE FINISH DATE	PROIECT/PROJECT: Construction of an electricity storage facility and connection to CEF Glodeni 1, in Glodeni, Mures County							
21-Mar-2025	21-Mar-2025	AMPL./LOC.: Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county							
Scara/Scale: 1:50		Nivel apă Groundwater level	Descriere detaliată Layer description	Număr bătăi pe 10 cm/ Number of blows each 10 cm	N60 corectat N60 corrected	Grad de îndesare Relative density	Greutatea vol. naturală Bulk unit weight	Unghi de forf. int. efectiv Effective angle of friction	Modul de def. linear Soil modulus
Adâncime/Depth	Cotă/Elevation				Complex geotehnic	Geotechnical unit	N60cor -	ID %	γ kN/m3
<div><div><div>0</div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div></div><div>Fără cotă / Without elevation</div><div><div>cl-al-ly</div><div>gr-al-ly</div></div><div><div>0.0 – 3.0m: firm, low plasticity, greyish-reddish-brown sandy CLAY, locally gravel intercalations</div><div>3.0 – 3.9m: dense (DR=72%), brown sandy GRAVEL</div></div><div><div><div>0</div><div>10</div><div>20</div><div>30</div><div>40</div><div>50</div></div><div><div>0</div><div>1</div><div>2</div><div>3</div><div>4</div><div>5</div><div>6</div><div>7</div><div>8</div><div>9</div><div>10</div><div>11</div><div>12</div><div>13</div><div>14</div><div>15</div><div>16</div><div>17</div><div>18</div><div>19</div><div>20</div><div>21</div><div>22</div><div>23</div><div>24</div><div>25</div><div>26</div><div>27</div><div>28</div><div>29</div><div>30</div><div>31</div><div>32</div><div>33</div><div>34</div><div>35</div><div>36</div><div>37</div><div>38</div><div>39</div><div>40</div><div>41</div><div>42</div><div>43</div><div>44</div><div>45</div><div>46</div><div>47</div><div>48</div><div>49</div><div>50</div></div><div><div>16</div><div>18</div><div>21</div><div>22</div><div>45</div><div>44</div><div>52</div></div></div></div>									
					33.33	72	20.53	38	35392

Bază penetrare/Total depth: 3.9 m

GeoSearch S.R.L.

GS

GeoSearch

1

Intocmit/Made by: geol. Andrea Fangli

Format/Size: A4

Nr. pagină/Page no.: 1/1

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APPENDIX 6

CONTENT:

- *Laboratory test reports*

IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS01 Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.40

Sample No. 42672

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	clay
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angular/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine fraction		soft
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		soft/firm

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	medium
Toughness	low
Plasticity	low
Dry strength	low
Feel	granular
Behaviour in water	fast disintegration
Behaviour in air	fast drying
Cohesion	plastic deformation
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES



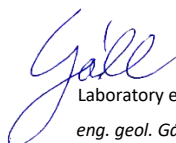
Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



The results contained in this test report refer only to the object under test.

Reproduction or modification of the test report is not permitted without the written approval of S.C. GeoSearch S.R.L.

This test report has been prepared in two originals, one for the customer and one for S.C. GeoSearch S.R.L.

IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS01 Superior depth of sample (m) 2.40
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.85

Sample No. 42673

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	silt
	Secondary fraction II.	clay
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angular/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine fraction		firm
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	rapid
Toughness	low
Plasticity	neplastic
Dry strength	low
Feel	granular
Behaviour in water	fast disintegration
Behaviour in air	fast drying
Cohesion	crumbles
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

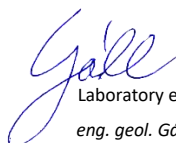



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosî Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


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This test report has been prepared in two originals, one for the customer and one for S.C. GeoSearch S.R.L.

IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS01 Superior depth of sample (m) 3.60
Inferior depth of sample (m) 4.00

Sample No. 42674

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>gravel</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	<i>cubic</i>
	Angularity/roundness	<i>subangular</i>
	Surface texture	<i>rough</i>
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>yellowish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>medium</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>low</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES

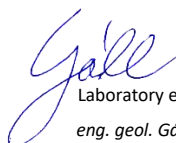



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosî Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS01 Superior depth of sample (m) 5.50
Inferior depth of sample (m) 7.00

Sample No. 42675

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	clay
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	smooth
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	-
Consistency of fine fraction		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

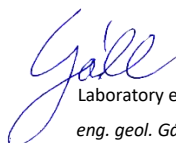



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02 Superior depth of sample (m) 1.60
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.00

Sample No. 42677

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>yellowish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>medium</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES

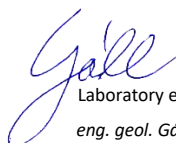



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personnel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
---	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02 Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.45

Sample No. 42678

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angular/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>yellow</i>
	Chroma	<i>brownish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>medium</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES

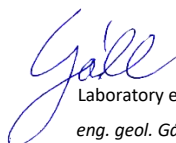



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personnel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
---	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02 Superior depth of sample (m) 2.60
Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.00

Sample No. 42679

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>yellow</i>
	Chroma	<i>greyish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>medium</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES

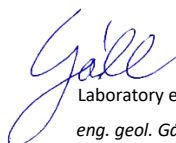



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosî Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02

Superior depth of sample (m) 3.60

Sample No. 42680

Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.78

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	clay
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subangular
	Surface texture	smooth
Colour of sample	Hue	yellow
	Chroma	brownish
Consistency of fine fraction		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

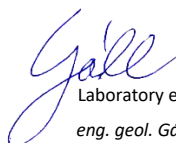


Fig. 1




Fig. 2

Laboratory personnel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
---	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02 Superior depth of sample (m) 4.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 5.00

Sample No. 42681

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	clay
	Secondary fraction II.	gravel
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	smooth
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine fraction		firm
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	medium
Toughness	medium
Plasticity	low
Dry strength	high
Feel	granular
Behaviour in water	fast disintegration
Behaviour in air	fast drying
Cohesion	plastic deformation
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

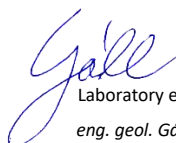



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosî Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS02 Superior depth of sample (m) 7.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 8.00

Sample No. 42682

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	smooth
Colour of sample	Hue	yellow
	Chroma	brownish
Consistency of fine fraction		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

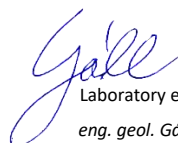



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 1.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.40

Sample No. 42685

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>yellowish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>stiff</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



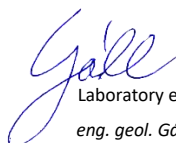
Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Fodor-Ianosî Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 1.40
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.85

Sample No. 42686

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angular/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>yellow</i>
	Chroma	<i>brownish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



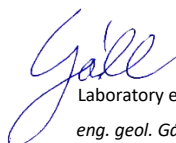
Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.40

Sample No. 42687

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>yellow</i>
	Chroma	<i>brownish</i>
Consistency of fine fraction		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



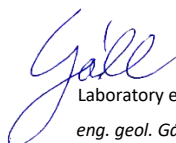
Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

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Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 3.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.40

Sample No. 42688

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	clay
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	yellow
	Chroma	brownish
Consistency of fine fraction		firm
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	medium
Toughness	low
Plasticity	low
Dry strength	low
Feel	granular
Behaviour in water	fast disintegration
Behaviour in air	fast drying
Cohesion	crumbles
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

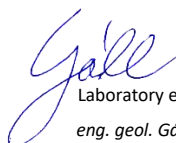



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 4.30
Inferior depth of sample (m) 6.00

Sample No. 42689

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	rough
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine fraction		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

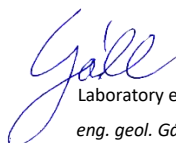


Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personnel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
---	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF LABORATORY SAMPLES

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of description 5-Feb-2024

Borehole No. FS03 Superior depth of sample (m) 7.00
Inferior depth of sample (m) 8.00

Sample No. 42690

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	smooth
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine fraction		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES

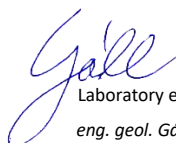


Fig. 1




Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:	Fodor-Ianosi Evelin
--	---------------------


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47589-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS04
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50

Sample No. 47589

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>greyish</i>
Consistency of fine soil		<i>stiff</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47590-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 25-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS04
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.50
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.70

Sample No. 47590

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>greyish</i>
Consistency of fine soil		<i>stiff</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



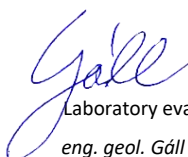
Fig. 1




Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47597-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS04
Superior depth of sample (m) 2.50
Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.20

Sample No. 47597

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		Coarse soil
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	SAND
	Secondary fraction I.	gravel
	Secondary fraction II.	silt
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	cubic
	Angularity/roundness	subrounded
	Surface texture	rough
Colour of sample	Hue	brown
	Chroma	yellowish
Consistency of fine soil		-
Carbonate content		non-calcareous
Organic content		inorganic
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	-
Toughness	-
Plasticity	-
Dry strength	-
Feel	-
Behaviour in water	-
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	-
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	no bedding
Discontinuity	without discontinuities

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1




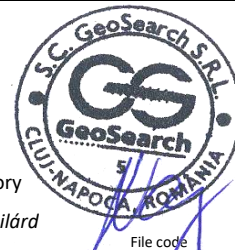
Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47591-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS05
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50

Sample No. 47591

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>grey</i>
	Chroma	<i>brownish</i>
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47592-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS05
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.50
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.70

Sample No. 47592

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	-
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47593-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS06

Superior depth of sample (m) 1.50

Sample No. 47593

Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.70

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	-
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



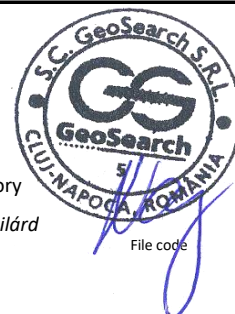
Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin

Gall
Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47594-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS06
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.70
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.00

Sample No. 47594

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>greyish</i>
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>medium</i>
Plasticity	<i>medium</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47595-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS07
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50

Sample No. 47595

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>silt</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>sand</i>
	Tertiary fraction	<i>carbonate fragments</i>
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	-
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>slightly calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>slow</i>
Toughness	<i>high</i>
Plasticity	<i>high</i>
Dry strength	<i>high</i>
Feel	<i>adherent</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>slow disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	<i>slow drying</i>
Cohesion	<i>plastic deformation</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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IDENTIFICATION AND MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION OF SOIL SAMPLES IN LABORATORY

according to SR EN ISO 14688-1:2018

Test report - no. 47596-RDM/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of description 24-Mar-2025

Borehole No. FS07
Superior depth of sample (m) 1.50
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.70

Sample No. 47596

DESCRIPTION OF SOIL PROPERTIES		
Type of soil		<i>Fine soil</i>
Particle size distribution	Primary fraction	<i>CLAY</i>
	Secondary fraction I.	<i>sand</i>
	Secondary fraction II.	<i>silt</i>
	Tertiary fraction	-
Particle shape (in case of gravel, cobble and boulders)	Form	-
	Angularity/roundness	-
	Surface texture	-
Colour of sample	Hue	<i>brown</i>
	Chroma	<i>yellowish</i>
Consistency of fine soil		<i>firm</i>
Carbonate content		<i>non-calcareous</i>
Organic content		<i>inorganic</i>
Macroscopic observations		-

IDENTIFICATION OF FINE FRACTION	
Dilatancy	<i>medium</i>
Toughness	<i>low</i>
Plasticity	<i>low</i>
Dry strength	<i>low</i>
Feel	<i>granular</i>
Behaviour in water	<i>fast disintegration</i>
Behaviour in air	-
Cohesion	<i>crumbles</i>
DESCRIPTION OF BEDDING AND DISCONTINUITY	
Bedding	<i>no bedding</i>
Discontinuity	<i>without discontinuities</i>

SAMPLE PICTURES



Fig. 1



Fig. 2

Laboratory personel responsible for description:

Bunu Eduard, Fodor-Ianosi Evelin


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code

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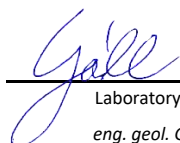
This test report has been prepared in two originals, one for the customer and one for S.C. GeoSearch S.R.L.

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.	Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS01	Date of test	05.02.2024
	Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00 Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.40	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
		Sample No.	42672

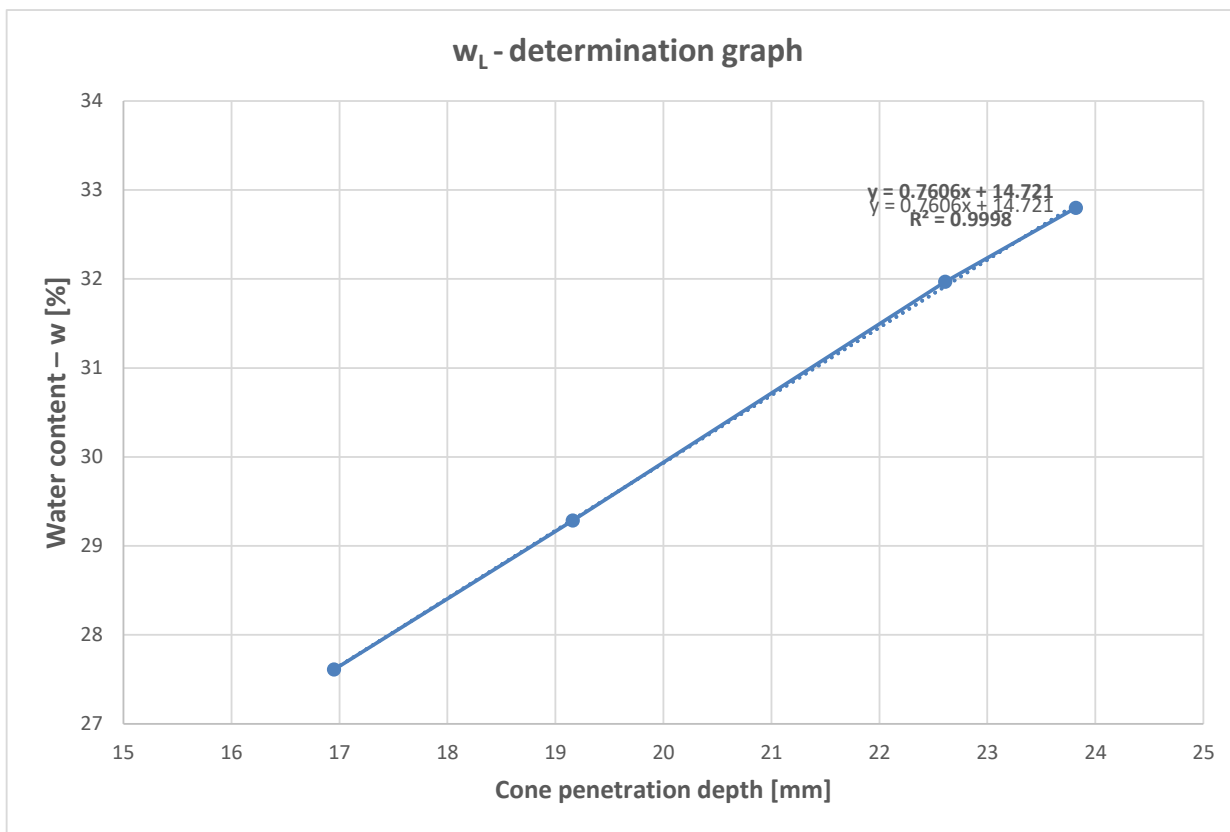
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	377	588	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.83	42.62	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	165.060	985.200	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	143.810	829.750	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	19.50	19.75	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.25 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	19.62			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	226	231	271	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	21.11	21.50	21.20	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	23.830	24.400	23.700	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	23.510	24.080	23.420	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	13.33	12.40	12.61	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	0.93 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	12.78			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	998	1000	1002	1007
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	12.63	12.35	12.79	11.84
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	27.420	29.700	28.890	30.100
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	24.220	25.770	24.990	25.590
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	16.95	19.16	22.61	23.82
Water content (w)	[%]	27.61	29.28	31.97	32.80
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


Laboratory evaluator
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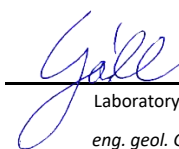



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	DA
Liquid limit (w_L)	[%]	29.93
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9998

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	1	2	201
Initial volume of soil specimen (V_i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V_f)	[cm ³]	15	15	15
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U_L)	[%]	50	50	50
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	50		


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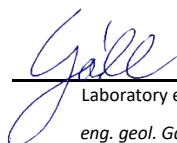

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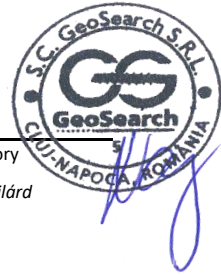
DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS01	Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00 Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.40	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42672

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD – FL – 095				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	29.980	30.590	33.330
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	31.470	32.670	34.790
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	14.110	14.260	15.780
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{fluid}}, \quad \rho_{fluid} = 0,998g/cm^3 \quad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \quad \rho_{specimen} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	17.39	18.45	19.05
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	1.62	2.26	1.59
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.90	1.89	1.91
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i_min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0.55 – ACCEPTED	0 – ACCEPTED	0.99 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.90		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	18.64		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD – FL – 099				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	-	-	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	-	-	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1-m_0)-(m_3-m_2)} * \rho_L \quad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 \text{ g/cm}^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	-	-	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	-		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	-		


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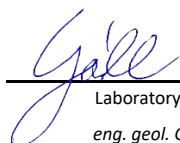

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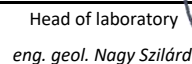
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS01	Superior depth of sample (m) 3.60 Inferior depth of sample (m) 4.00	Sample description	gravelly low plasticity clayey SAND
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42674

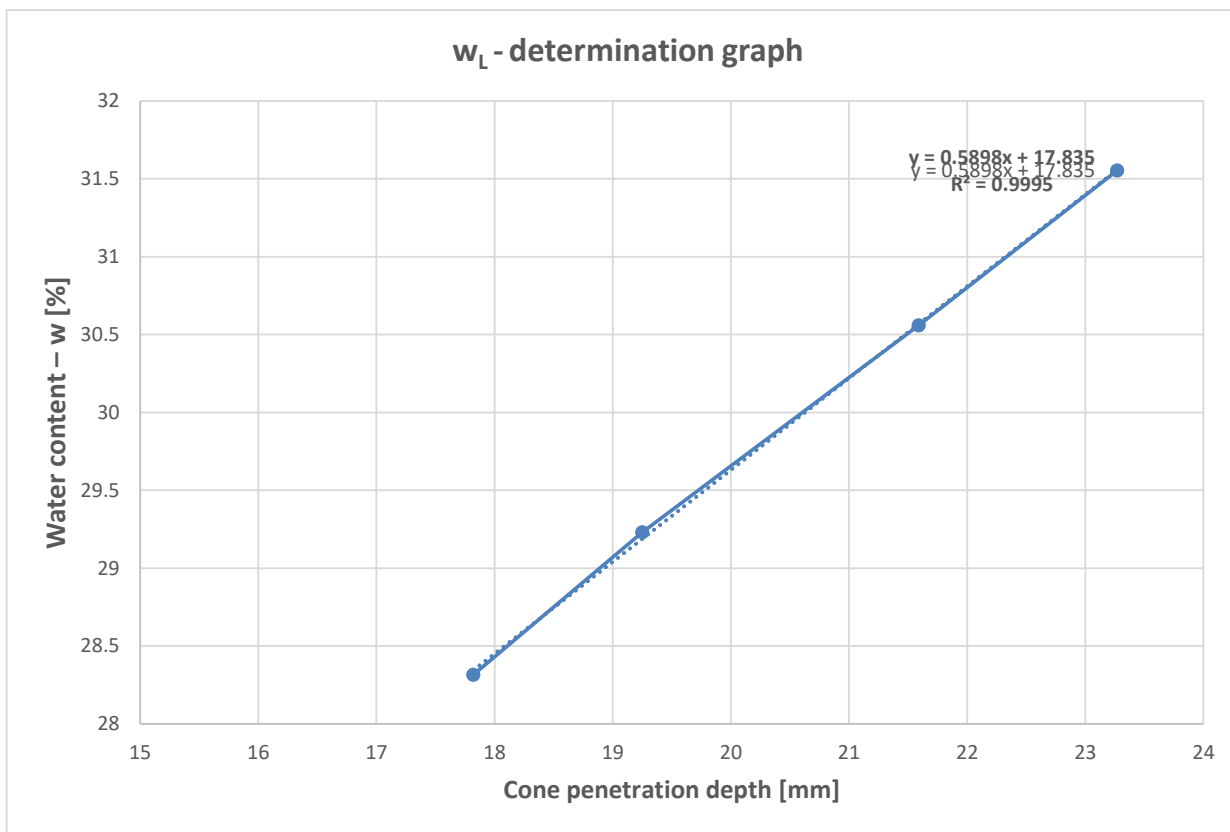
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	416	1053	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.93	226.65	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	257.490	1491.180	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	225.010	1304.620	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	17.09	17.31	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.22 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	17.20			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	896	897	898	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	19.92	20.61	21.99	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	22.770	23.100	24.380	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	22.430	22.810	24.100	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	13.55	13.18	13.27	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	0.36 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	13.33			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[–]	962	963	965	968
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	11.93	11.61	11.69	12.91
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	29.830	31.770	31.770	31.880
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	25.880	27.210	27.070	27.330
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	17.82	19.25	21.59	23.27
Water content (w)	[%]	28.32	29.23	30.56	31.55
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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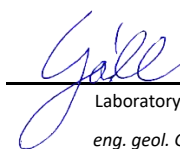



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	DA
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	29.63
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9995

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


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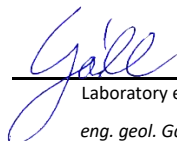

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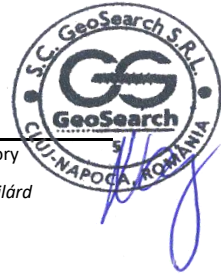
DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS01	Superior depth of sample (m) 3.60 Inferior depth of sample (m) 4.00	Sample description	gravelly low plasticity clayey SAND
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42674

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD – FL – 095				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	40.920	53.520	33.210
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	43.070	56.020	34.870
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	20.900	27.490	17.100
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{fluid}}, \quad \rho_{fluid} = 0,998g/cm^3 \quad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \quad \rho_{specimen} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	22.21	28.59	17.81
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	2.34	2.72	1.80
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	2.06	2.07	2.08
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i_min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED	0.49 – ACCEPTED	0.81 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	2.07		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	20.28		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD – FL – 099				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	-	-	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	-	-	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1-m_0)-(m_3-m_2)} * \rho_L \quad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 \text{ g/cm}^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	-	-	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	-		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	-		


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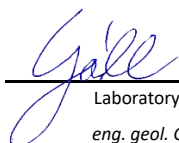

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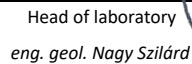
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.	Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS01	Date of test	05.02.2024
	Superior depth of sample (m) 5.50	Sample description	sandy silty GRAVEL
	Inferior depth of sample (m) 7.00	Sample No.	42675

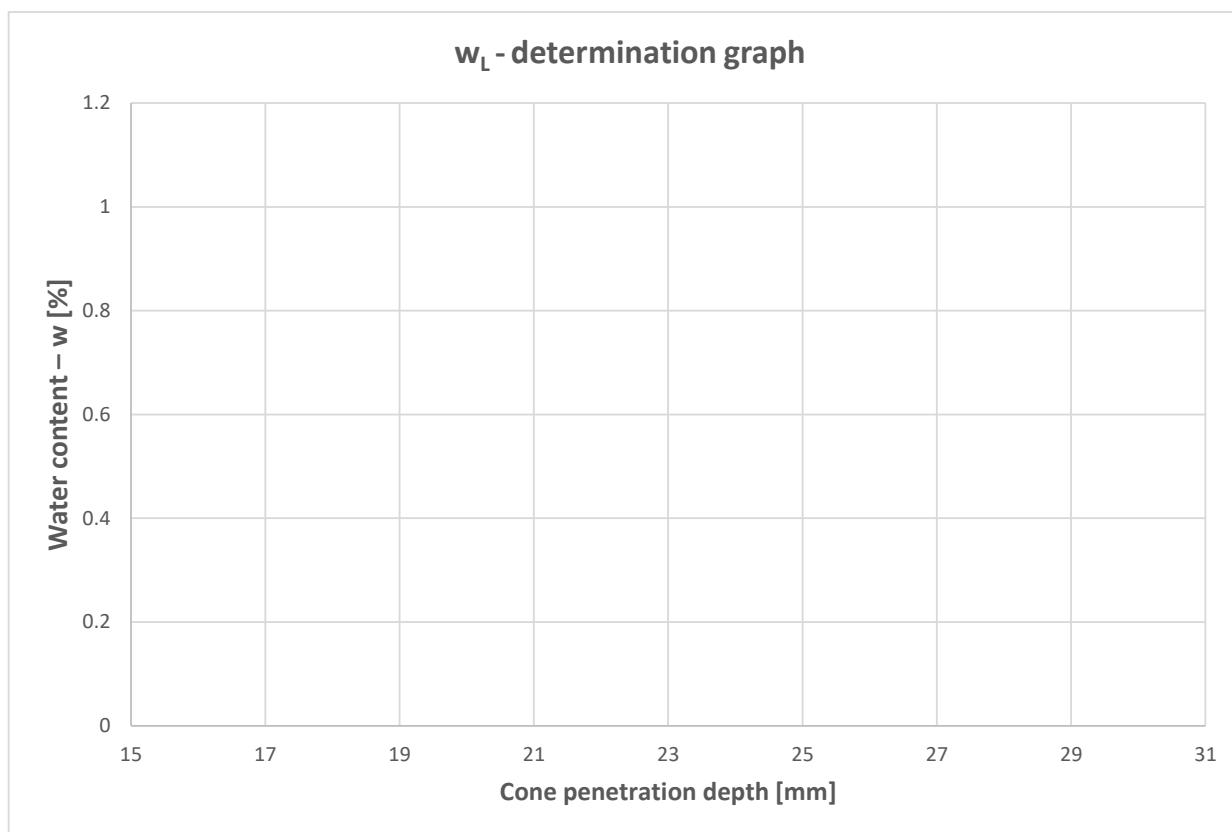
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	574	1059	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	36.86	236.58	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	437.660	2765.740	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	405.610	2598.540	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	8.69	7.08	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	1.61 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	7.89			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	-	-	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	-			
Average result	[%]	-			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	-
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	-	-	-	-
Water content (w)	[%]	-	-	-	-
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETREATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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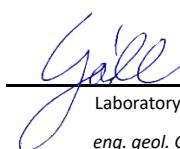



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	-
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	-
Correlation coefficient	[-]	-

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


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DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

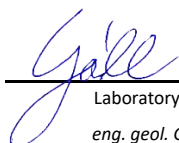
Client *S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.* Project No. *2819LGS*

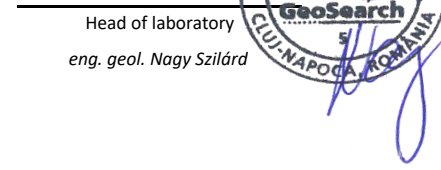
Location *Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county* Date of reception *18.01.2024*

Borehole No. *FS02* Superior depth of sample (m) *1.60* Sample description *low plasticity sandy CLAY* Date of test *05.02.2024*

Inferior depth of sample (m) *2.00* Sample No. *42677*

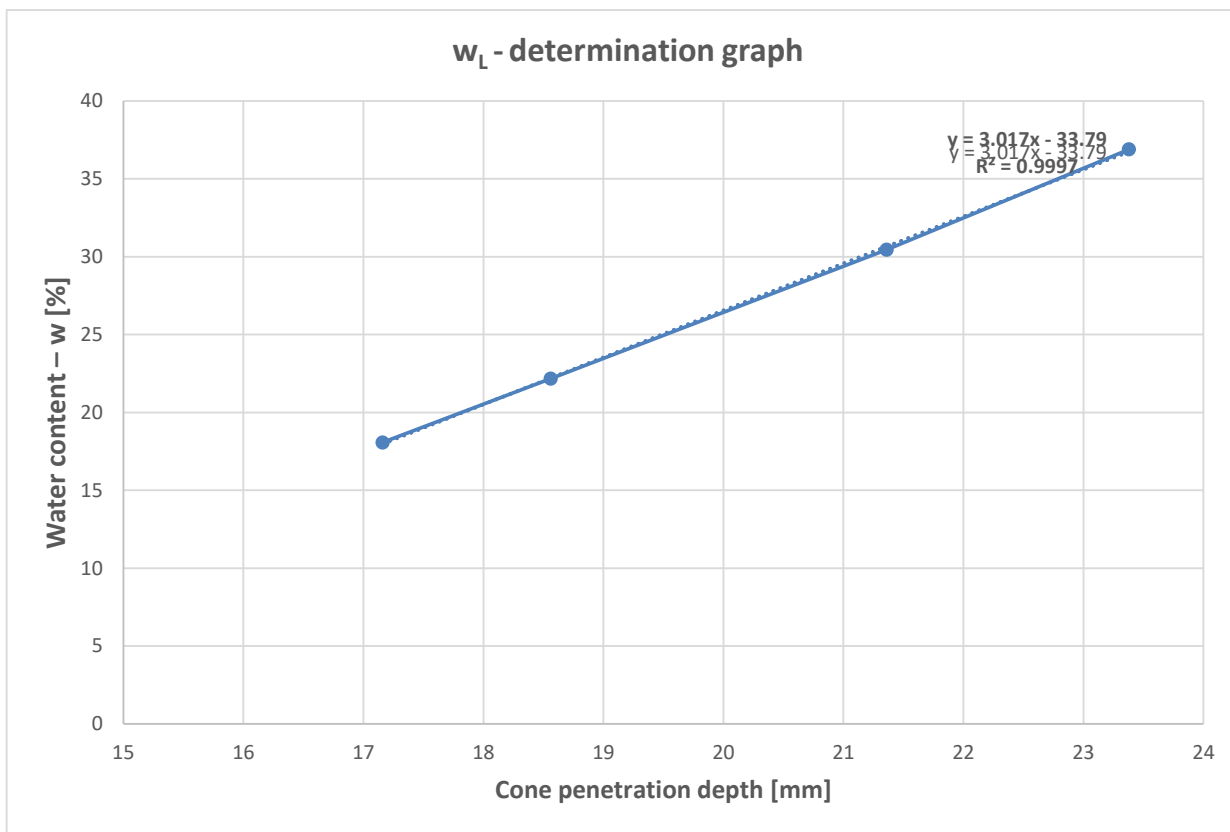
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	3014	781	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	36.57	61.53	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	186.140	848.400	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	162.040	717.780	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	19.21	19.90	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.7 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	19.56			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	217	218	219	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	20.36	21.24	21.75	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	23.020	23.620	23.340	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	22.680	23.310	23.140	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	14.66	14.98	14.39	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	0.59 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	14.67			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[–]	970	971	972	973
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	12.33	12.51	13.03	12.80
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	34.670	34.280	37.660	37.180
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	31.250	30.330	31.910	30.610
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	17.16	18.56	21.36	23.38
Water content (w)	[%]	18.08	22.17	30.46	36.89
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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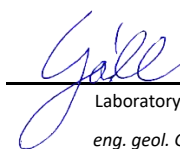



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	DA
Liquid limit (w_L)	[%]	26.55
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9997

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	3	4	202
Initial volume of soil specimen (V_i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V_f)	[cm ³]	17	17	17
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U_L)	[%]	70	70	70
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	70		


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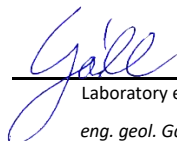

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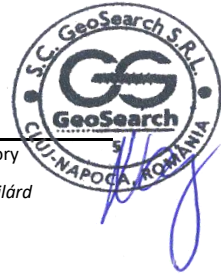
DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS02	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.60 Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.00	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42677

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD – FL – 095				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	27.500	37.740	21.470
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	29.480	39.730	22.920
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	13.150	18.110	10.280
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{fluid}}$, $\rho_{fluid} = 0,998g/cm^3$ $V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}}$ $\rho_{specimen} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	16.36	21.66	12.67
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	2.15	2.16	1.58
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.94	1.94	1.94
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i_min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED	0.01 – ACCEPTED	0.05 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.94		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	18.99		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD – FL – 099				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	-	-	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	-	-	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1 - m_0) - (m_3 - m_2)} * \rho_L$ $\rho_L (20^0C) = 0,99823 g/cm^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	-	-	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	-		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	-		


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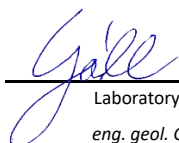

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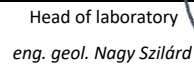
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS02	Superior depth of sample (m) 2.60 Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.00	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42679

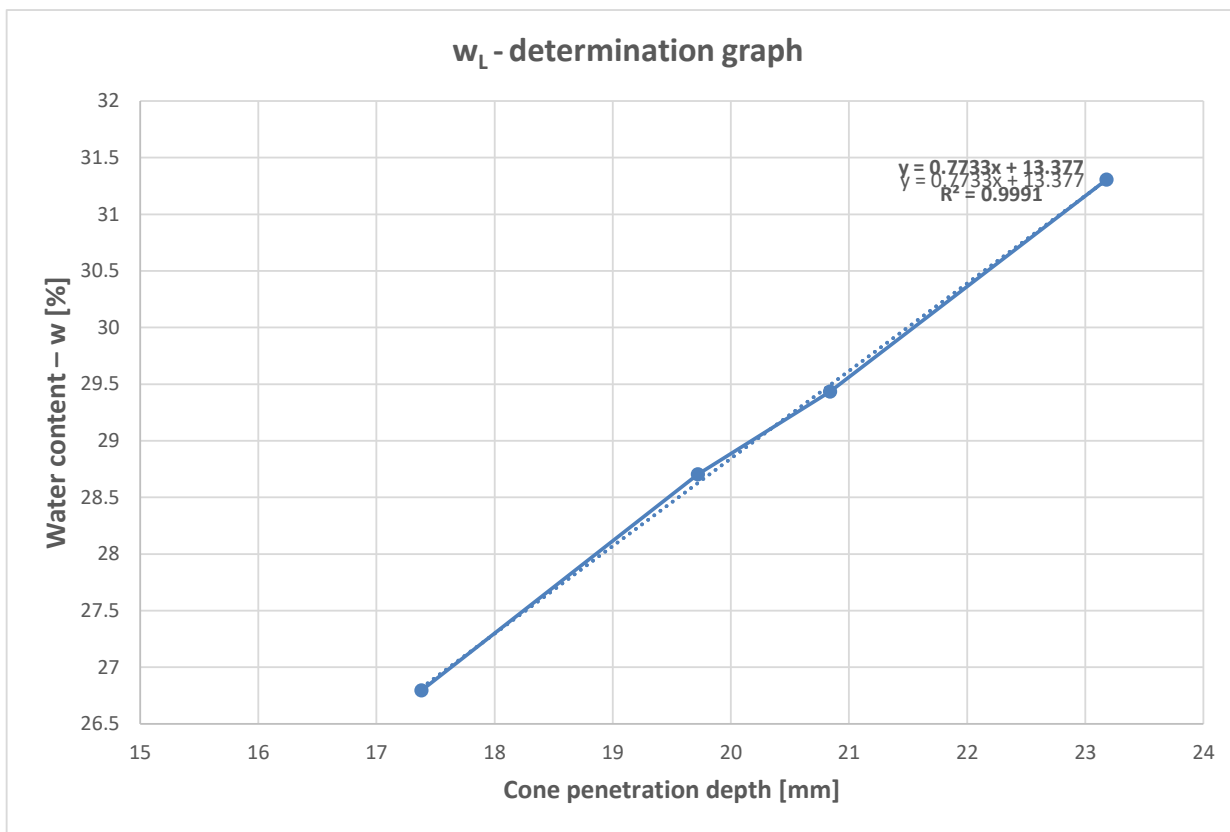
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	400	582	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	36.13	34.63	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	207.220	882.420	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	180.300	745.900	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	18.67	19.19	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.52 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	18.93			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[–]	211	212	213	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	22.31	22.78	22.42	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	25.000	25.320	24.690	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	24.700	25.030	24.430	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	12.55	12.89	12.94	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	0.38 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	12.79			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[–]	942	943	944	945
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	11.63	11.98	11.72	11.79
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	32.830	32.830	31.640	32.510
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	28.350	28.180	27.110	27.570
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	17.38	19.72	20.84	23.18
Water content (w)	[%]	26.79	28.70	29.43	31.31
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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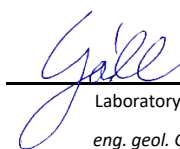



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	DA
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	28.84
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9991

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


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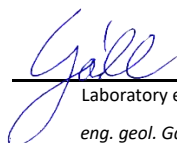

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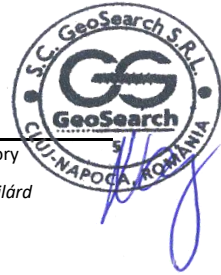
DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS02	Superior depth of sample (m) 2.60 Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.00	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42679

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD – FL – 095				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	38.520	38.380	31.530
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	40.480	39.980	33.020
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	18.470	18.610	15.110
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{fluid}}, \quad \rho_{fluid} = 0,998g/cm^3 \quad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \quad \rho_{specimen} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	22.05	21.41	17.95
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	2.13	1.74	1.62
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.93	1.95	1.93
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i_min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0.11 – ACCEPTED	1 – ACCEPTED	0 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.94		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	19.02		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD – FL – 099				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	-	-	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	-	-	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1-m_0)-(m_3-m_2)} * \rho_L \quad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 \text{ g/cm}^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	-	-	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	-		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	-		


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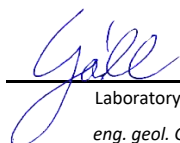

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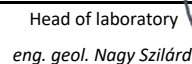
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.	Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS02	Date of test	05.02.2024
	Superior depth of sample (m) 7.00	Sample description	sandy GRAVEL
	Inferior depth of sample (m) 8.00	Sample No.	42682

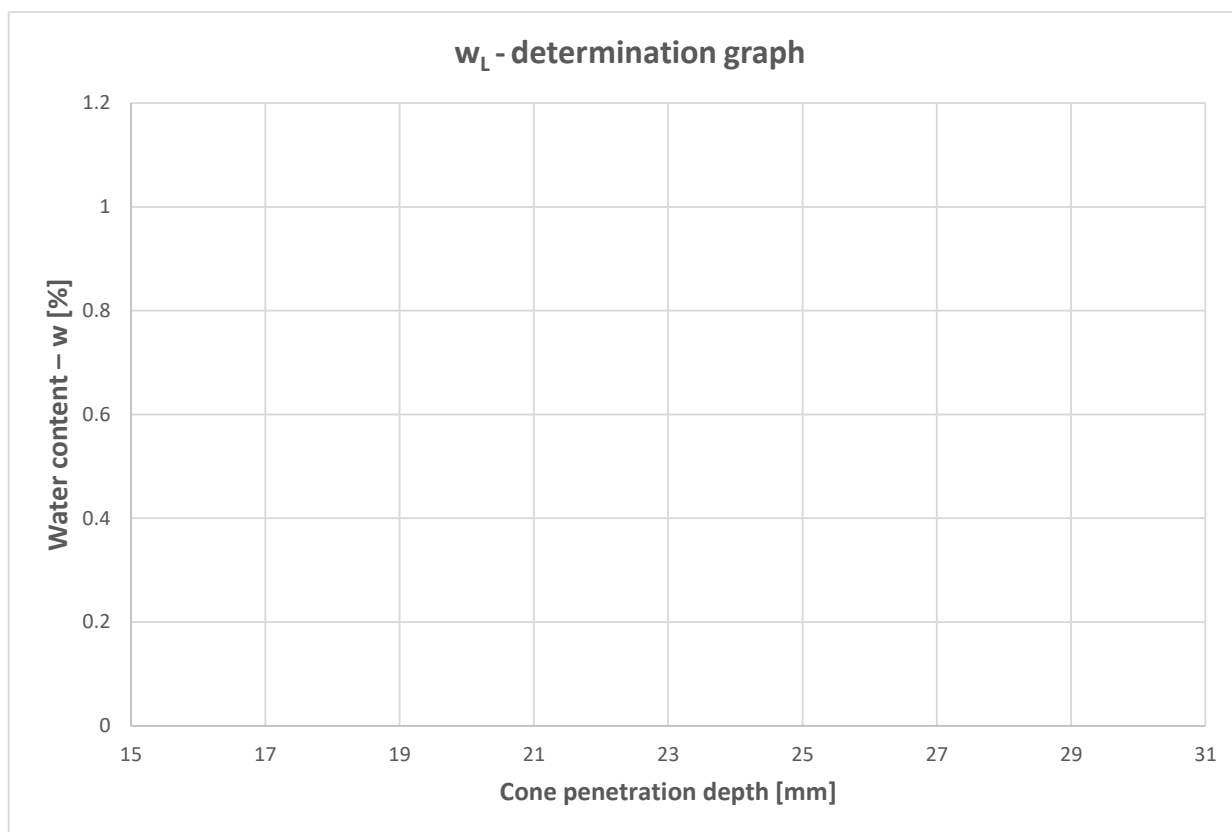
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	598	2022	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.02	782.14	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	737.040	4119.620	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	650.220	3747.950	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	14.09	12.53	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	1.56 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	13.31			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	-	-	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	-			
Average result	[%]	-			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	-
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	-	-	-	-
Water content (w)	[%]	-	-	-	-
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETREATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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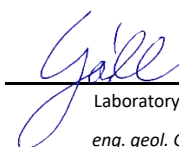



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	-
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	-
Correlation coefficient	[-]	-

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


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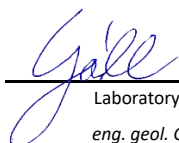

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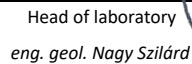
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.	Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS03	Date of test	05.02.2024
	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.00 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.40	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
		Sample No.	42685

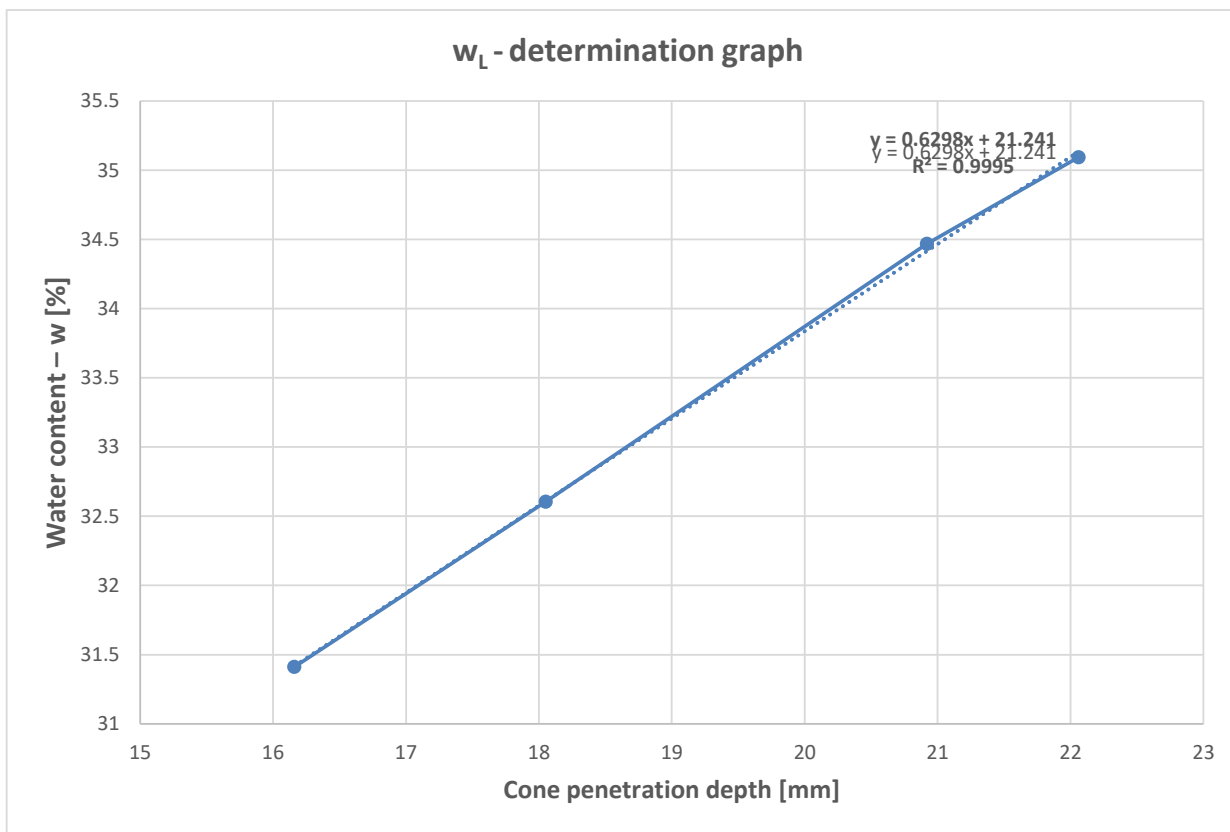
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	412	597	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.55	38.70	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	177.460	800.400	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	152.900	670.380	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	20.75	20.58	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.17 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	20.67			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	196	197	198	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	23.26	22.16	26.84	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	27.880	25.420	29.340	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	27.300	25.020	29.050	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	14.36	13.99	13.12	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	1.23 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	13.82			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	985	986	987	988
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	13.03	12.52	12.95	12.66
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	32.400	30.700	34.680	33.640
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	27.770	26.230	29.110	28.190
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	16.16	18.05	20.92	22.06
Water content (w)	[%]	31.41	32.60	34.47	35.09
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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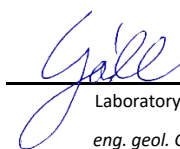


Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	DA
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	33.84
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9995

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	5	6	203
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	17	17	17
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	70	70	70
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	70		


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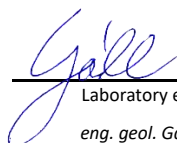

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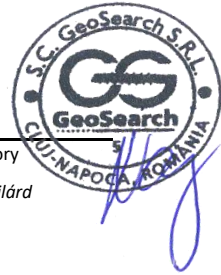
DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.		Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS03	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.00 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.40	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
			Date of test	05.02.2024
			Sample No.	42685

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD – FL – 095				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	40.810	37.810	35.260
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	43.010	39.570	39.960
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	19.680	18.220	16.630
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{fluid}}, \quad \rho_{fluid} = 0,998g/cm^3 \quad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \quad \rho_{specimen} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	23.38	21.39	23.38
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	2.39	1.91	5.11
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.94	1.94	1.93
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i_min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0.75 – ACCEPTED	0.56 – ACCEPTED	0 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.94		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	19.02		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD – FL – 099				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	-	-	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	-	-	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	-	-	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1-m_0)-(m_3-m_2)} * \rho_L \quad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 \text{ g/cm}^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	-	-	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	-	-	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	-		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	-		


Laboratory evaluator
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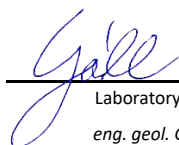

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DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

Client	S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.	Project No.	2819LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	18.01.2024
Borehole No.	FS03	Date of test	05.02.2024
	Superior depth of sample (m) 4.30	Sample description	sandy silty GRAVEL
	Inferior depth of sample (m) 6.00	Sample No.	42689

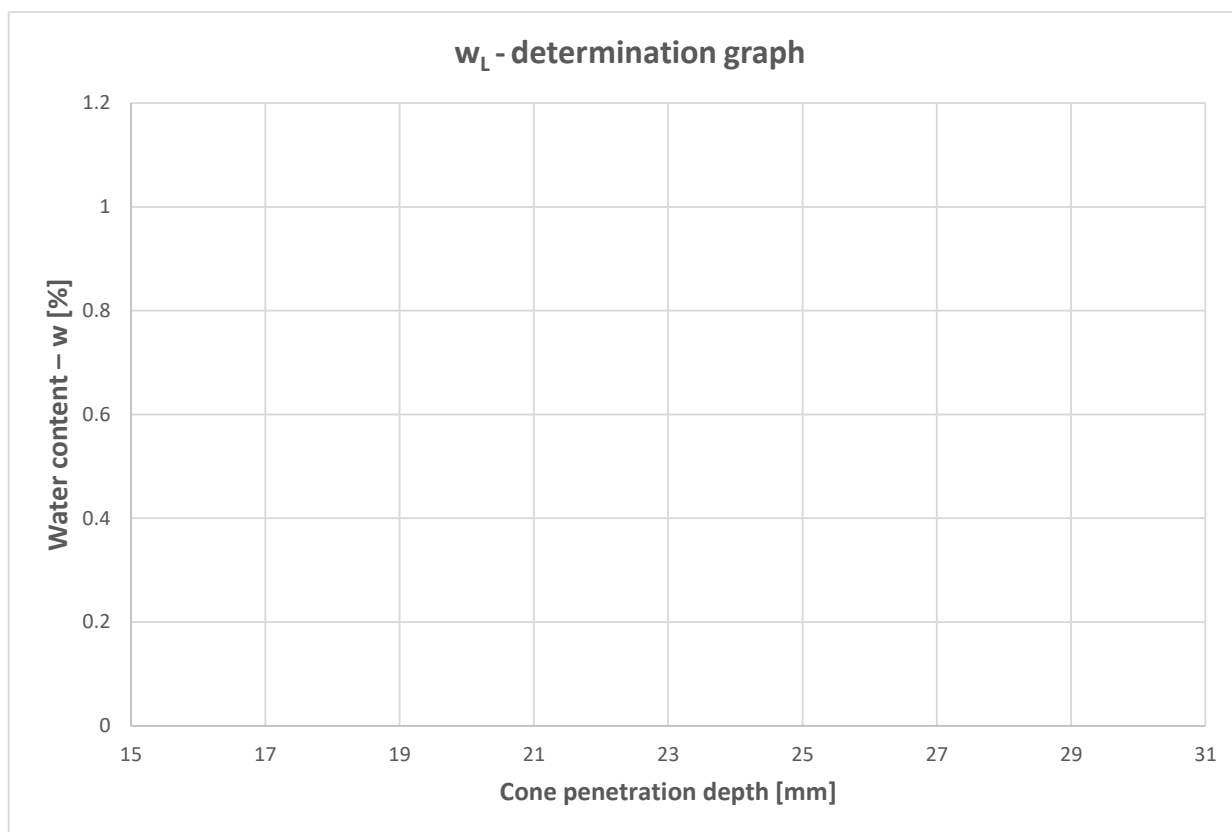
DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT – FL – 093					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	577	2004	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.91	710.80	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	590.950	3345.520	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	535.990	3117.600	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	10.97	9.47	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	1.5 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	10.22			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	-	-	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	-			
Average result	[%]	-			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD – FL – 094					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	-
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	-	-	-	-
Water content (w)	[%]	-	-	-	-
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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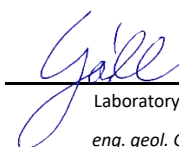



Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	-
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	-
Correlation coefficient	[-]	-

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) – FL– 096				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


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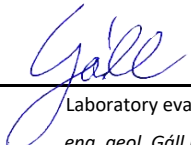

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DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

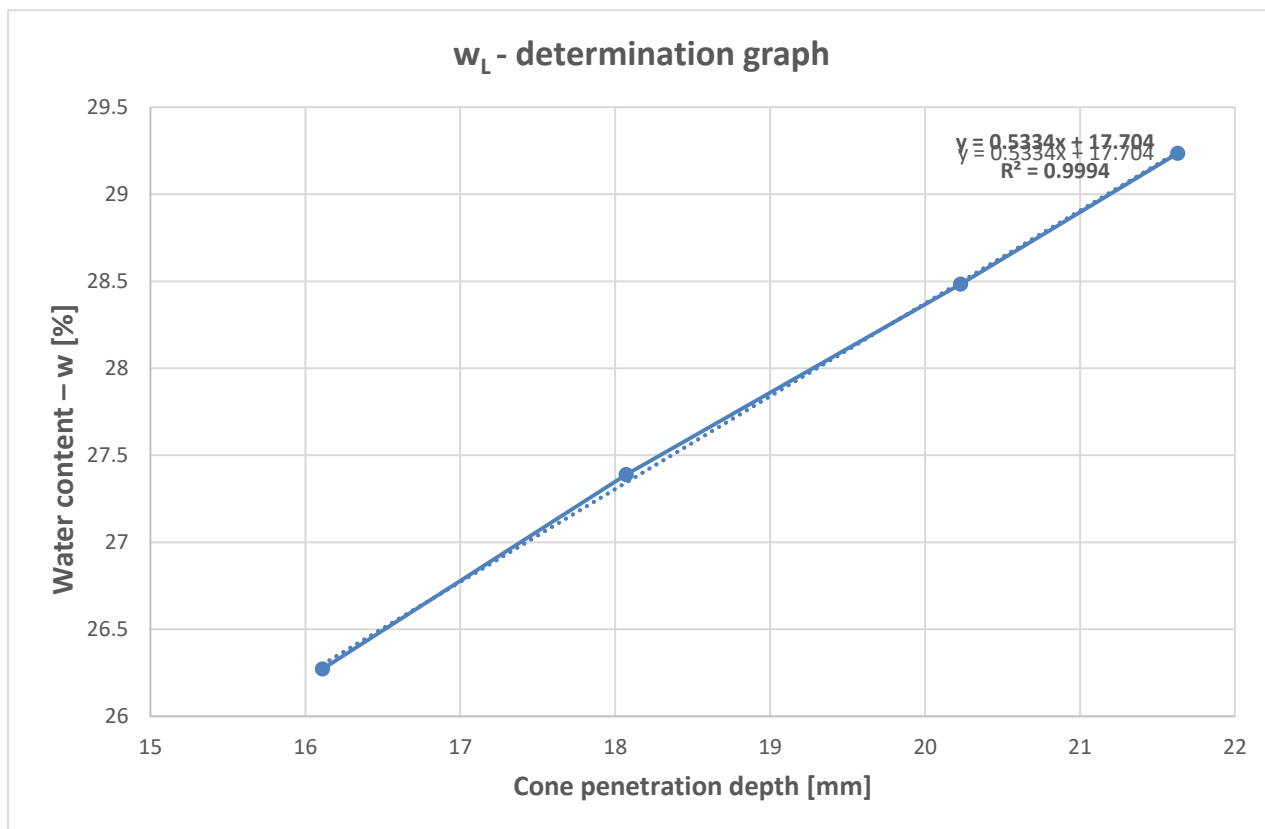
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS04	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
		Sample No.	47589

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT - no. 47589-RU/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	408	812	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	37.87	50.49	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	186.760	937.920	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	167.190	825.960	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	15.13	14.44	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.7 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	14.79			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD - no. 47589-RWP/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	191	192	195	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	21.19	23.33	22.00	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	23.620	26.550	24.880	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	23.350	26.200	24.540	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	12.50	12.20	13.39	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	1.19 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	12.69			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD - no. 47589-RWL/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	961	963	966	969
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	12.01	11.61	11.64	13.05
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	28.400	28.680	30.360	33.650
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	24.990	25.010	26.210	28.990
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	16.11	18.07	20.23	21.63
Water content (w)	[%]	26.27	27.39	28.48	29.23
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETREATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


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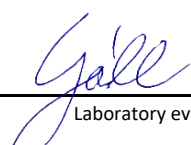

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Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	YES
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	28.37
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9994

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) - no. 47589-RUL/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	5	6	203
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	16	16	16
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	60	60	60
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	60		


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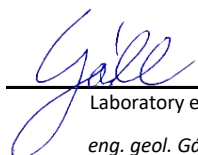

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DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS04	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
		Sample No.	47589

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD - no. 47589-RDS/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	19.940	24.380	21.520
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	21.150	25.870	23.040
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	9.870	12.020	10.670
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{water}}, \rho_{water} = 0,998g/cm^3$ $V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}}$ $\rho_{sample} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	11.30	13.88	12.39
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	1.32	1.62	1.65
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	2.00	1.99	2.00
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i,min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0.38 – ACCEPTED	0 – ACCEPTED	0.72 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	2.00		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	19.58		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD - no. 47589-RDP/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	22	23	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	10.02	10.08	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	118.06	119.77	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	53.37	54.86	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	111.74	113.41	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	63.39	64.94	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1 - m_0) - (m_3 - m_2)} * \rho_L$ $\rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 g/cm^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	2.703	2.705	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	26.51	26.53	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0.002	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _s - final)	[g/cm ³]	2.700		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _s - final)	[kN/m ³]	26.52		


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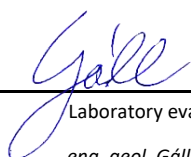
DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE AND HUMUS CONTENT OF SOILS
according to ASTM 4373 - 21, STAS 7107/1 - 76


Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.			Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county			Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS04	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
		Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
				Sample No.	47589

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47589-RC/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Calimeter no.	u.m.	2	-
Injection pressure (P _i)	[bar]	0.167	-
Mass of dried specimen (m ₁)	[g]	1.000	-
Measured CO ₂ pressure (P _c)	[bar]	0.175	-
Formula $CaCO_3 = \frac{(P_c - P_i) * 100}{(m_1) * P_{max}}$			
Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.43	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0 – ADMIS	
Average result - Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.43	

DETERMINATION OF HUMUS CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47589-RH/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
	unit	1	2
Cylinder no.	[–]	102	302
Formula		Colour	Humus content
		Colorless	0 - 1 %
		Yellowish	1 - 2 %
		From yellow to brownish	2 - 5 %
		Brown	> 5 %
Test colour	[–]	incolor	incolor
Humus content	[%]	0	0
Average result - Humus content	[%]	0	


Laboratory evaluator
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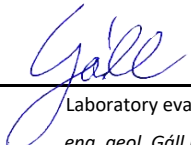

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DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

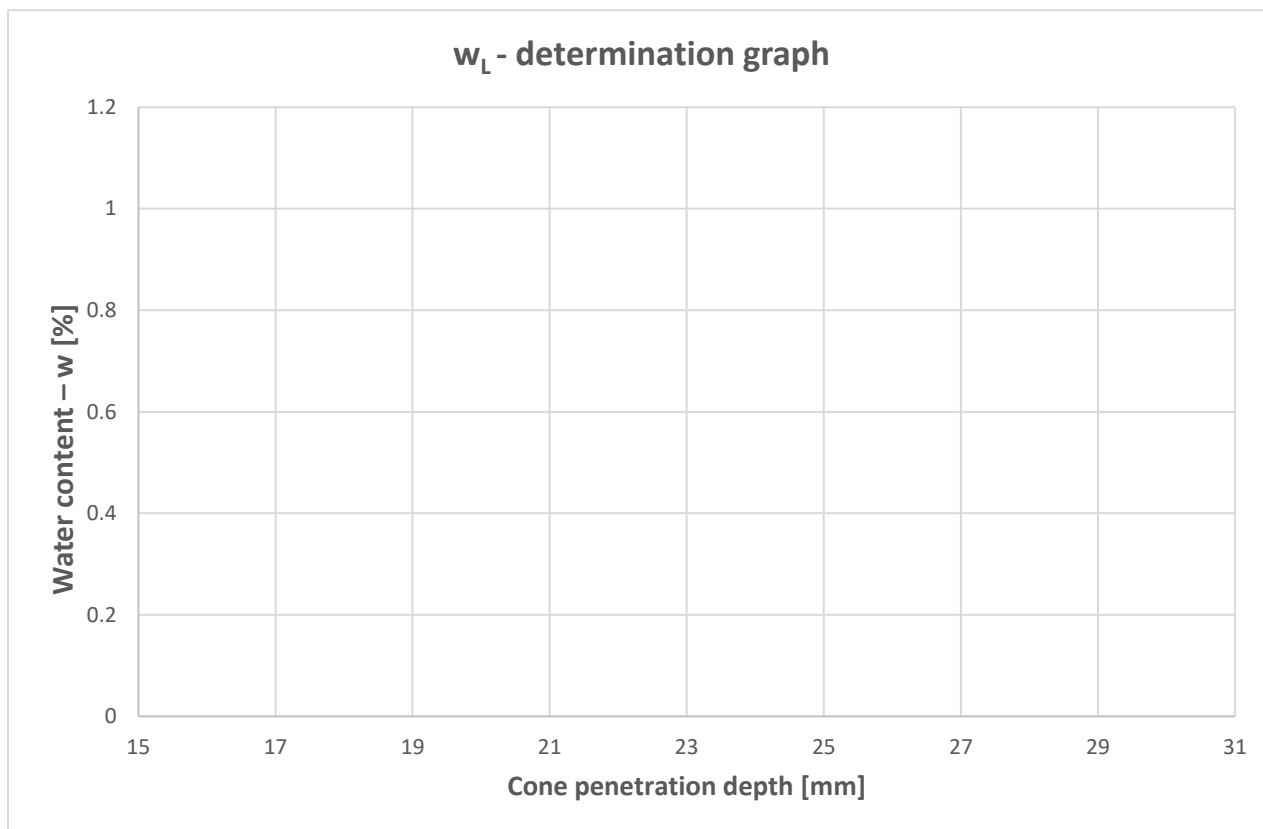
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.		Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS04	Superior depth of sample (m) 2.50 Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.20	Sample description gravelly silty SAND Date of test 24-Mar-2025	Sample No. 47597

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT - no. 47597-RU/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	1040	-	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	194.44	-	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	1851.190	-	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	1688.980	-	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	10.85	-	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	10.85			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	-	-	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	-			
Average result	[%]	-			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	-	-	-	-
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	-	-	-	-
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	-	-	-	-
Water content (w)	[%]	-	-	-	-
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETREATIONS AS ABCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


 Laboratory evaluator
 eng. geol. Gál Hunor

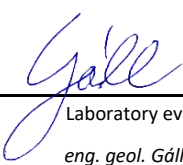

 Head of laboratory
 eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	-
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	-
Correlation coefficient	[-]	-

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL)				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	-	-	-
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	-	-	-
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	-	-	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	-		
Average result	[%]	-		


Laboratory evaluator
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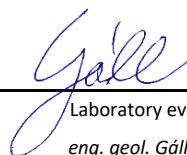

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DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

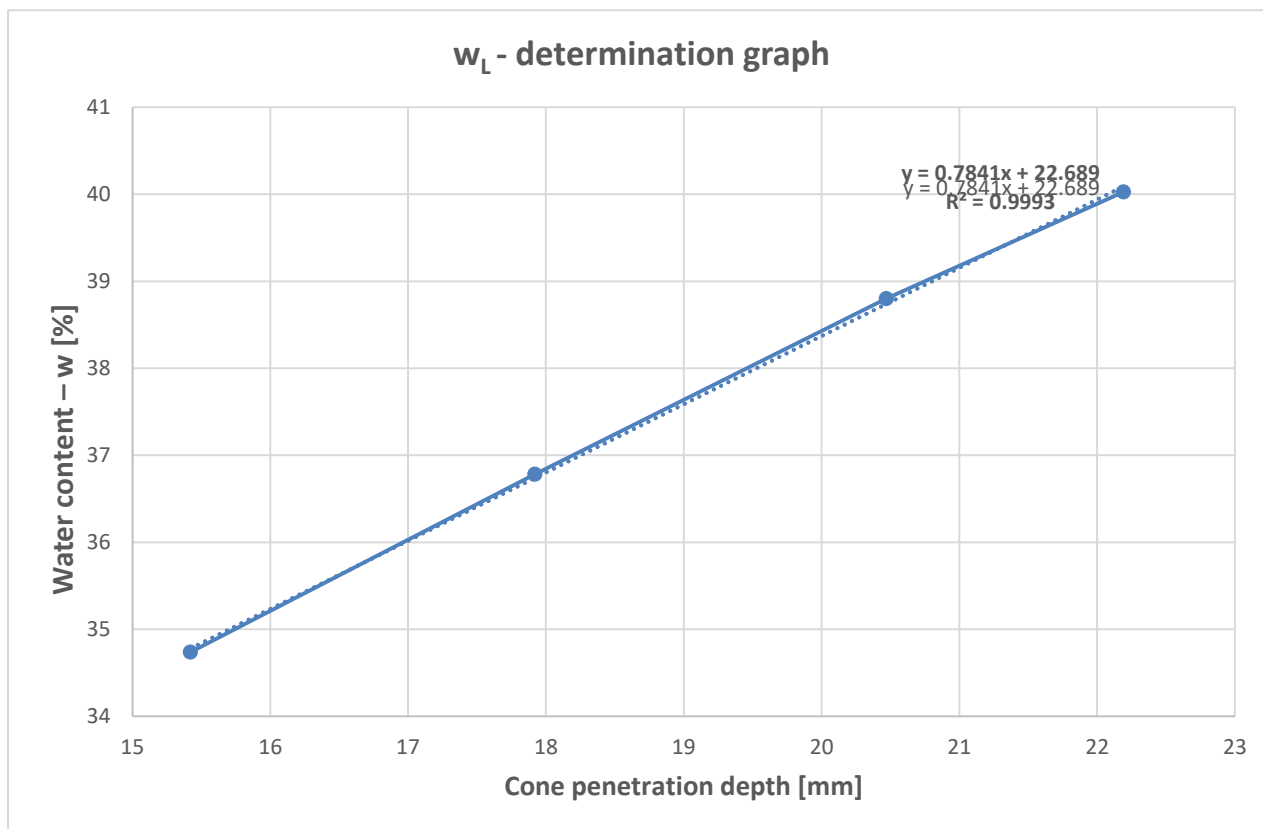
Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS05	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Sample description	medium plasticity sandy CLAY
Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	Sample No.	47591

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT - no. 47591-RU/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	381	808	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	34.72	55.96	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	175.520	874.360	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	152.300	732.340	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	19.75	21.00	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	1.25 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	20.37			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD - no. 47591-RWP/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	904	908	909	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	20.81	19.96	21.24	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	23.200	22.220	24.760	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	22.880	21.920	24.300	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	15.46	15.31	15.03	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	0.43 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	15.27			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD - no. 47591-RWL/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	971	972	982	997
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	12.51	13.03	12.93	12.45
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	30.740	30.360	30.530	34.490
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	26.040	25.700	25.610	28.190
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	15.42	17.92	20.47	22.19
Water content (w)	[%]	34.74	36.78	38.80	40.03
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					

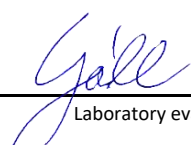

Laboratory evaluator
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Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

Test report


Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	YES
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	38.37
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9993

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) - no. 47591-RUL/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	7	8	204
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	18	18	18
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	80	80	80
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 - ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	80		


 Laboratory evaluator
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The results contained in this test report refer only to the object under test.

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File code

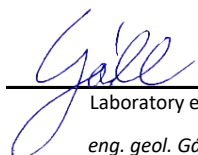
FL-107


DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016

Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS05	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50	Sample description	medium plasticity sandy CLAY
		Sample No.	47591

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD - no. 47591-RDS/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	21.070	28.520	22.190
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	22.760	30.170	23.570
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	10.350	14.140	10.980
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{water}}, \rho_{water} = 0,998g/cm^3 \qquad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \qquad \rho_{sample} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	12.43	16.06	12.62
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	1.84	1.79	1.50
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.99	2.00	2.00
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i,min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED	0.53 – ACCEPTED	0.41 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.99		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	19.57		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD - no. 47591-RDP/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	24	25	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	10.07	10.06	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	117.56	119.25	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	52.40	57.86	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	111.22	112.92	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	62.47	67.92	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1 - m_0) - (m_3 - m_2)} * \rho_L \qquad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 \text{ g/cm}^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	2.695	2.692	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	26.43	26.40	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0.003	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _s - final)	[g/cm ³]	2.690		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _s - final)	[kN/m ³]	26.41		


 Laboratory evaluator
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 Head of laboratory
 eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE AND HUMUS CONTENT OF SOILS

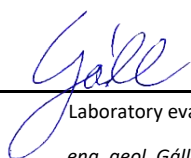
according to ASTM 4373 - 21, STAS 7107/1 - 76

Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.			Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county			Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS05	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
		Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	Sample description	medium plasticity sandy CLAY
				Sample No.	47591

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47591-RC/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Calimeter no.	u.m.	2	-
Injection pressure (P _i)	[bar]	0.167	-
Mass of dried specimen (m ₁)	[g]	1.000	-
Measured CO ₂ pressure (P _c)	[bar]	0.173	-
Formula $CaCO_3 = \frac{(P_c - P_i) * 100}{(m_1) * P_{max}}$			
Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.32	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0 – ADMIS	
Average result - Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.32	

DETERMINATION OF HUMUS CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47591-RH/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Cylinder no.	[-]	103	303
Formula		Colour	Humus content
		Colorless	0 - 1 %
		Yellowish	1 - 2 %
		From yellow to brownish	2 - 5 %
		Brown	> 5 %
Test colour	[-]	incolor	incolor
Humus content	[%]	0	0
Average result - Humus content	[%]	0	



Laboratory evaluator

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Head of laboratory

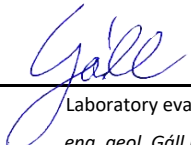
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

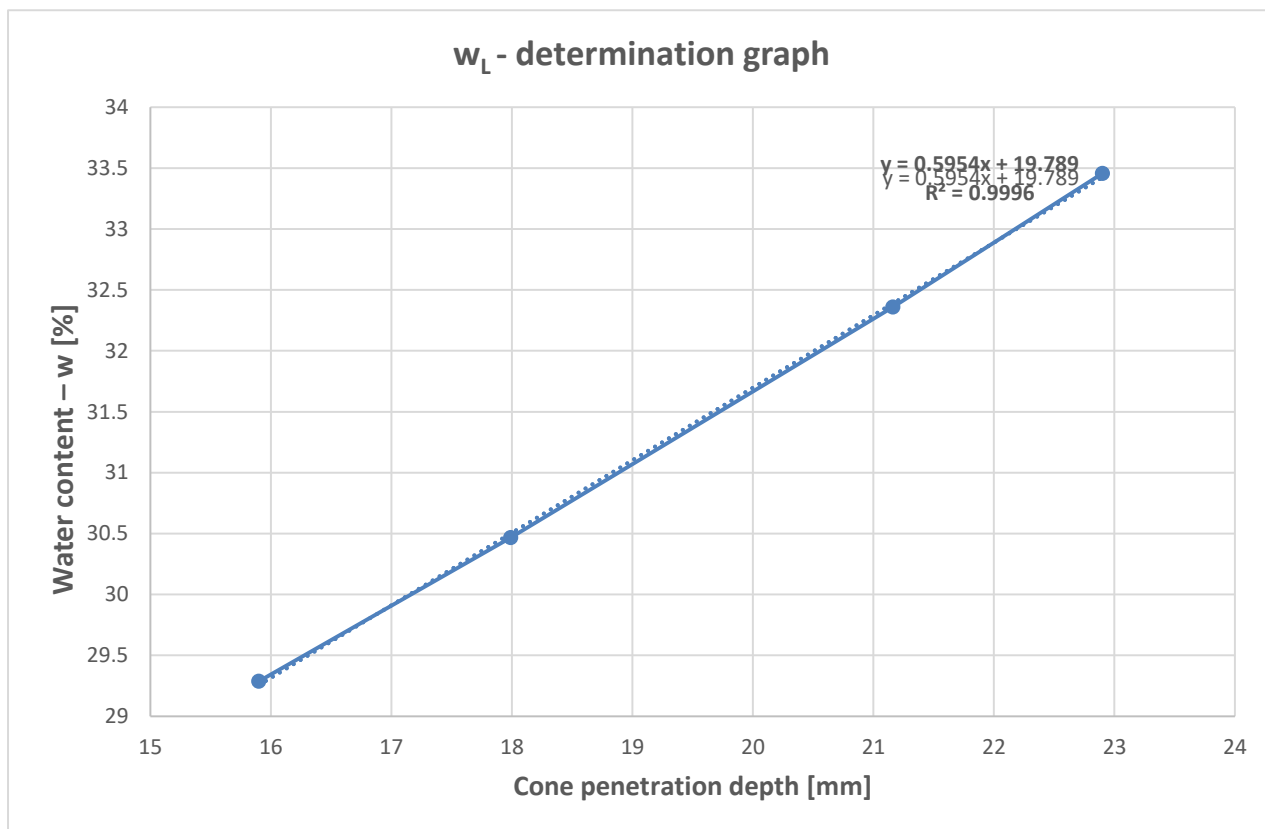
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS06	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
Superior depth of sample (m)	1.70	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
Inferior depth of sample (m)	2.00	Sample No.	47594

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT - no. 47594-RU/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	385	789	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	40.82	80.31	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	195.260	925.620	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	172.570	797.300	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	17.22	17.90	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.68 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	17.56			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD - no. 47594-RWP/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	202	203	250	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	21.73	21.66	20.90	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	24.220	24.270	23.710	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	23.930	23.990	23.400	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	13.18	12.02	12.40	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	1.16 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	12.53			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD - no. 47594-RWL/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	1017	1018	1020	1024
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	11.94	12.21	11.93	12.03
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	28.450	30.110	30.050	33.770
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	24.710	25.930	25.620	28.320
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	15.9	17.99	21.16	22.9
Water content (w)	[%]	29.29	30.47	32.36	33.46
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


 Laboratory evaluator
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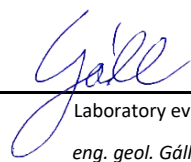

 Head of laboratory
 eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd


Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	YES
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	31.7
Correlation coefficient	[-]	0.9996

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) - no. 47594-RUL/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	9	10	205
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	16	16.5	16.5
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	60	65	65
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	5 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	65		

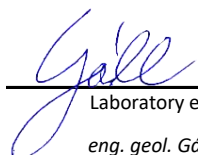

Laboratory evaluator
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Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016
Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.		Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county		Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS06	Superior depth of sample (m) 1.70 Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.00	Sample description low plasticity sandy CLAY Date of test 24-Mar-2025 Sample No. 47594	

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD - no. 47594-RDS/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	15.480	19.150	22.200
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	16.900	21.160	24.070
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	7.380	9.120	10.710
Formula	$V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{water}}, \rho_{water} = 0,998 g/cm^3 \qquad V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}} \qquad \rho_{sample} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$			
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	9.54	12.06	13.39
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	1.54	2.18	2.03
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.94	1.94	1.96
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i,min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED	0.12 – ACCEPTED	0.98 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.94		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	19.06		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD - no. 47594-RDP/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	28	29	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	10.05	10.09	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	118.57	116.83	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	53.86	51.76	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	112.25	110.48	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	63.91	61.85	
Formula	$\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1 - m_0) - (m_3 - m_2)} * \rho_L \qquad \rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 g/cm^3$			
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	2.690	2.693	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	26.38	26.41	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0.003	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	2.690		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	26.39		


 Laboratory evaluator
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DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE AND HUMUS CONTENT OF SOILS
according to ASTM 4373 - 21, STAS 7107/1 - 76

Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.			Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county			Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS06	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.70	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
		Inferior depth of sample (m)	2.00	Sample description	low plasticity sandy CLAY
				Sample No.	47594

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47594-RC/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Calimeter no.	u.m.	2	-
Injection pressure (P _i)	[bar]	0.167	-
Mass of dried specimen (m ₁)	[g]	1.000	-
Measured CO ₂ pressure (P _c)	[bar]	0.179	-
Formula $CaCO_3 = \frac{(P_c - P_i) * 100}{(m_1) * P_{max}}$			
Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.64	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0 – ADMIS	
Average result - Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.64	

DETERMINATION OF HUMUS CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47594-RH/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Cylinder no.	[-]	104	304
Formula		Colour	Humus content
		Colorless	0 - 1 %
		Yellowish	1 - 2 %
		From yellow to brownish	2 - 5 %
		Brown	> 5 %
Test colour	[-]	incolor	incolor
Humus content	[%]	0	0
Average result - Humus content	[%]	0	

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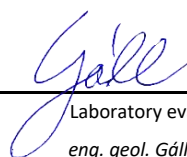



DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT, PLASTICITY AND FREE SWELL INDEX OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-1:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018, STAS 1913/12 - 88

Test report

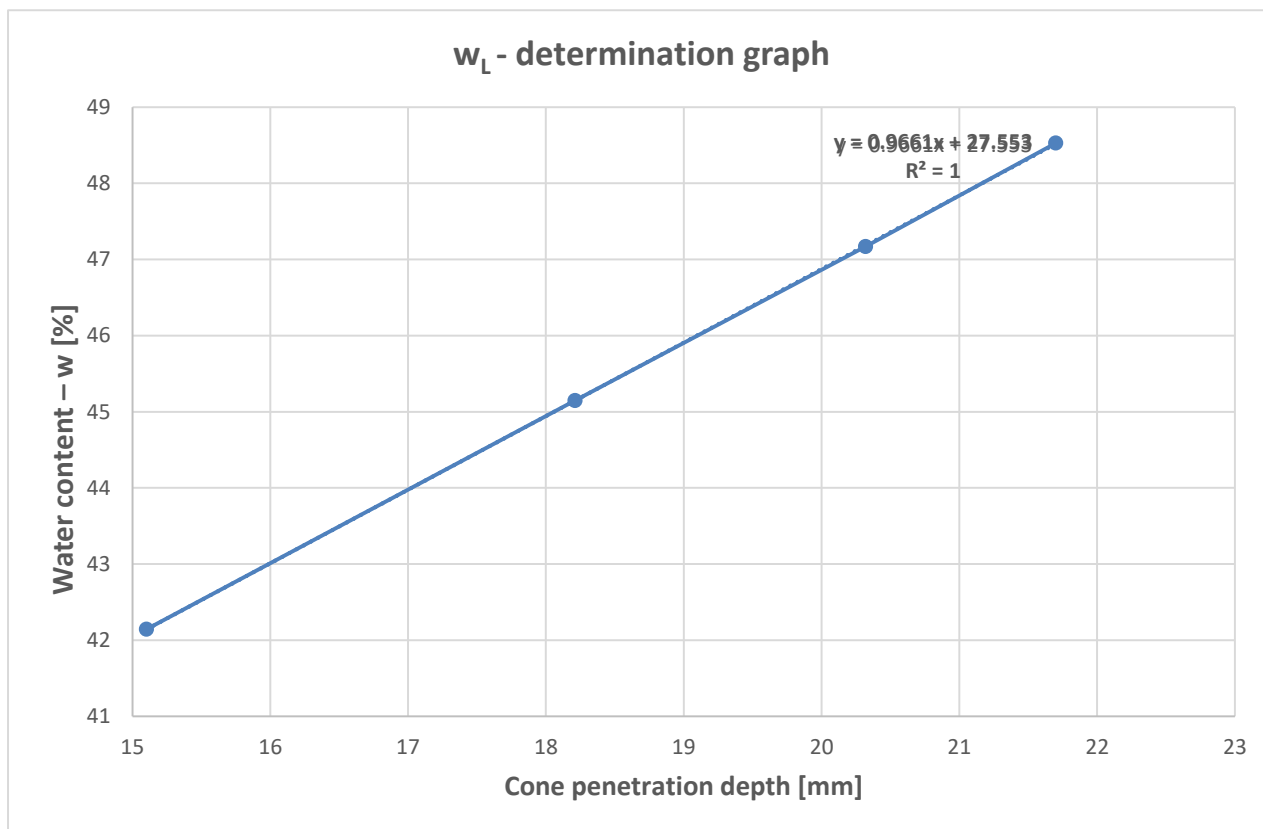
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS07	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Sample description	medium plasticity CLAY
Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	Sample No.	47595

DETERMINATION OF WATER CONTENT - no. 47595-RU/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	426	805	-	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	36.34	61.61	-	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (m _u)	[g]	151.680	822.750	-	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (m _d)	[g]	128.670	668.220	-	
Formula $w = \frac{m_u - m_d}{m_d - m_c} \times 100$					
Water content (w)	[%]	24.92	25.47	-	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0.55 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	25.20			
DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC LIMIT – THREAD ROLLING TEST METHOD - no. 47595-RWP/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	
		1	2	3	
Container no.	[-]	833	838	839	
Mass of container (m _c)	[g]	21.25	21.27	21.20	
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	23.580	24.100	24.230	
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	23.230	23.660	23.790	
Formula $w_p = \frac{A - B}{B - m_c} \times 100$					
Plastic limit (w _p)	[%]	17.68	18.41	16.99	
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2 %)	[%]	1.42 – ACCEPTED			
Average result	[%]	17.69			
DETERMINATION OF LIQUID LIMIT – FALL CONE TEST METHOD - no. 47595-RWL/03.31.2025					
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3	Specimen no. 4
		1	2	3	4
Container no.	[-]	3006	3008	3009	3010
Mass of the container (C)	[g]	13.19	11.70	11.69	11.66
Mass of moist test specimen + container (A)	[g]	27.390	30.700	29.880	35.870
Mass of dried test specimen + container (B)	[g]	23.180	24.790	24.050	27.960
Cone penetration depth (N)	[mm]	15.1	18.21	20.32	21.7
Water content (w)	[%]	42.14	45.15	47.17	48.53
BEST STRAIGHT-LINE FIT METHOD – THE MEASURED WATER CONTENTS IN ORDINATE AND THE CORRESPONDING CONE PENETRATIONS AS ABSCISSA. THE VALUE OF LIQUID LIMIT IS THE WATER CONTENT CORRESPONDING TO 20 mm PENETRATION.					


Laboratory evaluator
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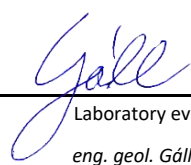

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Test report



Admissibility (collinearity 3 pct.)	[%]	YES
Liquid limit (w _L)	[%]	46.87
Correlation coefficient	[-]	1

DETERMINATION OF FREE SWELL INDEX (12g MATERIAL) - no. 47595-RUL/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Graduated cylinder no.	[-]	11	12	206
Initial volume of soil specimen (V _i)	[cm ³]	10	10	10
Final volume of soil specimen (V _f)	[cm ³]	20	20	20
Formula $U_L = 10x(V_f - V_i)$				
Free swell index (U _L)	[%]	100	100	100
Admissibility (Max - Min < 10%)	[%]	0 – ACCEPTED		
Average result	[%]	100		


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF BULK AND PARTICLE DENSITY OF SOILS
according to SR EN ISO 17892-2:2015, SR EN ISO 17892-3:2016
Test report

 Client *S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.*

Project No. 3140LGS

 Location *Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county*

Date of reception 24-Mar-2025

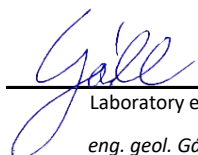
 Borehole No. *FS07*
 Superior depth of sample (m) 1.30
 Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50


 Sample description *medium plasticity CLAY*

Date of test 24-Mar-2025

Sample No. 47595

DETERMINATION OF BULK DENSITY – IMMERSION IN FLUID METHOD - no. 47595-RDS/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	Specimen no. 3
		1	2	3
Mass of the soil specimen (m ₀)	[g]	20.250	20.860	21.680
Mass of the specimen with coating wax (m ₁)	[g]	22.470	22.750	23.620
Mass of the immersed specimen (m ₂)	[g]	9.500	9.800	10.210
Formula $V_1 = \frac{m_1 - m_2}{\rho_{water}}, \rho_{water} = 0,998 g/cm^3$ $V_2 = \frac{m_1 - m_0}{\rho_{wax}}$ $\rho_{sample} = \frac{m_0}{V_1 - V_2}$				
Volume of the immersed specimen (V ₁)	[cm ³]	13.00	12.98	13.44
Volume of the coating wax (V ₂)	[cm ³]	2.41	2.05	2.11
Bulk density (ρ _i)	[g/cm ³]	1.91	1.91	1.91
Admissibility ((ρ _i -ρ _{i,min}) / ρ _i < 1%)	[%]	0.18 – ACCEPTED	0 – ACCEPTED	0.2 – ACCEPTED
Average result - Bulk Density (ρ)	[g/cm ³]	1.91		
Average result - Bulk unit weight (γ)	[kN/m ³]	18.76		
DETERMINATION OF PARTICLE DENSITY – FLUID PYCNOMETER METHOD - no. 47595-RDP/03.31.2025				
Characteristics	unit	Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2	
		1	2	
Pycnometer no.	[-]	30	31	
Mass of the oven dried test specimen (m ₄)	[g]	10.05	10.04	
Mass of the pycnometer + specimen + control fluid (m ₃)	[g]	117.46	118.21	
Mass of the dry pycnometer (m ₀)	[g]	53.72	53.00	
Mass of the pycnometer + control fluid (m ₁)	[g]	111.18	111.95	
Mass of the pycnometer + dry specimen (m ₂)	[g]	63.77	63.04	
Formula $\rho_s = \frac{m_4}{(m_1 - m_0) - (m_3 - m_2)} * \rho_L$ $\rho_L (20^oC) = 0,99823 g/cm^3$				
Soil particle density (ρ _s)	[g/cm ³]	2.661	2.651	
Soil particle unit weight (γ _s)	[kN/m ³]	26.09	26.00	
Admissibility (ρ _{s2} -min(ρ _{s1} ,ρ _{s2}) < 0.03 g/cm ³)	[g/cm ³]	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0.01	ACCEPTED - Δρ = 0	
Average result - Soil particle density (ρ _{s - final})	[g/cm ³]	2.660		
Average result - Soil particle unit weight (γ _{s - final})	[kN/m ³]	26.05		


 Laboratory evaluator
 eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


 Head of laboratory
 eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE AND HUMUS CONTENT OF SOILS

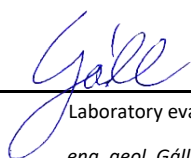
according to ASTM 4373 - 21, STAS 7107/1 - 76

Test report

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.			Project No.	3140LGS
Location	Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county			Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Borehole No.	FS07	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Date of test	24-Mar-2025
		Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	Sample No.	47595
		Sample description	medium plasticity CLAY		

DETERMINATION OF CARBONATE CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47595-RC/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Calimeter no.	u.m.	2	-
Injection pressure (P _i)	[bar]	0.167	-
Mass of dried specimen (m ₁)	[g]	1.000	-
Measured CO ₂ pressure (P _c)	[bar]	0.185	-
Formula $CaCO_3 = \frac{(P_c - P_i) * 100}{(m_1) * P_{max}}$			
Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.97	-
Admissibility (Max - Min < 2%)	[%]	0 – ADMIS	
Average result - Carbonate content (calcite equivalent)	[%]	0.97	

DETERMINATION OF HUMUS CONTENT			
Test report - no. 47595-RH/03.31.2025			
Characteristics		Specimen no. 1	Specimen no. 2
		1	2
Cylinder no.	[-]	105	305
Formula		Colour	Humus content
		Colorless	0 - 1 %
		Yellowish	1 - 2 %
		From yellow to brownish	2 - 5 %
		Brown	> 5 %
Test colour	[-]	slab gălbui	slab gălbui
Humus content	[%]	1	1
Average result - Humus content	[%]	1	



Laboratory evaluator

eng. geol. Gáll Hunor



Head of laboratory

eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS01 Sample No. 42672

Superior depth of sample (m) 2.00

Date of test 05.02.2024

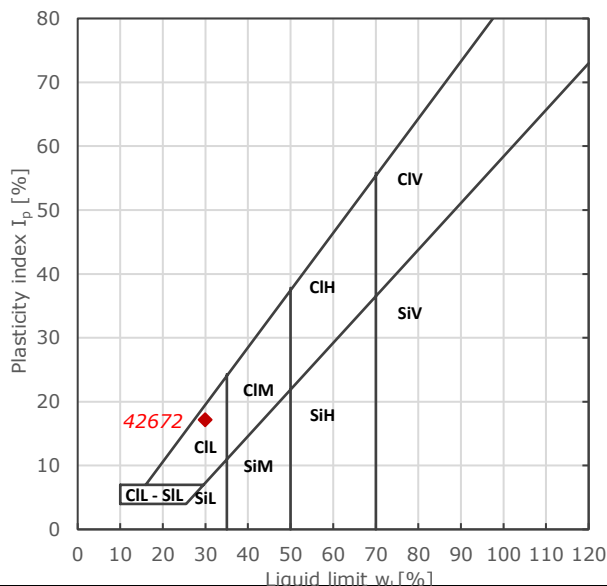
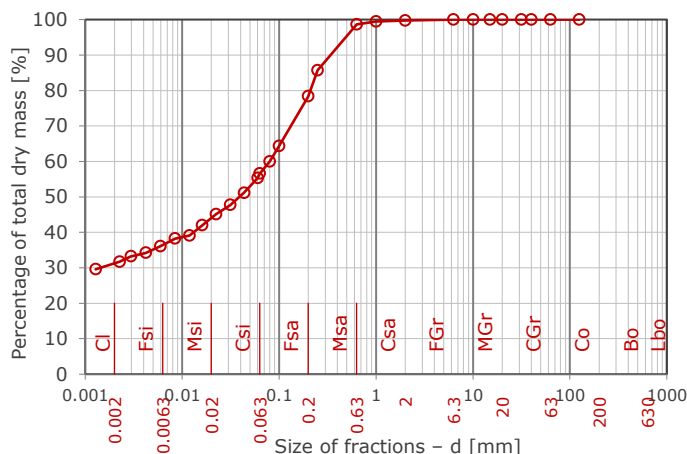
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.40

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	60.42
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.25
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	1.12
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	20.28
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	21.78
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	12.65
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	7.53
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	5.24
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	31.15

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	0.00147	0.08009
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	17.15	29.93



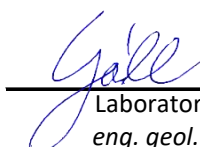
Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

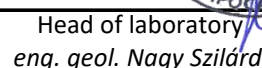
% sand + % gravel = 43.43

% sand (43.18) >= % gravel (0.25)

Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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File no.

FL-073

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Project No. 2819LGS

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS01 Sample No. 42674

Superior depth of sample (m) 3.60

Date of test 25.01.2024

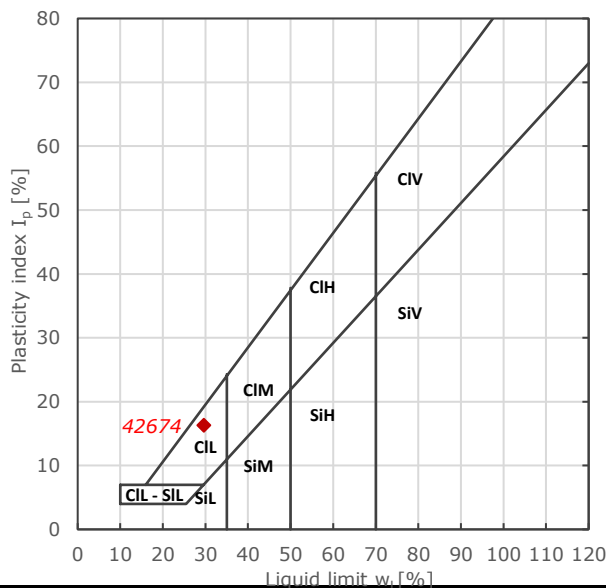
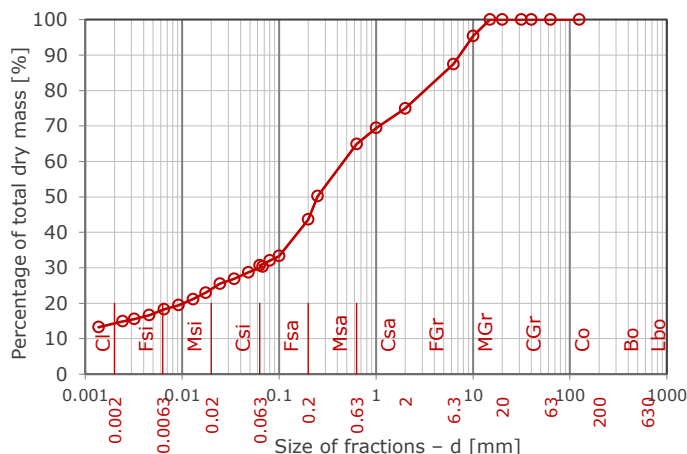
Inferior depth of sample (m) 4.00

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g] 68.87

Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	12.56
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	12.49
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	10.07
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	21.25
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	12.96
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	6.80
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	5.74
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	3.91
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	14.22

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	0.06384	0.50376
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	16.30	29.63



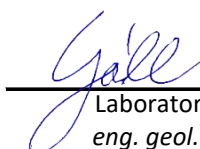
Non-cohesive soil (more than 50% coarse particles)

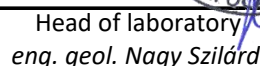
% sand + % gravel = 69.33

% sand (44.28) >= % gravel (25.05)

Sample description

gravelly low plasticity clayey SAND


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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File no.

FL-073

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS01 Sample No. 42675

Superior depth of sample (m) 5.50

Date of test 05.02.2024

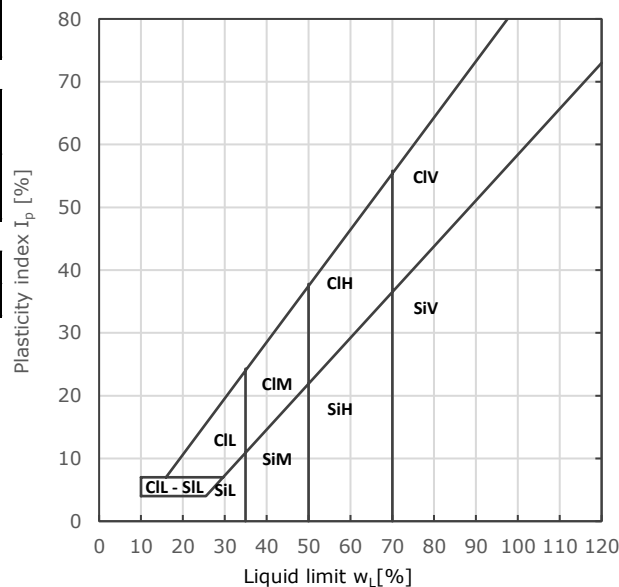
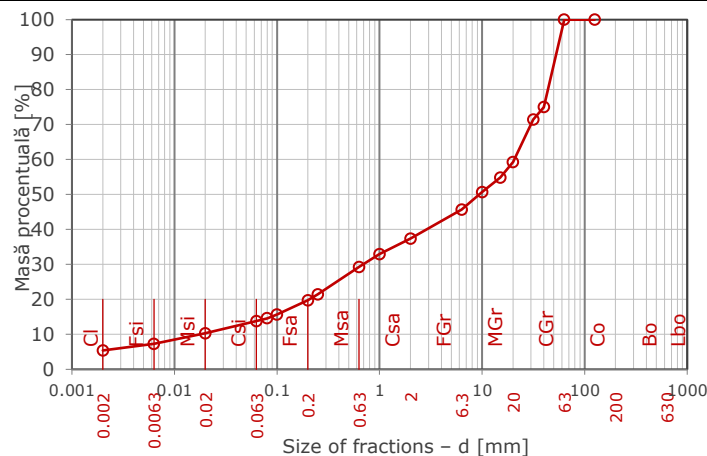
Inferior depth of sample (m) 7.00

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g] 2361.96

Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	40.69
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	13.62
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	8.27
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	8.13
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	9.58
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	5.92
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	3.51
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	3.03
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	1.85
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	5.40

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
-	-	0.70119	20.65470
Uniformity coefficient – Cu	Coefficient of curvature – Cc		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
-	-	-

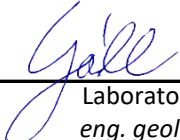


Pământ necoeziv (mai mult de 50% părți grosiere)

% nisip + % pietriș = 86.21

Sample description

sandy silty GRAVEL


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS02 Sample No. 42677

Superior depth of sample (m) 1.60

Date of test 25.01.2024

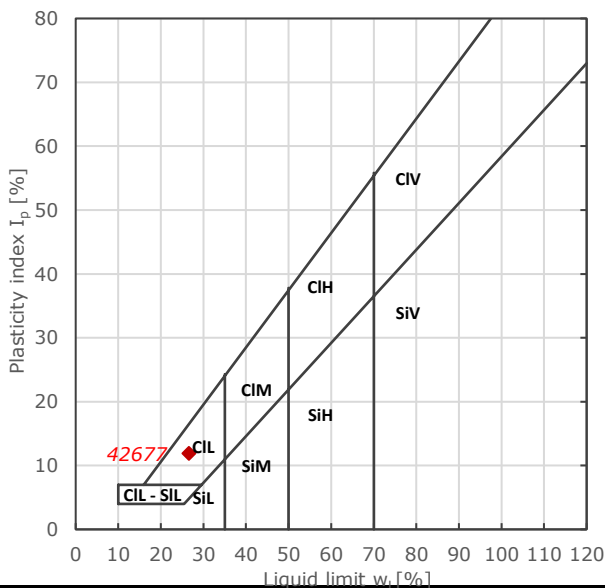
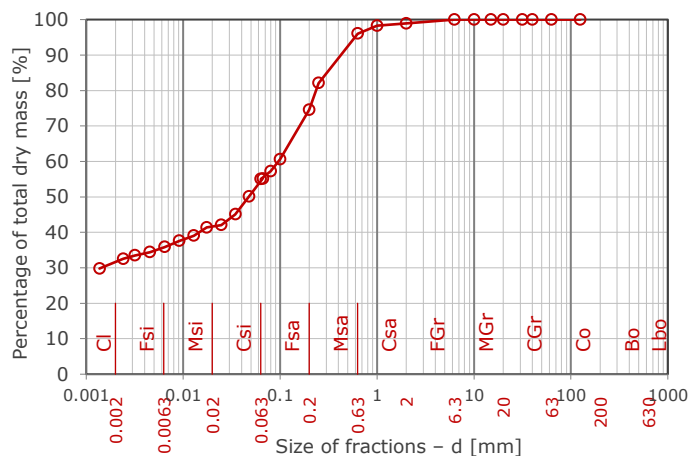
Inferior depth of sample (m) 2.00

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	47.00
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	1.11
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	2.85
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	21.47
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	19.55
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	13.40
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	5.89
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	4.26
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	31.47

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	0.00144	0.09637
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	11.88	26.55



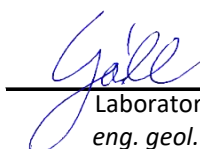
Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

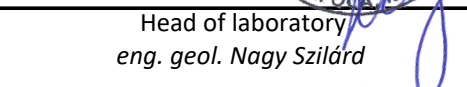
% sand + % gravel = 44.98

% sand (43.87) >= % gravel (1.11)

Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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File no.

FL-073

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS02 Sample No. 42679

Superior depth of sample (m) 2.60

Date of test 25.01.2024

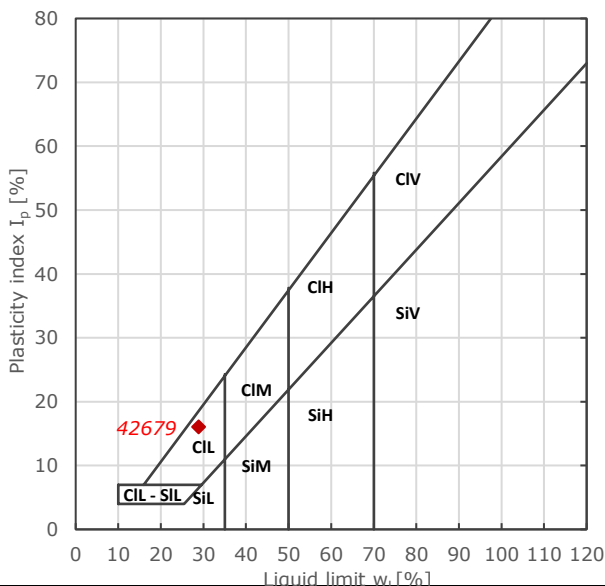
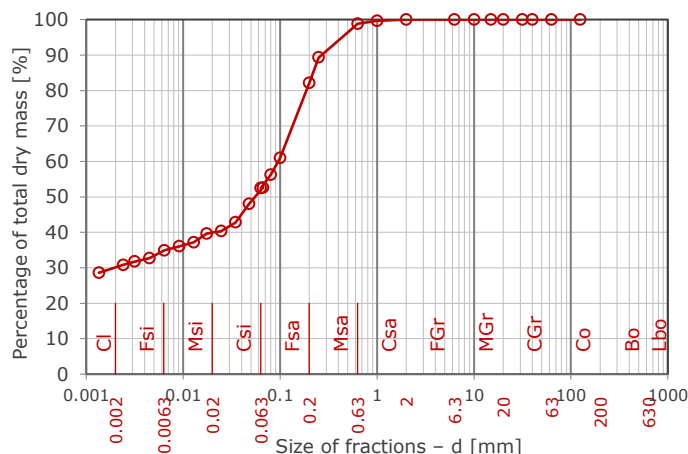
Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.00

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	45.10
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.00
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	1.19
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	16.74
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	29.60
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	12.59
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	5.09
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	4.84
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	29.95

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	0.00202	0.09593
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	16.05	28.84



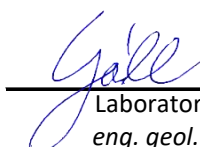
Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

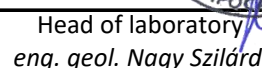
% sand + % gravel = 47.53

% sand (47.53) >= % gravel (0)

Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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File no.

FL-073

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS02 Sample No. 42682

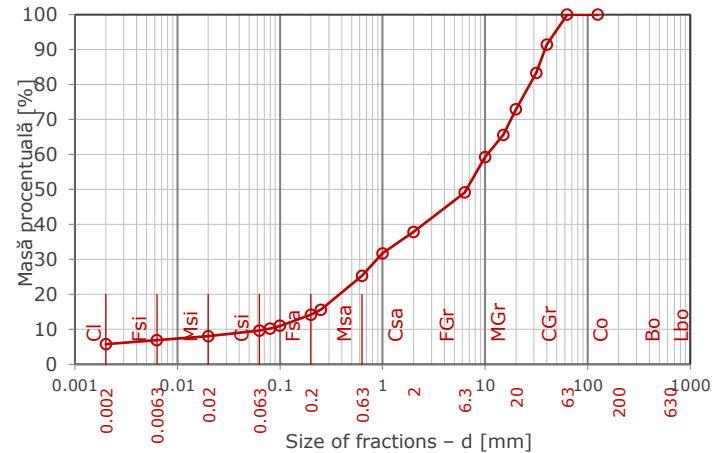
Superior depth of sample (m) 7.00

Date of test 05.02.2024

Inferior depth of sample (m) 8.00

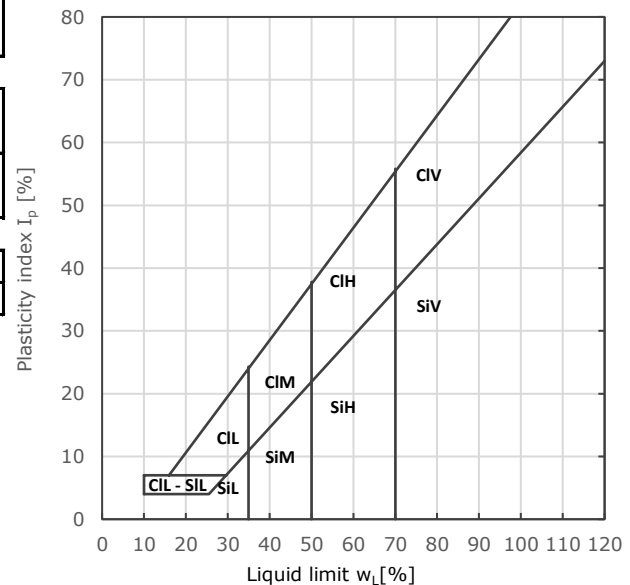
Dry sample mass for granulometry [g] 2965.81

Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	27.05
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	23.82
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	11.25
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	12.57
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	11.13
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	4.49
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	1.66
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	1.15
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	1.11
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	5.77



Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	0.07294	0.90114	10.54762
Uniformity coefficient – Cu	Coefficient of curvature – Cc		
144.61	1.06		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	-	-



Pământ necoeziv (mai mult de 50% părți grosiere)

% nisip + % pietriș = 90.31

Sample description

sandy GRAVEL

Gall
Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Nagy Szilárd
Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS03 Sample No. 42685

Superior depth of sample (m) 1.00

Date of test 25.01.2024

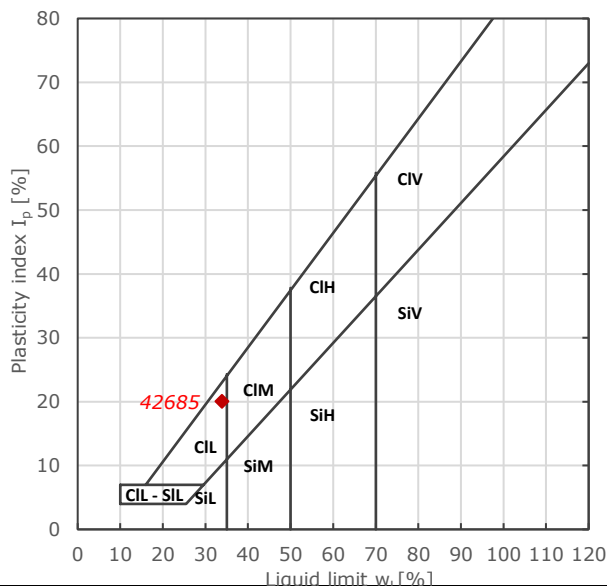
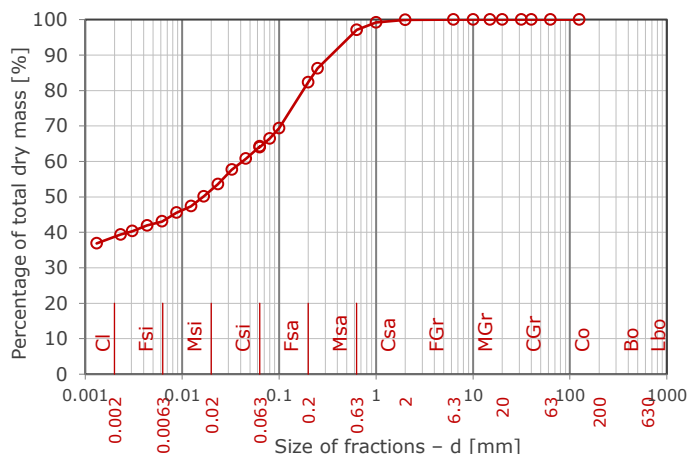
Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.40

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	45.90
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.11
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	2.83
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	14.75
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	18.30
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	12.19
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	8.65
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	4.60
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	38.57

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	-	0.04213
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	20.02	33.84



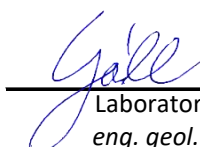
Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

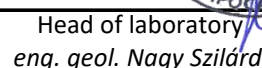
% sand + % gravel = 35.99

% sand (35.88) ≥ % gravel (0.11)

Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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File no.

FL-073

Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18.01.2024

Borehole No. FS03 Sample No. 42689

Superior depth of sample (m) 4.30

Date of test 05.02.2024

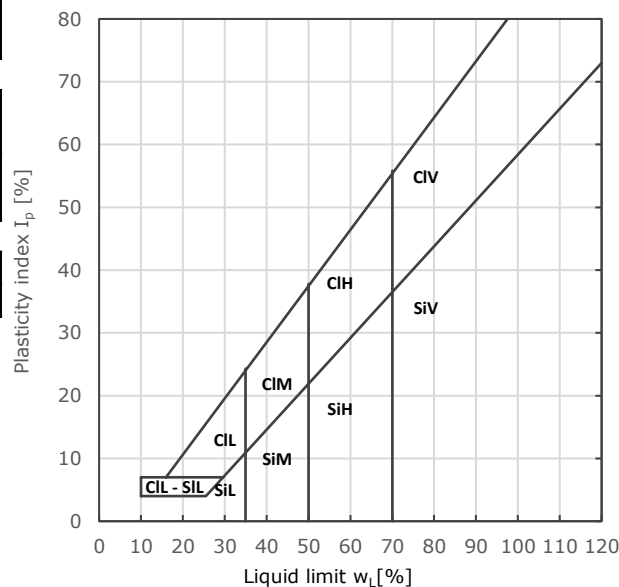
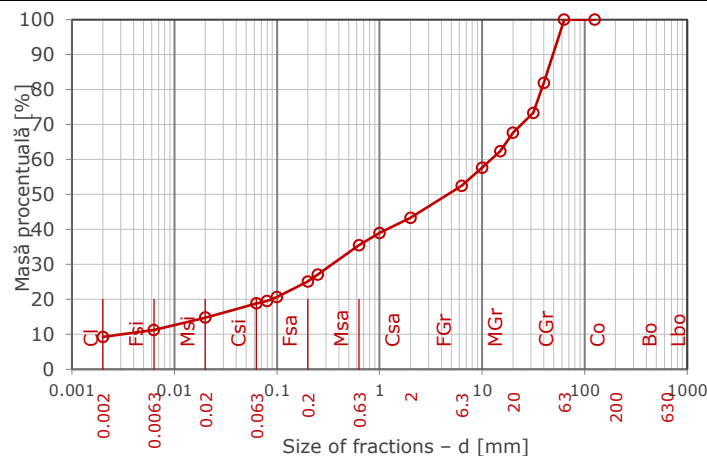
Inferior depth of sample (m) 6.00

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g] 2406.80

Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	32.34
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	15.21
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	9.10
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	7.83
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	10.39
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	6.28
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	4.05
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	3.51
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	2.02
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	9.27

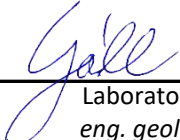
Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
-	-	0.38029	12.44211
Uniformity coefficient – Cu	Coefficient of curvature – Cc		
-	-		


Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
-	-	-



Sample description

sandy silty GRAVEL


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report - no. 47589-RG/03.31.2025

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA	Date of reception	45740
Borehole No.	FS04	Sample No.	47589
	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30	Date of test
	Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50	45741

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	52.62
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantified [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.87
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	3.86
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	21.12
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	18.64
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	11.05
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	8.36
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	5.19
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	30.91

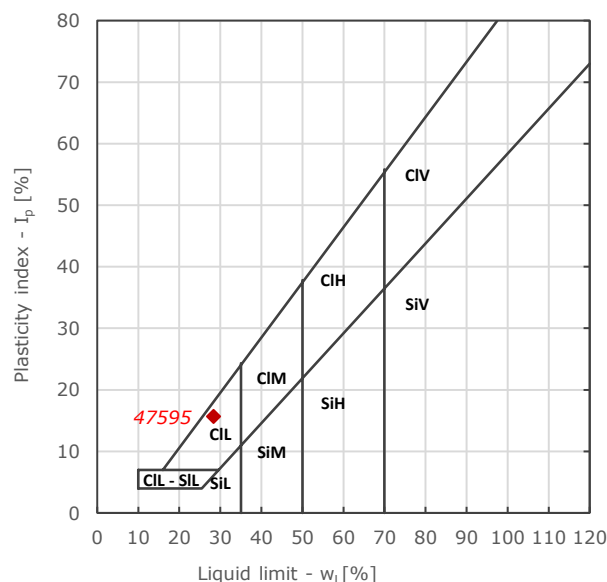
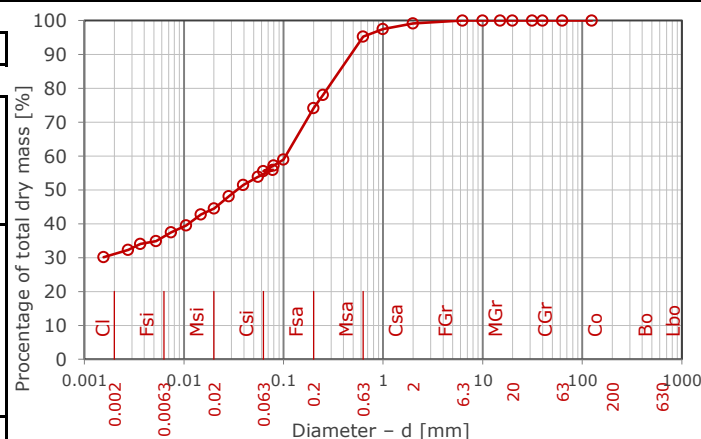
Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	-	0.10679
Uniformity coefficient - C _u	Coefficient of curvature - C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	15.68	28.37

Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

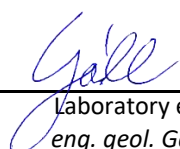
% sand + % gravel = 44.49


% sand (43.62) ≥ % gravel (0.87)



Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

File code
FL-102

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report - no. 47597-RG/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of reception 24.03.2025

Borehole No. FS04

Sample No. 47597

Superior depth of sample (m) 2.50

Date of test 25.03.2025

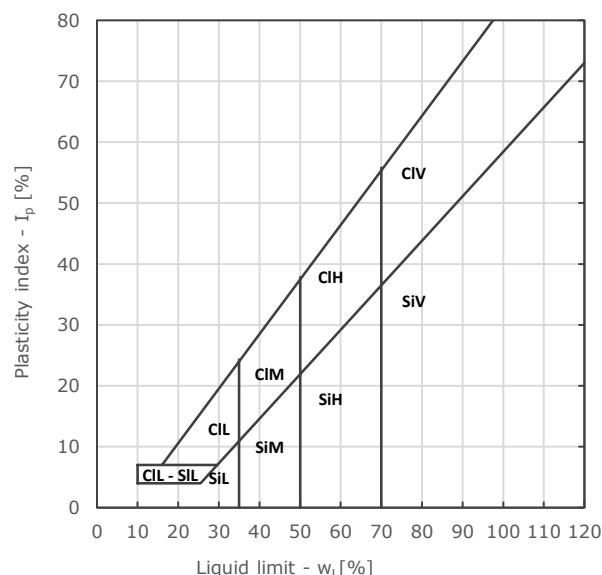
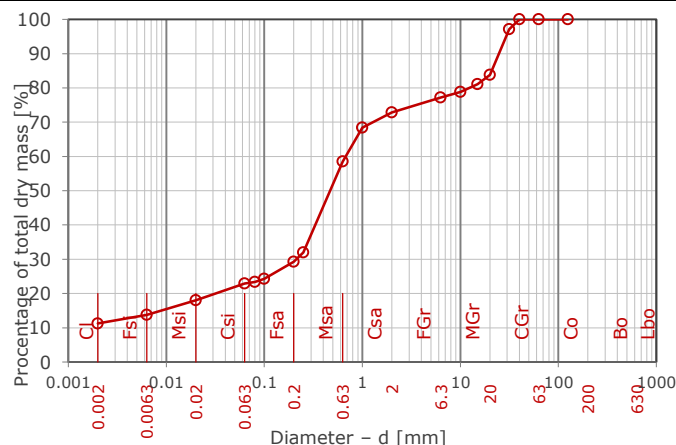
Inferior depth of sample (m) 3.20

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g] 1494.54

Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantification [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	16.24
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	6.61
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	4.32
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	14.27
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	29.29
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	6.37
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	4.92
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	4.27
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	2.45
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	11.26

Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
-	-	0.21337	0.68398
Uniformity coefficient – Cu	Coefficient of curvature – Cc		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
-	-	-



Sample description

gravelly silty SAND

Gall
Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Nagy Szilárd
Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code
FL-102

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report - no. 47591-RG/03.31.2025

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA	Date of reception	45740
Borehole No.	FS05	Sample No.	47591
		Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30
		Inferior depth of sample (m)	1.50
		Date of test	45741

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	49.38
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantified [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	2.07
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	1.07
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	2.99
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	17.08
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	11.66
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	8.61
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	10.79
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	5.61
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	40.12

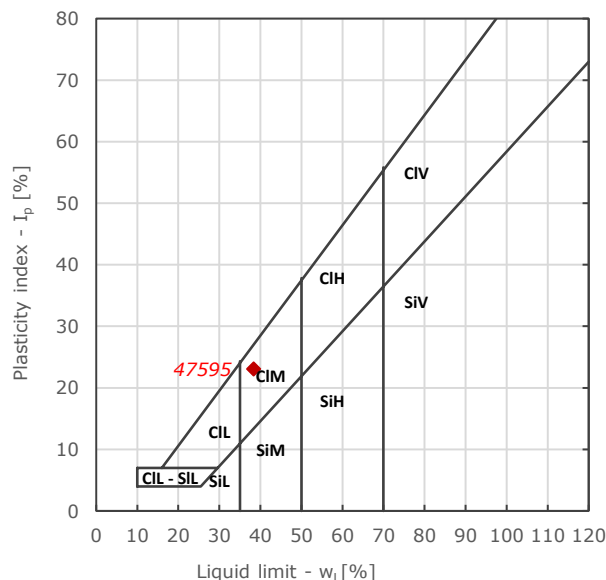
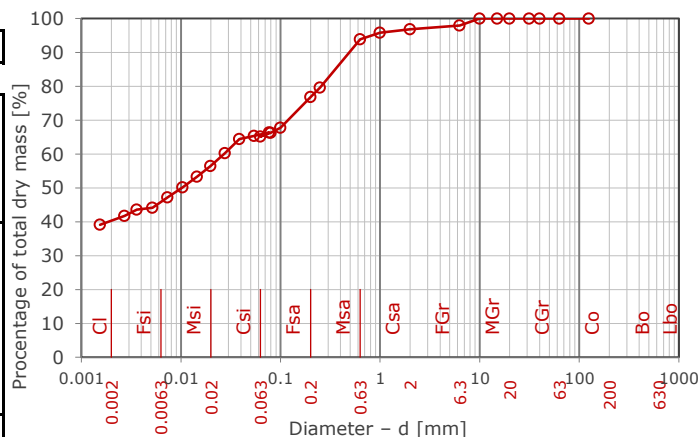
Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
	-	-	0.02726
Uniformity coefficient – C _u	Coefficient of curvature – C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
	23.10	38.37

Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

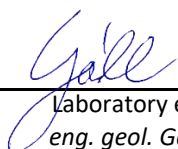
% sand + % gravel = 34.87


% sand (31.73) ≥ % gravel (3.14)



Sample description

medium plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

File code
FL-102

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report - no. 47594-RG/03.31.2025

Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Project No.	3140LGS
Location	MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA	Date of reception	45740
Borehole No.	FS06	Sample No.	47594
	Superior depth of sample (m)	1.70	Date of test
	Inferior depth of sample (m)	2.00	45741

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	62.02
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantified [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.10
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	2.18
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	21.25
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	21.53
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	11.18
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	7.86
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	4.96
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	30.94

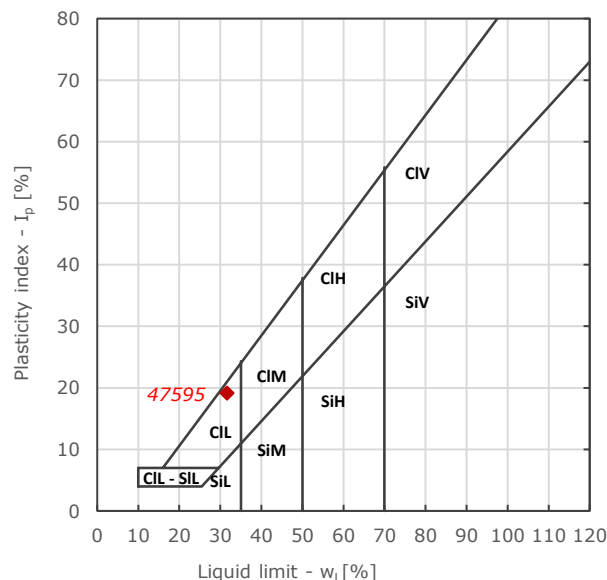
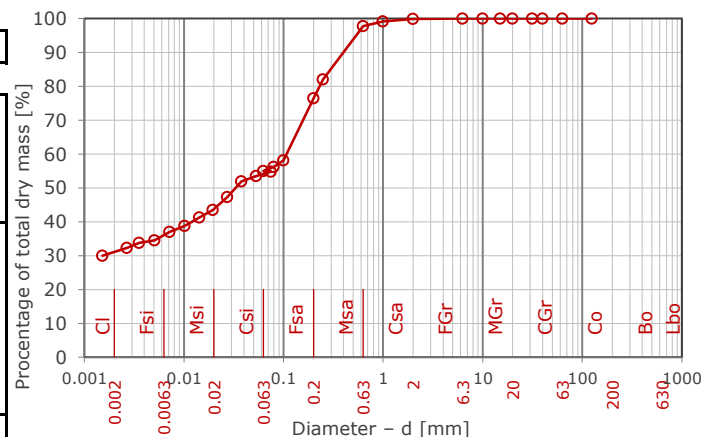
Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀	d ₃₀	d ₆₀
-	-	0.00153	0.11034
Uniformity coefficient - C _u	Coefficient of curvature - C _c		
-	-		

Plasticity [%]	I _p	w _L
-	19.17	31.70

Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)

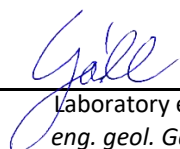
% sand + % gravel = 45.06


% sand (44.96) ≥ % gravel (0.1)



Sample description

low plasticity sandy CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

File code
FL-102

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Classification of soils based on particle size distribution and plasticity

according to SR EN ISO 14688:2-2018 / SR EN ISO 17892-4:2017 / SR EN ISO 17892-12:2018

Test report - no. 47595-RG/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Project No. 3140LGS

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MURES COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Date of reception 45740

Borehole No. *FS07*

Sample No. 47595

Superior depth of sample (m)	1.30
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Date of test 45741

Inferior depth of sample (m) 1.50

Dry sample mass for granulometry [g]	42.41
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Soil group	Subdivision	Symbol	Size [mm]	Quantified [%]
Very coarse	Large boulders	Lbo	> 630	0.00
	Boulders	Bo	200-630	0.00
	Cobbles	Co	63-200	0.00
Coarse	Coarse gravel	CGr	20-63	0.00
	Medium gravel	MGr	6,3-20	0.00
	Fine gravel	FGr	2-6,3	0.00
	Coarse sand	Csa	0,63-2	0.54
	Medium sand	Msa	0,2-0,63	6.01
	Fine sand	Fsa	0,063-0,2	7.29
Fine	Coarse silt	Csi	0,02-0,063	11.19
	Medium silt	Msi	0,0063-0,02	12.44
	Fine silt	Fsi	0,002-0,0063	8.22
	Clay	Cl	≤ 0,002	54.31

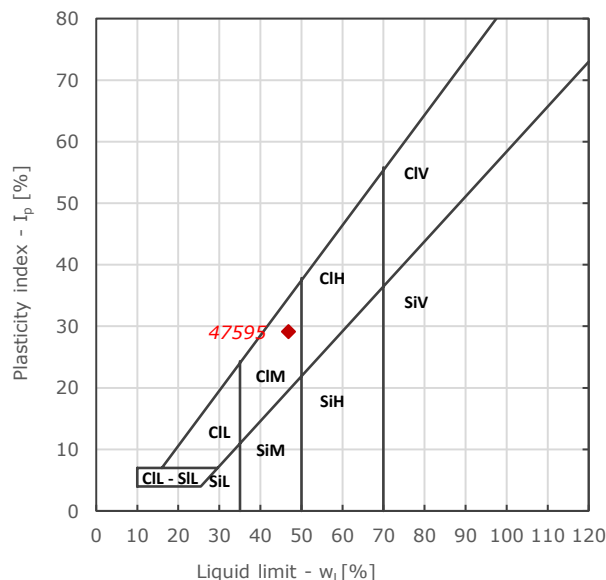
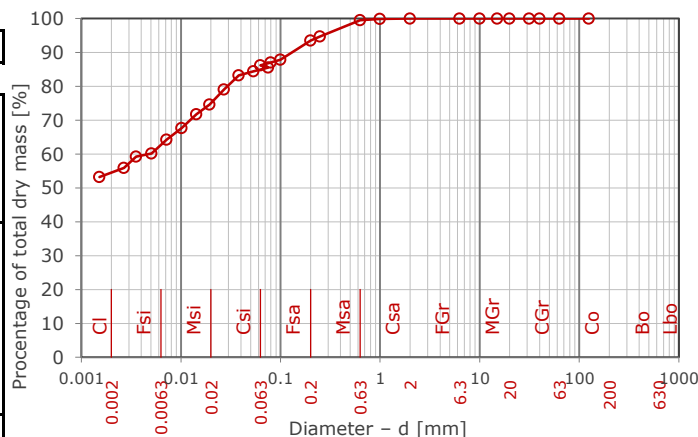
Particle diameters [mm]	d ₁₀ -	d ₃₀ -	d ₆₀ 0.00478
Uniformity coefficient – C _U -	Coefficient of curvature – C _C -		

Plasticity [%]	I_p	w_L
	29.18	46.87

Cohesive soil (more than 50% fine particles)


$$\% \text{ sand} + \% \text{ gravel} = 13.84$$

% sand + % gravel has no influence on soil behavior



Sample description

medium plasticity CLAY


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

File code
FL-102

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DETERMINATION OF THE SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS THROUGH DIRECT SHEAR TEST

according to SR EN ISO 17892-10:2019

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Order nr. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Sample type undisturbed

Superior depth of sample 2.00 m

Test date 17-Feb-2024

Test type consolidated-drained (CD)

Inferior depth of sample 2.40 m

Borehole no. FS01

Sample no. 42672

Sample description			yellowish brown low plasticity sandy CLAY		
Final observations			-		
Nominal dimensions					
Diameter	[mm]	50	Machine type	6. Controls 27-WF21A60	
Area	[cm ²]	19.63			
Initial physical parameters					
Vertical load	[kPa]	27 kPa	52 kPa	77 kPa	
Initial water content	w [%]	19.01	18.97	19.06	
Particle density	γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.8	26.8	26.8	
Initial dry density	γ_d [kN/m ³]	16.51	16.86	16.70	
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	19.65	20.05	19.89	
Void ratio	e	0.62	0.59	0.60	
Degree of saturation	Sr [%]	83.33	87.86	86.14	
Shear parameters					
Shear rate	[mm/min]	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	
Maximum shear strength	[kPa]	22.03	35.67	47.86	
Chosen post-peak shear strength	[kPa]	18.89	31.83	43.64	
Displacement at failure	[mm]	2.26	2.21	1.80	
Chosen post-peak displacement	[mm]	3.39	2.85	2.60	

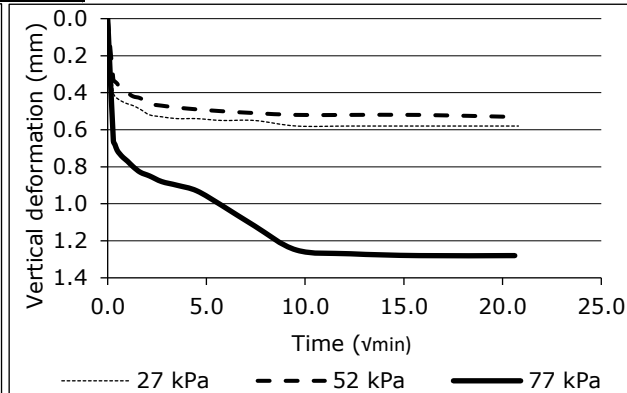
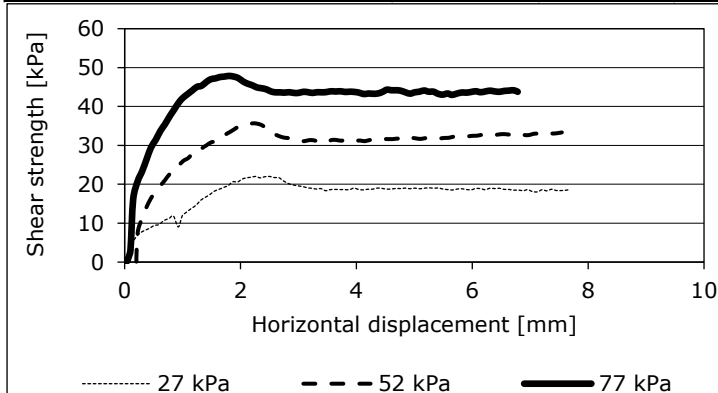
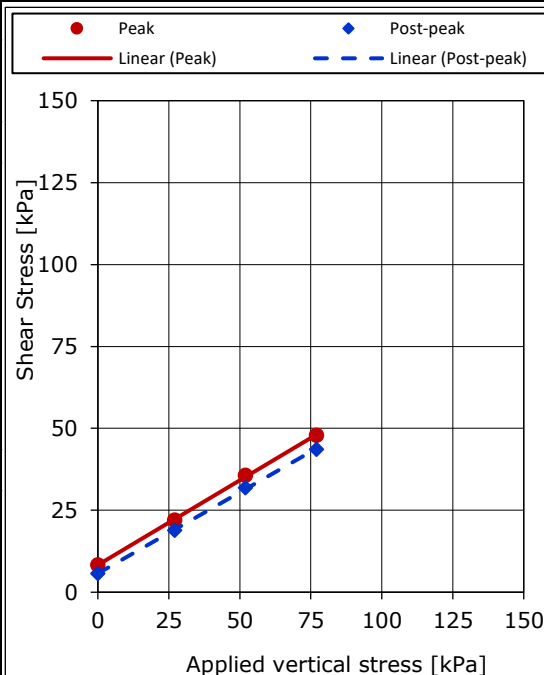
Peak

Linear (Peak)

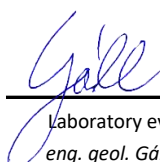
Post-peak

Linear (Post-peak)

Applied vertical stress [kPa]	Peak Shear Stress [kPa]	Post-peak Shear Stress [kPa]
0	0	0
27	22.03	18.89
52	35.67	31.83
77	47.86	43.64



Shear resistance parameters			
ϕ' peak	c' peak	ϕ' post-peak	c' post-peak
27.32 °	8.32 °	26.33 °	5.72 °


laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



DETERMINATION OF THE SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS THROUGH DIRECT SHEAR TEST

according to SR EN ISO 17892-10:2019

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Order nr. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Sample type undisturbed

Superior depth of sample 1.60 m

Test date 16-Feb-2024

Test type consolidated-drained (CD)

Inferior depth of sample 2.00 m

Borehole no. FS02

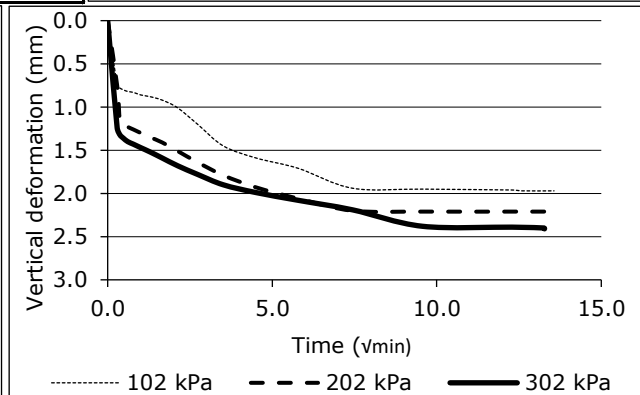
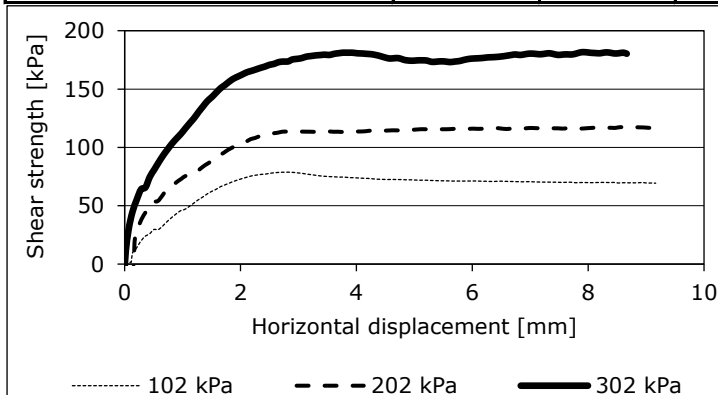
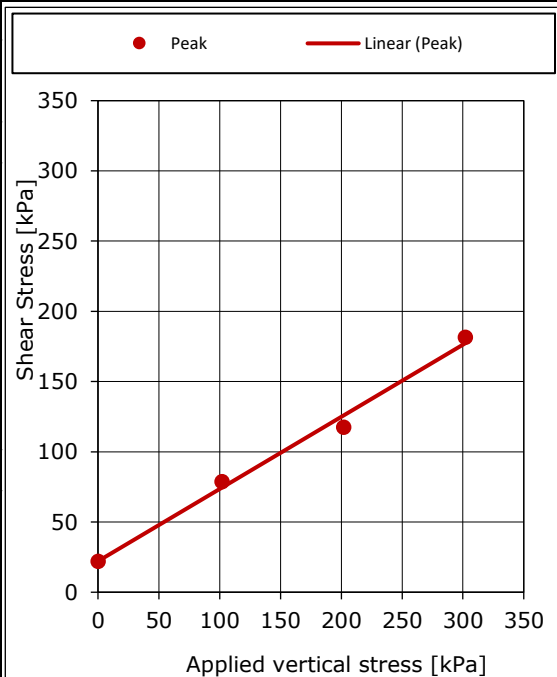
Sample no. 42677

Sample description	yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY
Final observations	-

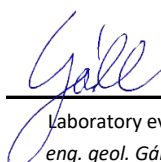
Nominal dimensions			
Diameter [mm]	50	Machine type	4. Controls 27-WF21A60
Area [cm ²]	19.63		


Initial physical parameters				
Vertical load [kPa]	102 kPa	202 kPa	302 kPa	
Initial water content w [%]	17.44	17.40	17.49	
Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.8	26.8	26.8	
Initial dry density γ_d [kN/m ³]	17.10	16.63	16.93	
Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	20.08	19.53	19.89	
Void ratio e	0.57	0.61	0.58	
Degree of saturation Sr [%]	84.01	77.75	81.96	

Shear parameters			
Shear rate [mm/min]	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080
Maximum shear strength [kPa]	78.77	117.35	181.55
Chosen post-peak shear strength [kPa]	-	-	-
Displacement at failure [mm]	2.83	8.79	7.96
Chosen post-peak displacement [mm]	-	-	-



Shear resistance parameters			
ϕ' peak	c' peak	ϕ' post-peak	c' post-peak
27.20 °	22.08 °	-	-


laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF THE SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS THROUGH DIRECT SHEAR TEST

according to SR EN ISO 17892-10:2019

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Order nr. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Sample type undisturbed

Superior depth of sample 1.00 m

Test date 19-Feb-2024

Test type consolidated-drained (CD)

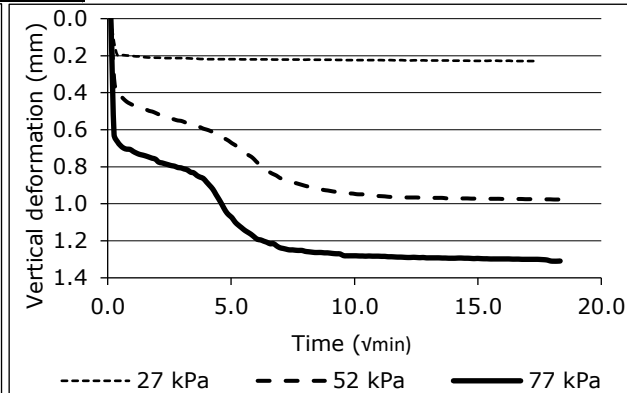
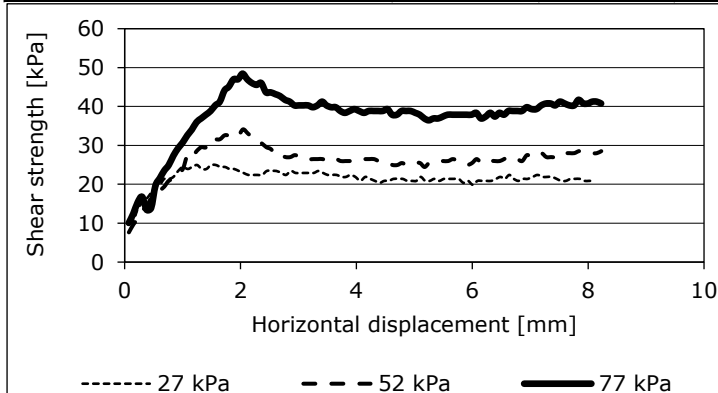
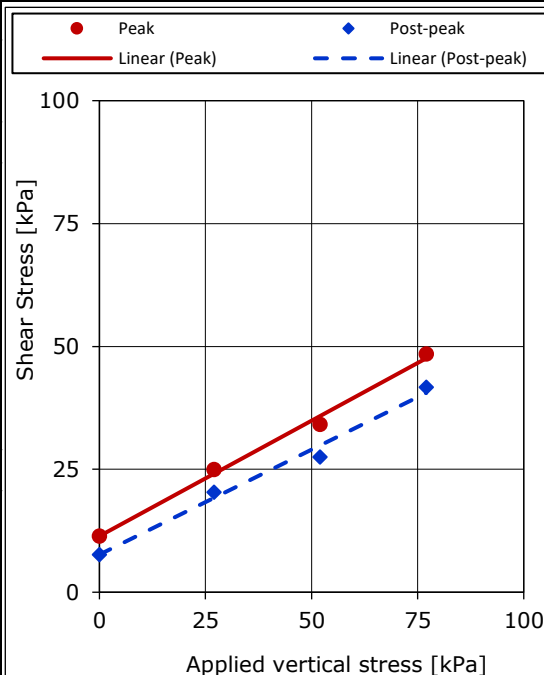
Inferior depth of sample 1.40 m

Borehole no. FS03

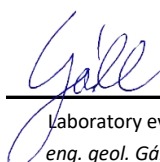
Sample no. 42685

Sample description	yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY		
Final observations	-		

Nominal dimensions				
Diameter	[mm]	50	Machine type	9. Matest S277-01
Area	[cm ²]	19.63		
Initial physical parameters				
Vertical load	[kPa]	27 kPa	52 kPa	77 kPa
Initial water content	w [%]	20.47	20.41	20.53
Particle density	γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.8	26.8	26.8
Initial dry density	γ_d [kN/m ³]	15.63	15.51	15.47
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	18.82	18.68	18.65
Void ratio	e	0.72	0.73	0.73
Degree of saturation	Sr [%]	78.18	76.60	76.59
Shear parameters				
Shear rate	[mm/min]	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080
Maximum shear strength	[kPa]	24.96	34.12	48.44
Chosen post-peak shear strength	[kPa]	20.37	27.50	41.72
Displacement at failure	[mm]	1.25	2.04	2.04
Chosen post-peak displacement	[mm]	4.40	1.09	2.77



Shear resistance parameters			
ϕ' peak	c' peak	ϕ' post-peak	c' post-peak
25.16 °	11.42 °	23.12 °	7.66 °


laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



DETERMINATION OF THE SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS THROUGH DIRECT SHEAR TEST

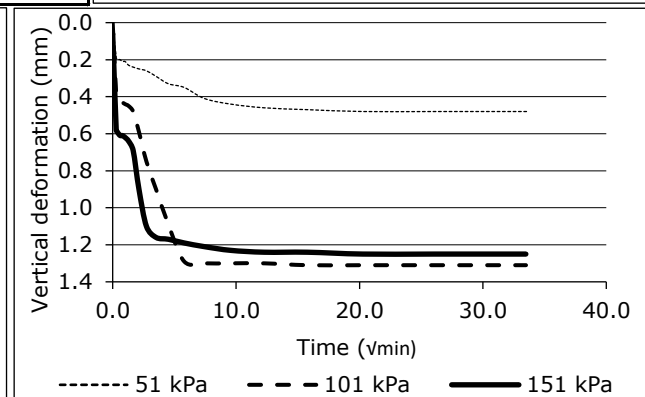
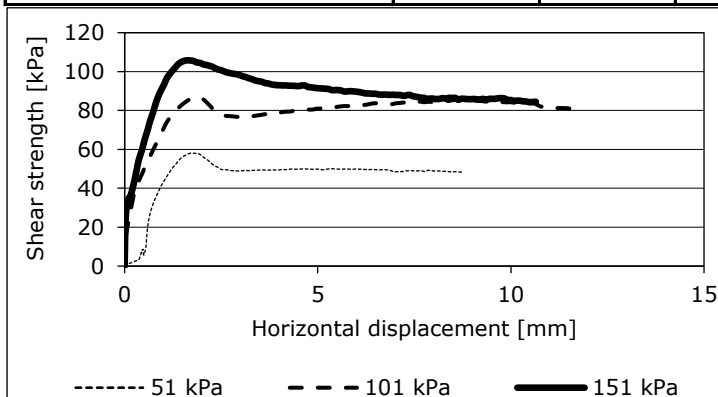
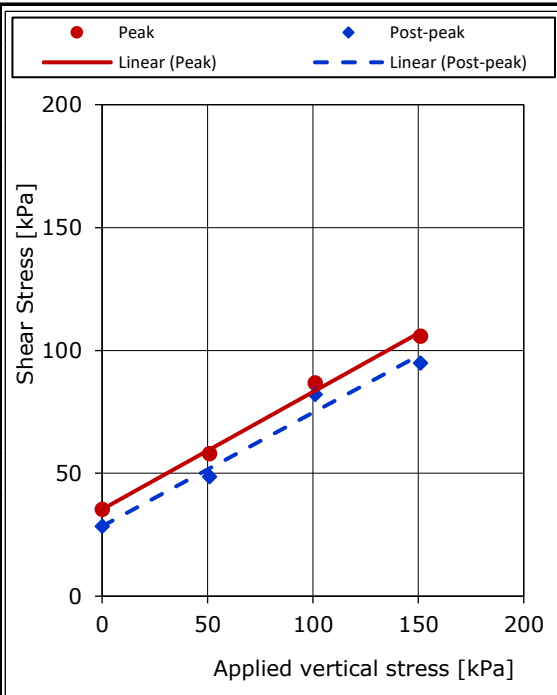
according to SR EN ISO 17892-10:2019

Test report - no.47590-RFD/03.31.2025

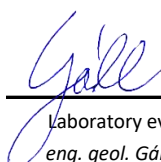
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Order no.	3140LGS
Project	-	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Location	MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA	Test date	24-Mar-2025
Sample type	undisturbed	Borehole no.	FS04
Test type	consolidated-drained (CD)	Sample number	47590
	Top depth of sample	1.50 m	
	Bottom depth of sample	1.70 m	

Sample description	greyish-brown, stiff, low plasticity sandy CLAY
Final observations	-

Nominal dimensions				
Diameter	[mm]	50	Device type	1. Controls 27-WF2060
Area	[cm ²]	19.63		
Initial physical parameters				
Load	[kPa]	51 kPa	101 kPa	151 kPa
Initial water content	w [%]	18.74	18.69	18.78
Particle density	γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.52	26.52	26.52
Initial dry density	γ_d [kN/m ³]	17.27	17.40	17.51
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	20.51	20.65	20.80
Void ratio	e	0.54	0.52	0.51
Degree of saturation	Sr [%]	94.65	96.33	98.65
Shear parameters				
Rate of shear displacement	[mm/min]	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080
Maximum Shear strength	[kPa]	58.06	86.84	105.82
Chosen post-peak shear strength	[kPa]	48.58	82.07	94.80
Displacement at failure	[mm]	1.76	1.85	1.62
Displacement chosen for post-peak	[mm]	7.12	10.89	3.55



Shear resistance parameters			
ϕ' peak	c' peak	ϕ' post-peak	c' post-peak
25.53 °	35.34 kPa	24.81 °	28.46 kPa


laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



DETERMINATION OF THE SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS THROUGH DIRECT SHEAR TEST

according to SR EN ISO 17892-10:2019

Test report - no.47593-RFD/03.31.2025

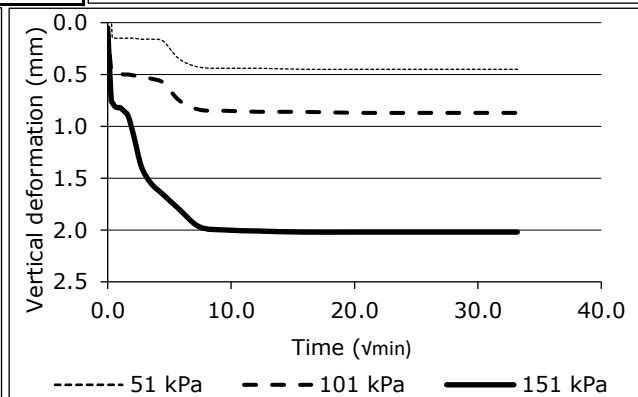
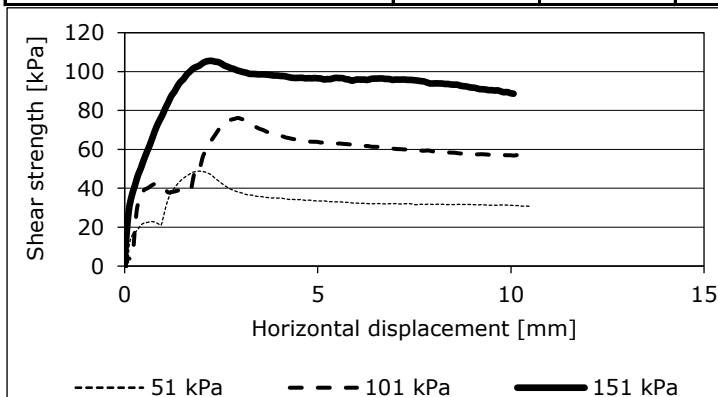
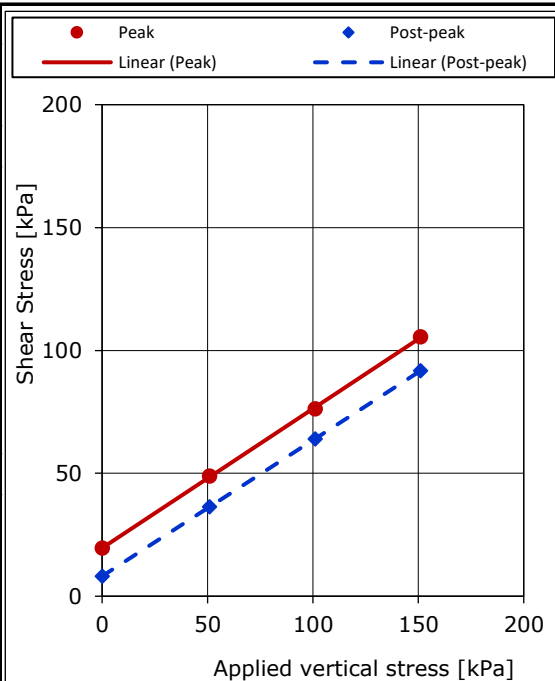
Client	S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.	Order no.	3140LGS
Project	-	Date of reception	24-Mar-2025
Location	MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA	Test date	24-Mar-2025
Sample type	undisturbed	Borehole no.	FS06
Test type	consolidated-drained (CD)	Sample number	47593
	Top depth of sample	1.50 m	
	Bottom depth of sample	1.70 m	

Sample description	greyish-brown, firm, low plasticity sandy CLAY
Final observations	-

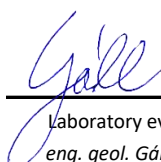
Nominal dimensions			
Diameter [mm]	50	Device type	4. Controls 27-WF21A60
Area [cm ²]	19.63		

Initial physical parameters				
Load [kPa]	51 kPa	101 kPa	151 kPa	
Initial water content w [%]	14.76	14.72	14.80	
Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.39	26.39	26.39	
Initial dry density γ_d [kN/m ³]	17.86	17.59	17.63	
Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	20.50	20.18	20.24	
Void ratio e	0.48	0.50	0.50	
Degree of saturation Sr [%]	83.16	79.11	80.15	

Shear parameters				
Rate of shear displacement [mm/min]	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	
Maximum Shear strength [kPa]	48.85	76.18	105.53	
Chosen post-peak shear strength [kPa]	36.42	63.96	91.75	
Displacement at failure [mm]	1.92	2.93	2.25	
Displacement chosen for post-peak [mm]	3.31	4.82	9.02	



Shear resistance parameters			
ϕ' peak	c' peak	ϕ' post-peak	c' post-peak
29.55 °	19.60 kPa	28.96 °	8.16 kPa


laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



Incremental loading oedometer test

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.
Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

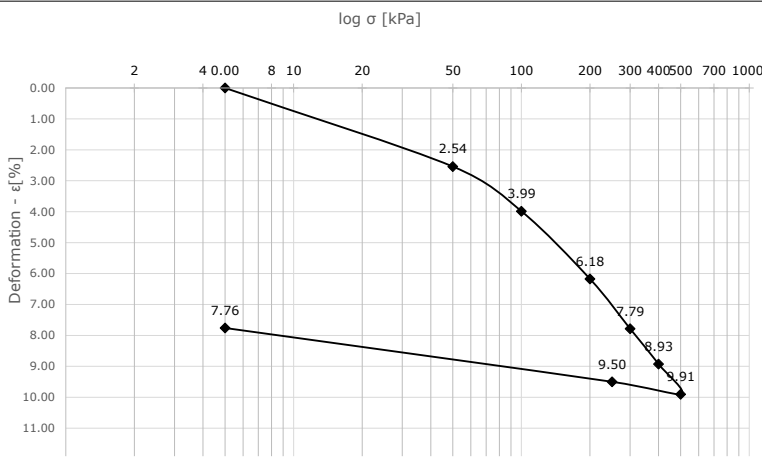
Order no. 2819LGS
Reception date 18-Jan-2024
Test date 16-Feb-2024
Loading cell ACE 8

Borehole FS01 Sample number 42672 Sample depth 2.00 - 2.40 m Machine type CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

Test data	Test method		Oedometer compressibility test	
	Sample preparation procedure		Undisturbed - Flooded	
	Sample description		yellowish brown low plasticity sandy CLAY	
	Observations		-	

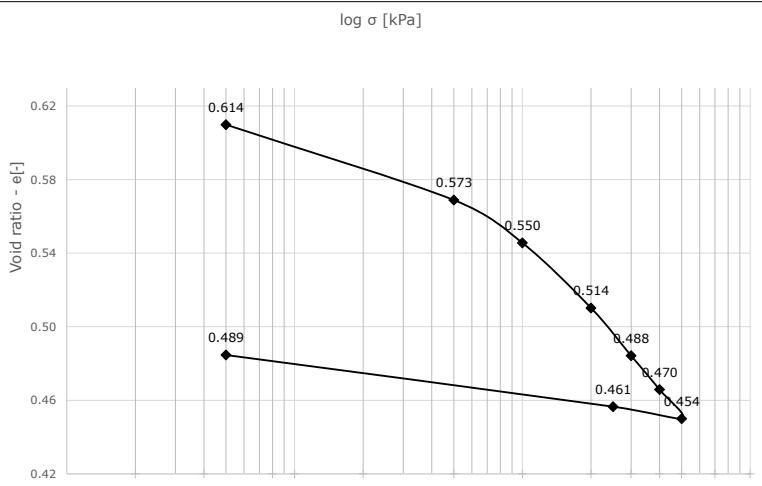
Initial physical parameters	Diameter D_o [mm]	71.40	Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.80	Initial water content w_o [%]	19.01
	Sample height H_o [mm]	20	Initial dry density ρ_d [kN/m ³]	16.60	Degree of saturation S_r [%]	84.61
	Sample mass m_o [g]	161.35	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	19.76	Void ratio e_o [-]	0.614

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Deformation ϵ [%]	Void ratio e [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	2.540	0.573
	Stage 2	50 - 100	3.985	0.550
	Stage 3	100 - 200	6.175	0.514
	Stage 4	200 - 300	7.785	0.488
	Stage 5	300 - 400	8.925	0.470
	Stage 6	400 - 500	9.905	0.454
	Stage 7	500 - 250	9.500	0.461
	Stage 8	250 - 5	7.760	0.489
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-




Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Coef. of vertical consolidation c_v [m ² /s]	Coef. of secondary compression C_{α} [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	-	-
	Stage 2	50 - 100	-	-
	Stage 3	100 - 200	-	-
	Stage 4	200 - 300	-	-
	Stage 5	300 - 400	-	-
	Stage 6	400 - 500	-	-
	Stage 7	500 - 250	-	-
	Stage 8	250 - 5	-	-
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-

Swelling pressure p_u [kPa]	0.00
Preload p_{pr} [kPa]	5.00



Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Temperature T [°C]	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	Specimen height change under load ΔH [mm]	Volume of soil particles V_s [%]	Volume of pores V_p [%]	Oedometer modulus E_{oed} [kPa]	Coef. of compressibility a_v [m ² /MN]	Coef. of volume compressibility m_v [m ² /MN]	Compression index C_c [-]	Swelling index C_s [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	20	20.28	0.508	63.57	36.43	1772	0.911	0.564	0.151	0.017
	Stage 2	50 - 100	20	20.58	0.797	64.52	35.48	3460	0.467	0.289		
	Stage 3	100 - 200	20	21.06	1.235	66.03	33.97	4566	0.354	0.219		
	Stage 4	200 - 300	20	21.43	1.557	67.18	32.82	6211	0.260	0.161		
	Stage 5	300 - 400	20	21.70	1.785	68.02	31.98	8772	0.184	0.114		
	Stage 6	400 - 500	20	21.93	1.981	68.76	31.24	10204	0.158	0.098		
	Stage 7	500 - 250	20	21.83	1.9	68.45	31.55	-	-	-		
	Stage 8	250 - 5	20	21.42	1.552	67.16	32.84	-	-	-		
	Stage 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gál Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

FL-082

Incremental loading oedometer test

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.
Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

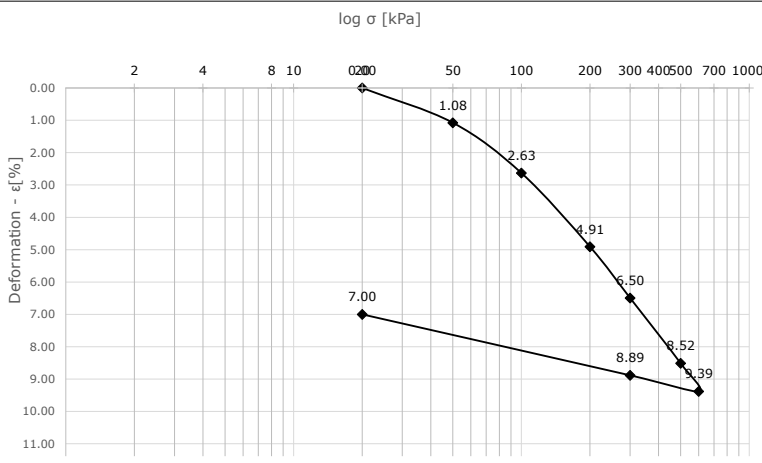
Order no. 2819LGS
Reception date 18-Jan-2024
Test date 16-Feb-2024
Loading cell ACE 4

Borehole FS02 Sample number 42677 Sample depth 1.60 - 2.00 m Machine type CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

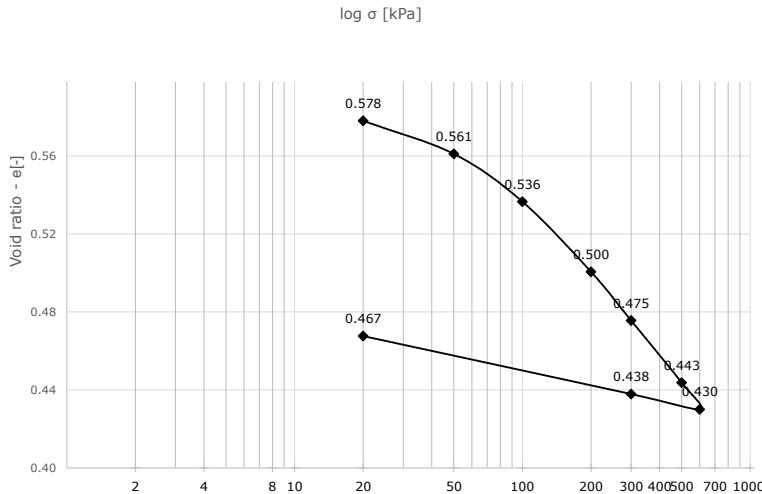
Test data	Test method		Oedometer compressibility test	
	Sample preparation procedure		Undisturbed - Flooded	
	Sample description		yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY	
	Observations		-	

Initial physical parameters	Diameter D_o [mm]	71.40	Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.80	Initial water content w_o [%]	17.44
	Sample height H_o [mm]	20	Initial dry density ρ_d [kN/m ³]	16.99	Degree of saturation S_r [%]	82.52
	Sample mass m_o [g]	162.90	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	19.95	Void ratio e_o [-]	0.578

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Deformation ϵ [%]	Void ratio e [-]
	Stage 1	20 - 50	1.075	0.561
	Stage 2	50 - 100	2.630	0.536
	Stage 3	100 - 200	4.910	0.500
	Stage 4	200 - 300	6.495	0.475
	Stage 5	300 - 500	8.515	0.443
	Stage 6	500 - 600	9.385	0.430
	Stage 7	600 - 300	8.885	0.438
	Stage 8	300 - 20	7.000	0.467
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-




Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Coef. of vertical consolidation c_v [m ² /s]	Coef. of secondary compression C_{α} [-]
	Stage 1	20 - 50	-	-
	Stage 2	50 - 100	-	-
	Stage 3	100 - 200	-	-
	Stage 4	200 - 300	-	-
	Stage 5	300 - 500	-	-
	Stage 6	500 - 600	-	-
	Stage 7	600 - 300	-	-
	Stage 8	300 - 20	-	-
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-



Swelling pressure p_u [kPa]	1.40
Preload p_{pr} [kPa]	20.00

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Temperature T [°C]	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	Specimen height change under load ΔH [mm]	Volume of soil particles V_s [%]	Volume of pores V_p [%]	Oedometer modulus E_{oed} [kPa]	Coef. of compressibility a_v [m ² /MN]	Coef. of volume compressibility m_v [m ² /MN]	Compression index C_c [-]	Swelling index C_s [-]
	Stage 1	20 - 50	20	20.17	0.215	64.07	35.93	2791	0.565	0.358	0.143	0.025
	Stage 2	50 - 100	20	20.49	0.526	65.09	34.91	3215	0.491	0.311		
	Stage 3	100 - 200	20	20.98	0.982	66.66	33.34	4386	0.360	0.228		
	Stage 4	200 - 300	20	21.34	1.299	67.79	32.21	6309	0.250	0.159		
	Stage 5	300 - 500	20	21.81	1.703	69.28	30.72	9901	0.159	0.101		
	Stage 6	500 - 600	20	22.02	1.877	69.95	30.05	11494	0.137	0.087		
	Stage 7	600 - 300	20	21.90	1.777	69.56	30.44	-	-	-		
	Stage 8	300 - 20	20	21.45	1.4	68.15	31.85	-	-	-		
	Stage 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor

Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

FL-082

Incremental loading oedometer test

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Order no. 2819LGS

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county

Reception date 18-Jan-2024

Borehole FS03

Sample no. 42685

Sample depth 1.00 - 1.40 m

Machine type CONTROLS 27-T0302

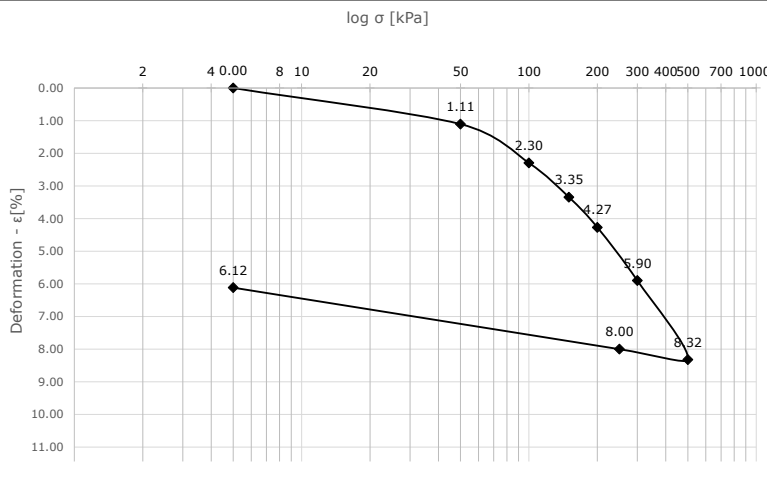
Test date 19-Feb-2024

Loading cell Cell 5

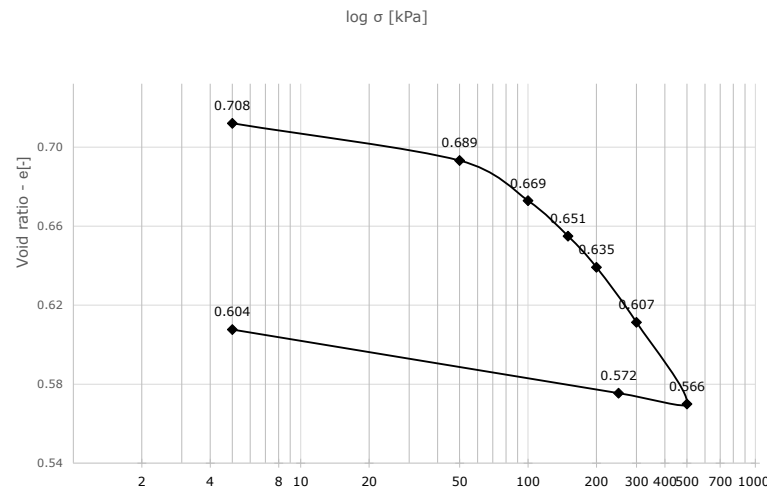
Test data	Test method		Oedometer compressibility test	
	Sample preparation procedure		Undisturbed - Flooded	
	Sample description		yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY	
	Observations			

Initial physical parameters	Diameter D_0 [mm]	71.40	Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.80	Initial water content w_0 [%]	19.32
	Height H_0 [mm]	20	Initial dry density γ_d [kN/m ³]	15.69	Degree of saturation S_r [%]	74.55
	Sample mass m_0 [g]	152.86	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	18.72	Void ratio e_0 [-]	0.708

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Deformation ϵ [%]	Void ratio e [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	1.105	0.689
	Stage 2	50 - 100	2.295	0.669
	Stage 3	100 - 150	3.345	0.651
	Stage 4	150 - 200	4.270	0.635
	Stage 5	200 - 300	5.900	0.607
	Stage 6	300 - 500	8.320	0.566
	Stage 7	500 - 250	8.000	0.572
	Stage 8	250 - 5	6.115	0.604
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-



Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Coef. of vertical consolidation c_v [m ² /s]	Coef. of secondary compression C_α [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	-	-
	Stage 2	50 - 100	-	-
	Stage 3	100 - 150	-	-
	Stage 4	150 - 200	-	-
	Stage 5	200 - 300	-	-
	Stage 6	300 - 500	-	-
	Stage 7	500 - 250	-	-
	Stage 8	250 - 5	-	-
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-



Preload p_{pr} [kPa]	2.00
Swelling pressure p_s [kPa]	5.00

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Temperature T [°C]	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	Specimen height change under load ΔH [mm]	Volume of soil particles V_s [%]	Volume of pores V_p [%]	Oedometer modulus E_{oed} [kPa]	Coef. of compressibility a_v [m ² /MN]	Coef. of volume compressibility m_v [m ² /MN]	Compression index C_c [-]	Swelling index C_s [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 50	20	18.93	0.221	59.20	40.80	4072	0.419	0.246	0.174	0.019
	Stage 2	50 - 100	20	19.16	0.459	59.92	40.08	4202	0.407	0.238		
	Stage 3	100 - 150	20	19.37	0.669	60.57	39.43	4762	0.359	0.210		
	Stage 4	150 - 200	20	19.56	0.854	61.15	38.85	5405	0.316	0.185		
	Stage 5	200 - 300	20	19.89	1.180	62.21	37.79	6135	0.278	0.163		
	Stage 6	300 - 500	20	20.42	1.664	63.85	36.15	8264	0.207	0.121		
	Stage 7	500 - 250	20	20.35	1.600	63.63	36.37	-	-	-		
	Stage 8	250 - 5	20	19.94	1.223	62.36	37.64	-	-	-		
	Stage 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

Gál
Laboratory evaluator
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Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

FL-082

Incremental loading oedometer test

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report - no. 47592-RE/03.31.2025

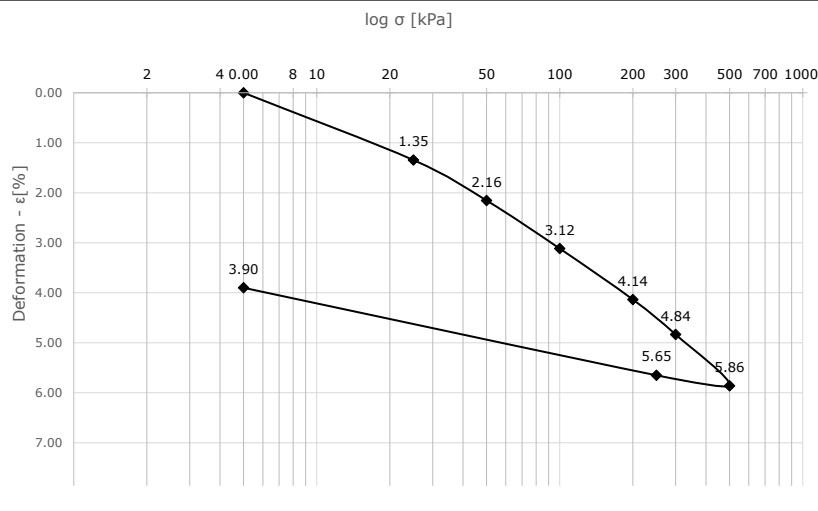
Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.
Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA
Project -
Borehole FS05 Sample number 47592 Depth 1.50 - 1.70 Device type CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

Order nr. 3140LGS
Reception date 24-Mar-2025
Test date 24-Mar-2025
Loading cell ACE 7

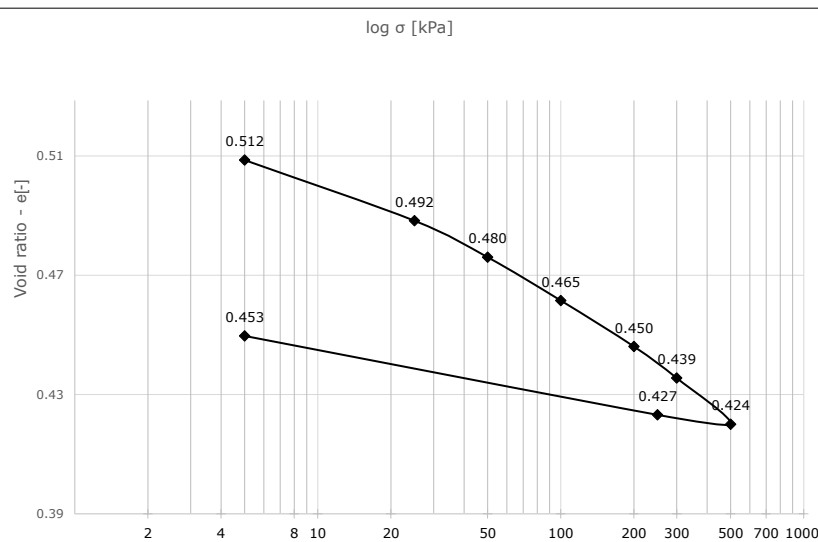
Test data	Test method	Consolidation test		
	Sample preparation procedure	Undisturbed - Flooded		
	Sample description	brownish-grey, stiff, medium plasticity sandy CLAY		
	Observations	-		

Initial physical parameters	Diameter D_0 [mm]	50.47	Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.41	Initial water content w_0 [%]	17.17
	Sample height H_0 [mm]	20	Initial dry density γ_d [kN/m ³]	17.47	Degree of saturation S_r [%]	90.27
	Sample mass m_0 [g]	83.49	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	20.46	Void ratio e_0 [-]	0.512

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Deformation ϵ [%]	Void ratio e [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 25	1.345	0.492
	Stage 2	25 - 50	2.155	0.480
	Stage 3	50 - 100	3.115	0.465
	Stage 4	100 - 200	4.135	0.450
	Stage 5	200 - 300	4.835	0.439
	Stage 6	300 - 500	5.860	0.424
	Stage 7	500 - 250	5.650	0.427
	Stage 8	250 - 5	3.900	0.453
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-





Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Coef. Of vertical consolidation c_v [m ² /s]	Coef. Of secondary compression C_{α} [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 25	-	-
	Stage 2	25 - 50	-	-
	Stage 3	50 - 100	-	-
	Stage 4	100 - 200	-	-
	Stage 5	200 - 300	-	-
	Stage 6	300 - 500	-	-
	Stage 7	500 - 250	-	-
	Stage 8	250 - 5	-	-
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-



Swelling pressure p_u [kPa]	0.40
Preload p_{pr} [kPa]	5.00

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Temperature T [°C]	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	Specimen height change under load ΔH [mm]	Volume of soil particles V_s [%]	Volume of pores V_p [%]	Oedometer modulus E_{oed} [kPa]	Coef. of compressibility a_v [m ² /MN]	Coef. Of volume compressibility m_v [m ² /MN]	Compression index C_c [-]	Swelling index C_s [-]
	Stage 1	5 - 25	20	20.74	0.269	67.03	32.97	1487	1.017	0.672	0.059	0.015
	Stage 2	25 - 50	20	20.91	0.431	67.59	32.41	3086	0.490	0.324		
	Stage 3	50 - 100	20	21.12	0.623	68.26	31.74	5208	0.290	0.192		
	Stage 4	100 - 200	20	21.35	0.827	68.98	31.02	9804	0.154	0.102		
	Stage 5	200 - 300	20	21.50	0.967	69.49	30.51	14286	0.106	0.070		
	Stage 6	300 - 500	20	21.74	1.172	70.25	29.75	19512	0.077	0.051		
	Stage 7	500 - 250	20	21.69	1.13	70.09	29.91	-	-	-		
	Stage 8	250 - 5	20	21.29	0.78	68.81	31.19	-	-	-		
	Stage 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		


Laboratory evaluator
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Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

Incremental loading oedometer test

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report - no. 47596-RE/03.31.2025

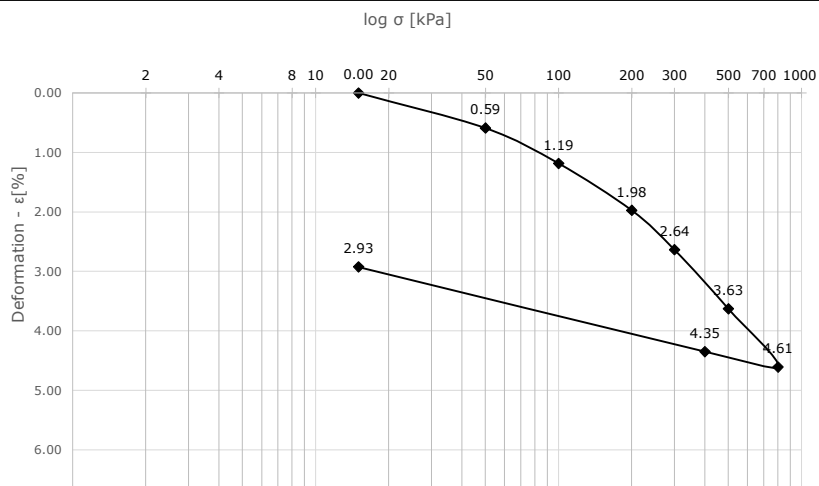
Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.
Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA
Project -
Borehole FS07 Sample number 47596 Depth 1.50 - 1.70 Device type CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

Order nr. 3140LGS
Reception date 24-Mar-2025
Test date 24-Mar-2025
Loading cell ACE 8

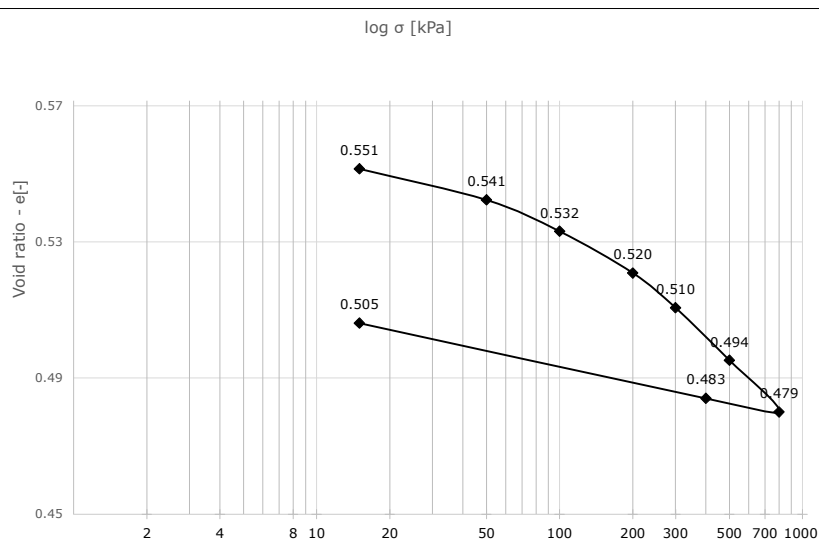
Test data	Test method	Consolidation test	
	Sample preparation procedure	Undisturbed - Flooded	
	Sample description	brown, firm, medium plasticity CLAY	
	Observations	-	

Initial physical parameters	Diameter D_0 [mm]	50.47	Particle density γ_s [kN/m ³]	26.05	Initial water content w_0 [%]	19.25
	Sample height H_0 [mm]	20	Initial dry density γ_d [kN/m ³]	16.80	Degree of saturation S_r [%]	92.87
	Sample mass m_0 [g]	81.74	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	20.03	Void ratio e_0 [-]	0.551

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Deformation ϵ [%]	Void ratio e [-]
	Stage 1	15 - 50	0.590	0.541
	Stage 2	50 - 100	1.185	0.532
	Stage 3	100 - 200	1.975	0.520
	Stage 4	200 - 300	2.635	0.510
	Stage 5	300 - 500	3.630	0.494
	Stage 6	500 - 800	4.610	0.479
	Stage 7	800 - 400	4.350	0.483
	Stage 8	400 - 15	2.925	0.505
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-





Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Coef. Of vertical consolidation c_v [m ² /s]	Coef. Of secondary compression C_{α} [-]
	Stage 1	15 - 50	-	-
	Stage 2	50 - 100	-	-
	Stage 3	100 - 200	-	-
	Stage 4	200 - 300	-	-
	Stage 5	300 - 500	-	-
	Stage 6	500 - 800	-	-
	Stage 7	800 - 400	-	-
	Stage 8	400 - 15	-	-
	Stage 9	-	-	-
	Stage 10	-	-	-
	Stage 11	-	-	-
	Stage 12	-	-	-



Swelling pressure p_u [kPa]	9.40
Preload p_{pr} [kPa]	15.00

Determined sample parameters	Loading stage	Pressure σ [kPa]	Temperature T [°C]	Initial bulk density γ [kN/m ³]	Specimen height change under load ΔH [mm]	Volume of soil particles V_s [%]	Volume of pores V_p [%]	Oedometer modulus E_{oed} [kPa]	Coef. of compressibility a_v [m ² /MN]	Coef. Of volume compressibility m_v [m ² /MN]	Compression index C_c [-]	Swelling index C_s [-]
	Stage 1	15 - 50	20	20.15	0.118	64.88	35.12	5932	0.261	0.169	0.072	0.015
	Stage 2	50 - 100	20	20.28	0.237	65.27	34.73	8403	0.185	0.119		
	Stage 3	100 - 200	20	20.44	0.395	65.79	34.21	12658	0.122	0.079		
	Stage 4	200 - 300	20	20.58	0.527	66.24	33.76	15152	0.102	0.066		
	Stage 5	300 - 500	20	20.79	0.726	66.92	33.08	20101	0.077	0.050		
	Stage 6	500 - 800	20	21.00	0.922	67.61	32.39	30612	0.051	0.033		
	Stage 7	800 - 400	20	20.95	0.87	67.43	32.57	-	-	-		
	Stage 8	400 - 15	20	20.64	0.585	66.44	33.56	-	-	-		
	Stage 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	Stage 12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		


Laboratory evaluator
eng. geol. Gáll Hunor


Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd

DETERMINATION OF SOIL SWELLING PRESSURE

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county Thin-

Sampling method walled tube (Shelby)

Machine type CONTROLS 27-T0302

Superior depth of sample 2.00

Inferior depth of sample 2.40

Order no. 2819LGS

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Test date 16-Feb-2024

Borehole no. FS01

Sample number 42672

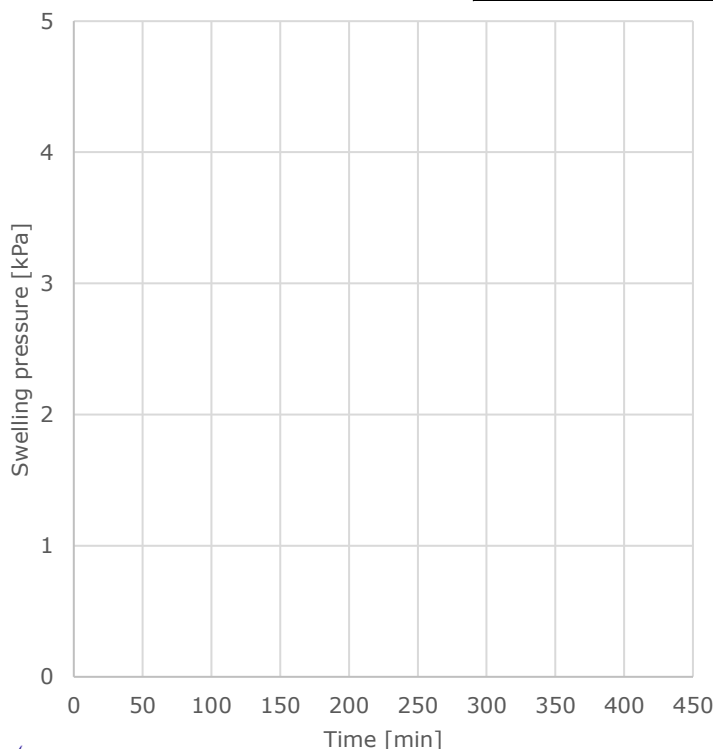
Sample type	cohesive
Sample description	yellowish brown low plasticity sandy CLAY
Observations	-

Initial sample measurements		
Diameter	D_0 [mm]	71.4
Height	L_0 [mm]	20
Area	A_0 [cm ²]	40.04
Volume	V_0 [cm ³]	80.08

Initial physical parameters		
Initial water content	w_0 [%]	19.01
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	19.77
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.61
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	84.65

Swelling pressure	P_u [kPa]	0.00
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Final physical parameters		
Final water content	w_0 [%]	19.42
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.62
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	86.25



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This test report has been prepared in two originals, one for the customer and one for S.C. GeoSearch S.R.L.

FL-080

DETERMINATION OF SOIL SWELLING PRESSURE

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county Thin-

Sampling method walled tube (Shelby)

Machine type CONTROLS 27-T0302

Superior depth of sample 1.60

Inferior depth of sample 2.00

Order no. 2819LGS

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Test date 16-Feb-2024

Borehole no. FS02

Sample number 42677

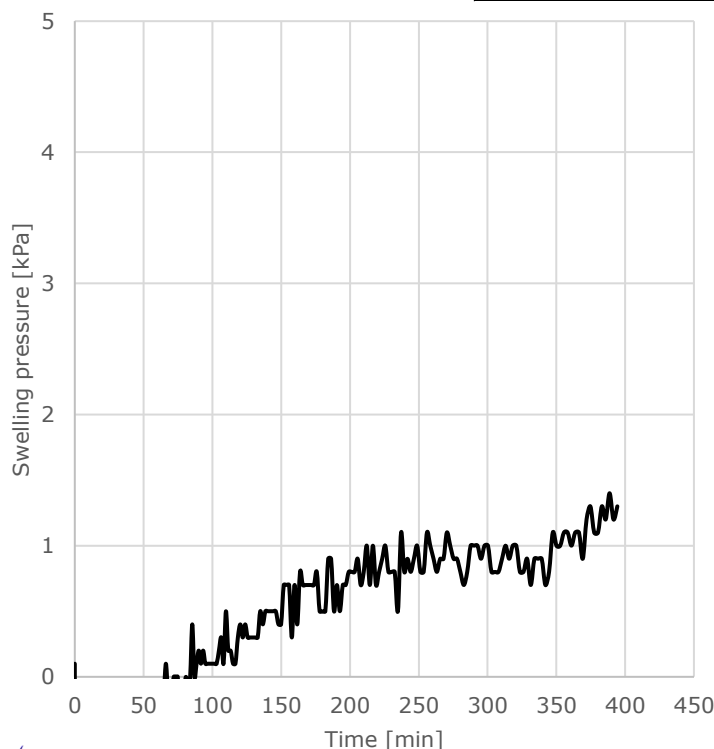
Sample type	cohesive
Sample description	yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY
Observations	-

Initial sample measurements		
Diameter	D_0 [mm]	71.4
Height	L_0 [mm]	20
Area	A_0 [cm ²]	40.04
Volume	V_0 [cm ³]	80.08

Initial physical parameters		
Initial water content	w_0 [%]	17.44
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	19.96
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.58
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	82.56

Swelling pressure	P_u [kPa]	1.40
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Final physical parameters		
Final water content	w_0 [%]	17.83
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.58
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	84.19



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FL-080

DETERMINATION OF SOIL SWELLING PRESSURE

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report

Client S.C. Glodeni Energy S.R.L.

Location Glodeni municipality, CF 50604, 52635, 52833, Mureș county Thin-

Sampling method walled tube (Shelby)

Machine type CONTROLS 27-T0302

Superior depth of sample 1.00

Inferior depth of sample 1.40

Order no. 2819LGS

Date of reception 18-Jan-2024

Test date 19-Feb-2024

Borehole no. FS03

Sample number 42685

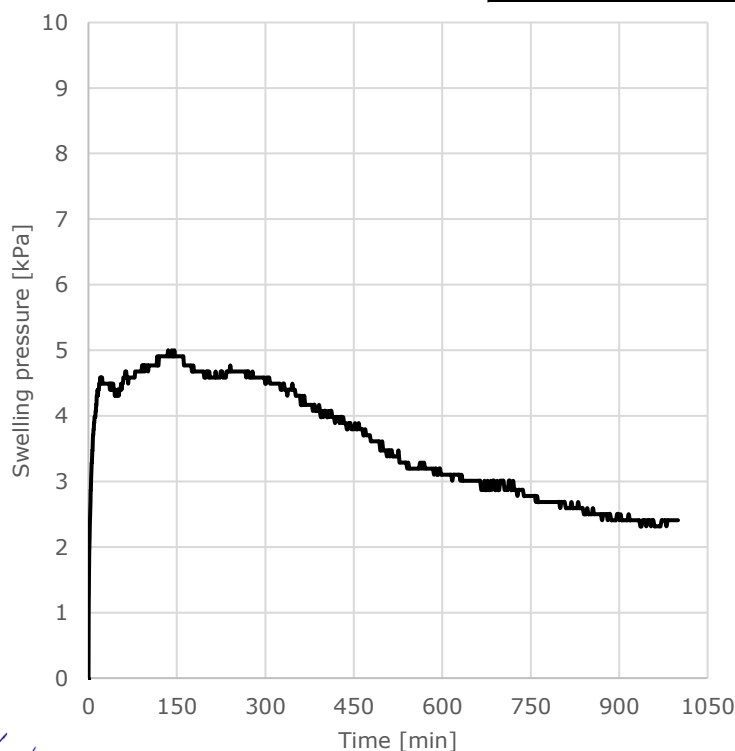
Sample type	cohesive
Sample description	yellowish brown firm low plasticity sandy CLAY
Observations	-

Initial sample measurements		
Diameter	D_0 [mm]	71.4
Height	L_0 [mm]	20
Area	A_0 [cm ²]	40.04
Volume	V_0 [cm ³]	80.08

Initial physical parameters		
Initial water content	w_0 [%]	19.32
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	18.73
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.71
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	74.58

Swelling pressure	P_u [kPa]	5.00
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Final physical parameters		
Final water content	w_0 [%]	19.84
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.71
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	76.28



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Head of laboratory
eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



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DETERMINATION OF SOIL SWELLING PRESSURE

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report - no. 47592-RPU/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Sampling method Thin-walled tube (Shelby)

Device type ACE - CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

Top height of sample [m] 1.50

Bottom height of sample [m] 1.70

Order no. 3140LGS

Date of reception 24-Mar-2025

Test date 24-Mar-2025

Borehole no. FS05

Sample number 47592

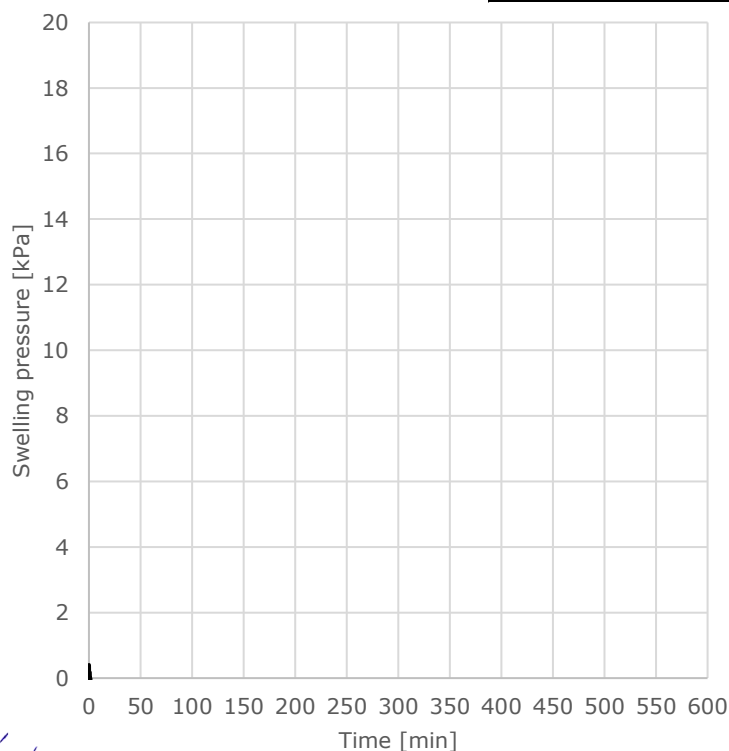
Sample type	cohesive
Sample description	brownish-grey, stiff, medium plasticity sandy CLAY
Observations	-

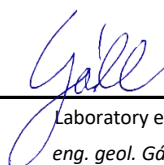
Initial sample measurements		
Diameter	D_0 [mm]	50.47
Height	L_0 [mm]	20
Area	A_0 [cm ²]	20.01
Volume	V_0 [cm ³]	40.01

Initial physical parameters		
Initial water content	w_0 [%]	17.17
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	20.47
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.51
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	90.33

Swelling pressure	P_u [kPa]	0.40
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Final physical parameters		
Final water content	w_0 [%]	17.68
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.51
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	93.15




Laboratory evaluator
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File code
FL-121

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DETERMINATION OF SOIL SWELLING PRESSURE

according to SR EN ISO 17892-5:2017

Test report - no. 47596-RPU/03.31.2025

Client S.C. GLODENI ENERGY S.R.L.

Location MUNICIPALITY VOIVODENI AND GLODENI, MUREȘ COUNTY, ROMÂNIA

Sampling method Thin-walled tube (Shelby)

Device type ACE - CONTROLS 26-WF31E20

Top height of sample [m] 1.50

Bottom height of sample [m] 1.70

Order no. 3140LGS

Date of reception 24-Mar-2025

Test date 24-Mar-2025

Borehole no. FS07

Sample number 47596

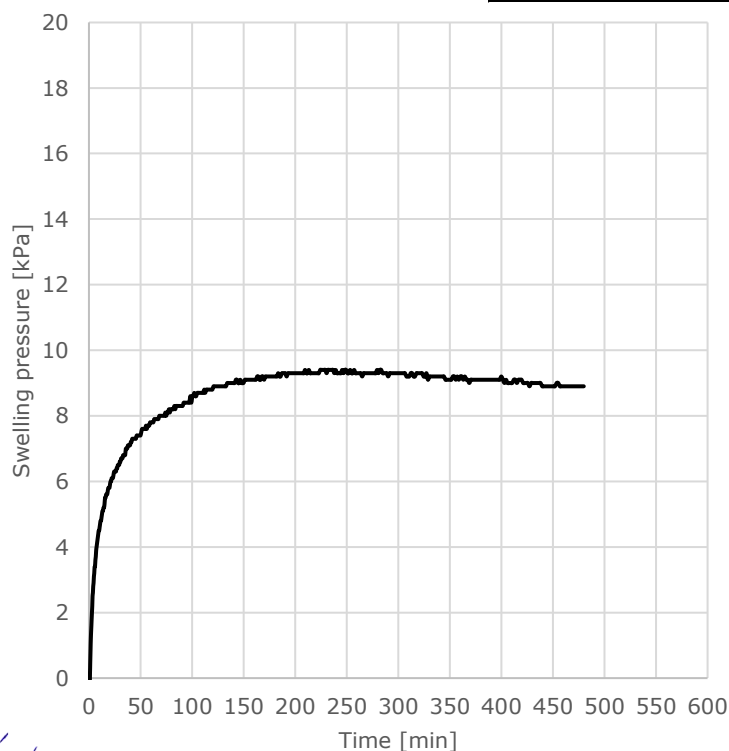
Sample type	cohesive
Sample description	brown, firm, medium plasticity CLAY
Observations	-

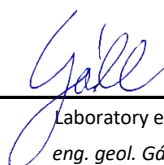
Initial sample measurements		
Diameter	D_0 [mm]	50.47
Height	L_0 [mm]	20
Area	A_0 [cm ²]	20.01
Volume	V_0 [cm ³]	40.01


Initial physical parameters		
Initial water content	w_0 [%]	11.61
Initial bulk density	γ [kN/m ³]	20.78
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.40
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	77.19

Swelling pressure	P_u [kPa]	9.40
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Final physical parameters		
Final water content	w_0 [%]	12.08
Void ratio	e_0 [-]	0.40
Degree of saturation	S_r [%]	80.47




Laboratory evaluator
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eng. geol. Nagy Szilárd



File code
FL-121

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INSPECTORATUL DE STAT ÎN CONSTRUCȚII



AUTORIZAȚIE

T.S.

Nr. 4056
Data: 22.06.2023

Se autorizează Laboratorul: "LABORATOR DE ANALIZE ȘI ÎNCERCĂRI ÎN ACTIVITATEA DE CONSTRUCȚII - S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L." situat în JUD. CLUJ, LOCALITATEA BACIU, SAT RĂDAIA, NR. 49, CORP A aparținând "S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L." înmatriculată sub Nr J12/1280/2006 C.I.F. RÔ 18573868 având sediul social în JUD. CLUJ, LOCALITATEA BACIU, SAT RĂDAIA, NR. 49, CORP A, pentru efectuarea de încercări și verificări de laborator, în profilurile și pentru încercările din anexă.
Standard de referință SR EN ISO/IEC 17025.
Termen de valabilitate 4 ani

INSPECTOR GENERAL



Nr. 4056 / 22.06.2023

ÎNCERCĂRI AUTORIZATE

Denumire profil / Nomenclator încercări	Denumire profil / Nomenclator încercări
D - drumuri	GTF - geotehnică și teren de fundare
Amestecuri de agregate netratate și tratate cu lianți hidraulici. Metode de încercare pentru determinarea în laborator a masei volumice de referință și a conținutului de apă. Compactare Proctor	Teren de fundare. Cercetări prin sondaje deschise. Prelevare probe
Controlul calității terasamentelor. Determinarea capacității portante a terasamentelor. Verificarea capacității portante cu aparatul CBR în laborator	Teren de fundare. Determinarea caracteristicilor de compactare. Încercarea Proctor
Controlul calității terasamentelor. Determinarea capacității portante a terasamentelor. Verificarea capacității portante cu aparatul CBR pe teren	Teren de fundare. Determinarea caracteristicilor fizice și mecanice ale pământurilor cu umflări și contracții mari. Determinarea contracției liniare
Controlul calității terasamentelor. Determinarea capacității portante a terasamentelor. Verificarea capacității portante cu placa statică Lucas	Teren de fundare. Determinarea caracteristicilor fizice și mecanice ale pământurilor cu umflări și contracții mari. Determinarea limitei de contracție
Controlul calității terasamentelor. Determinarea capacității portante a terasamentelor. Verificarea capacității portante cu placa statică Lucas	Teren de fundare. Determinarea caracteristicilor fizice și mecanice ale pământurilor cu umflări și contracții mari. Determinarea presiunii de umflare
Controlul calității terasamentelor. Determinarea modului dinamic de deflecție Evd obținut cu deflectometrul dinamic ușor LWD	Teren de fundare. Determinarea caracteristicilor fizice și mecanice ale pământurilor cu umflări și contracții mari. Determinarea umflării libere
Determinarea prin deflectometrie a capacității portante a drumurilor cu structuri rutiere suple și semirigide cu deflectometrul cu pârghie tip Benkelman	Teren de fundare. Determinarea compresibilității pământurilor prin încercarea în edometru. Determinarea compresibilității pământurilor
Lucrări de drumuri. Straturi rutiere din agregate naturale sau pământuri stabilizate cu lianți hidraulici sau puzzolanici. Metode de determinare și încercare. Determinarea compoziției granulometrice a amestecului de pământ și liant	Teren de fundare. Determinarea compresibilității pământurilor prin încercarea în edometru. Determinarea consolidării pământurilor
Lucrări de drumuri. Straturi rutiere din agregate naturale sau pământuri stabilizate cu lianți hidraulici sau puzzolanici. Metode de determinare și încercare. Determinarea umidității în laborator	Teren de fundare. Determinarea conținutului de carbonați. Metoda de laborator
GTF - geotehnică și teren de fundare	Teren de fundare. Determinarea densității pământurilor. Metoda cu ștanța
Determinarea indicelui Californian de capacitate portanta (CBR) în laborator	Teren de fundare. Determinarea densității pământurilor. Metoda prin cântărire hidrostatică
Determinarea indicelui Californian de capacitate portanta (CBR) pe teren	Teren de fundare. Determinarea densității scheletului pământului
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări de laborator pe pământuri. Încercare triaxială neconsolidată nedrenată	Teren de fundare. Determinarea granulozității. Metoda cernerii
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări de laborator pe pământuri. Încercări consolidate de compresiune triaxială ale pământurilor saturate	Teren de fundare. Determinarea granulozității. Metoda sedimentării
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări pe teren. Încercare de penetrare cu conul electric și cu piezoconul	Teren de fundare. Determinarea greutății volumice, pe teren. Metoda determinării volumului cu apă și cu folie de material plastic
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări pe teren. Încercare de penetrare dinamică. Încercare de penetrare dinamică grea	Teren de fundare. Determinarea greutății volumice, pe teren. Metoda determinării volumului cu nisip afănat
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări pe teren. Încercare de penetrare dinamică. Încercare de penetrare dinamică medie	Teren de fundare. Determinarea limitelor de plasticitate. Determinarea limitei inferioare de plasticitate. Metoda cilindrilor de pământ
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări pe teren. Încercare de penetrare dinamică. Încercare de penetrare dinamică ușoară	Teren de fundare. Determinarea limitelor de plasticitate. Determinarea limitei superioare de plasticitate. Metoda cu conul
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Încercări pe teren. Încercare de penetrare standard	Teren de fundare. Determinarea limitelor de plasticitate. Determinarea limitei superioare de plasticitate. Metoda cu cupa
Investigații și încercări geotehnice. Monitorizare geotehnică prin instrumentare in situ. Măsurarea deplasării de-a lungul unei linii: înclinometre	Teren de fundare. Determinarea materiilor organice. Identificarea conținutului de humus solubil în alcalii
Teren de fundare. Cercetări geotehnice prin foraje executate în pământuri. Prelevare probe	Teren de fundare. Determinarea modului de deformare liniară prin încercări pe teren cu placa
	Teren de fundare. Determinarea permeabilității în laborator. Metoda permeametrului cu gradient constant cu sucțiune
	Teren de fundare. Determinarea permeabilității în laborator. Metoda permeametrului cu gradient variabil
	Teren de fundare. Determinarea rezistenței pământurilor la forfecare, prin încercarea de forfecare directă. Încercarea de forfecare consolidată - drenată (CD)

INSPECTOR GENERAL



Anexa 1 - pag. 2 la autorizația Laboratorului "LABORATOR DE ANALIZE ȘI ÎNCERCĂRI ÎN ACTIVITATEA DE CONSTRUCȚII - S.C. GEO SEARCH S.R.L. situat în JUD. CLUJ, LOCALITATEA BACIU, SAT RĂDAIA, NR. 49, CORP A

Nr. 4056 / 22.06.2023

ÎNCERCĂRI AUTORIZATE

Denumire profil / Nomenclator încercări
GTF - geotehnică și teren de fundare
Teren de fundare. Determinarea umidității în laborator
Teren de fundare. Încercarea pământurilor la compresiune monoaxială

INSPECTOR GENERAL





ALS LIFE SCIENCES ROMANIA SRL

ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY

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accredited for
TESTING



SR EN ISO/IEC 17025:2018
ACCREDITATION CERTIFICATE
LI 828

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Work Order	: PI2400768	Issue Date	: 09-Feb-2024
Customer	: SC GEO SEARCH SRL	Laboratory	: ALS LIFE SCIENCES ROMANIA SRL
Contact	: Florin Borbei	Contact	: Client Service
Address	: STR. AVRAM IANCU 442-446 JUD. CLUJ FLORESTI	Address	: STR. CONSTANTIN STERE, NR. 16 PLOIESTI 100573 PRAHOVA Romania
E-mail	: borbeif@geosearch.ro	E-mail	: info.ro@alsglobal.com
Telephone	: ----	Telephone	: 0244-596193
Project	: ----	Page	: 1 of 3
Order number	: 329/01.02.2024	Copy No.	: 1
C-O-C number	: ----	Date Samples	: 01-Feb-2024
Site	: Com Voievodeni si Com. Glodeni, Jud. Mures, Romania	Received	
Sampled by	: Client	Quote number	: PI2019GEOSE-RO0001 (RO-102-18-001190)
		Date of test	: 01-Feb-2024 - 09-Feb-2024
		QC Level	: ALS RO Quality Control Schedule

General Comments

The results are referring only to the analysed sample.

Values denoted with "<" represents smaller values than the reporting limits of the method.

The laboratory does not keep replicates.

The report shall not be reproduced partially or in full without prior written approval from ALS LIFE SCIENCES ROMANIA.

Test report was issued in 1 copy for the client.

The related comments are not covered by Renar accreditation.

For more informations please consult Renar web site.

The samples are kept in the laboratory only until test reports will be issued.

SAMPLING AND CONSERVATION DATA: The information about sampling, preservation and transport of the samples was provided to the client in the submitted technical - financial offer. The sample was provided by the client. The client has the responsibility for collecting, preserving and transporting the sample. Receiving conform sample.

Responsible for accuracy

Signatories

Lucretia Tudorache

Position

Laboratory Manager





Analytical Results

Sub-Matrix: SOIL

Client sample ID

Laboratory sample ID

Client sampling date / time

Parameter	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Result	Result
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Electrical Resistivity	S-REZV-NA	10.0	ohm m	325	343	370
Oxidation-Reduction Potential(ORP)	S-ORP-NA	-	mV	367.7	366.6	361.7
Physical Parameters						
Conductivity	S-CON-ELE	0.10	µS/cm	34.3	32.5	30.2
pH (H2O)	S-PH-ELE01	2.00	pH Unit	8.31	7.91	7.75
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Chloride as Cl-	S-CL-TIT-R	0.0010	% DW	0.0071	0.0078	0.0064
Sulfides	S-SFD-TIT	10.0	mg/kg DW	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0
Acid Neutralising Capacity	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Base Neutralising Capacity (BNC)	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4-GR	50	mg/kg DW	<50	<50	<50
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4A-GR	500	mg/kg DW	<500	<500	<500

Sub-Matrix: SOIL

Client sample ID

Laboratory sample ID

Client sampling date / time

Parameter	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Result	Result
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Electrical Resistivity	S-REZV-NA	10.0	ohm m	308	148	300
Oxidation-Reduction Potential(ORP)	S-ORP-NA	-	mV	356.7	347.8	346.8
Physical Parameters						
Conductivity	S-CON-ELE	0.10	µS/cm	36.2	75.4	37.2
pH (H2O)	S-PH-ELE01	2.00	pH Unit	7.14	7.03	7.62
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Chloride as Cl-	S-CL-TIT-R	0.0010	% DW	0.0074	0.0081	0.0057
Sulfides	S-SFD-TIT	10.0	mg/kg DW	<10.0	<10.0	<10.0
Acid Neutralising Capacity	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Base Neutralising Capacity (BNC)	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4-GR	50	mg/kg DW	<50	<50	<50
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4A-GR	500	mg/kg DW	<500	<500	<500

Sub-Matrix: SOIL

Client sample ID

Laboratory sample ID

Client sampling date / time

Parameter	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Result	Result
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Electrical Resistivity	S-REZV-NA	10.0	ohm m	317	----	----
Oxidation-Reduction Potential(ORP)	S-ORP-NA	-	mV	346.3	----	----
Physical Parameters						
Conductivity	S-CON-ELE	0.10	µS/cm	35.2	----	----
pH (H2O)	S-PH-ELE01	2.00	pH Unit	7.10	----	----
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters						
Chloride as Cl-	S-CL-TIT-R	0.0010	% DW	0.0060	----	----
Sulfides	S-SFD-TIT	10.0	mg/kg DW	<10.0	----	----
Acid Neutralising Capacity	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	----	----
Base Neutralising Capacity (BNC)	S-ANC-TIT	1.0	mol/kg DW	<1.0	----	----
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4-GR	50	mg/kg DW	<50	----	----



Sub-Matrix: SOIL		Client sample ID		Proba FG41 Ad. prelevare 1.00 m	----	----
		Laboratory sample ID		PI2400768007	----	----
		Client sampling date / time		01-Feb-2024 00:00	----	----
Parameter	Method	LOR	Unit	Result	Result	Result
Nonmetallic Inorganic Parameters - Continued						
Sulfate as SO4 - Soluble	S-SO4A-GR	500	mg/kg DW	<500	----	----

If no sampling time is provided, the sampling time will default 00:00 on the date of sampling. If no sampling date is provided, delivery date in brackets without a time component will be displayed instead.

Key: LOR = Limit of reporting

The end of result part of the certificate of analysis

Brief Method Summaries

Analytical Methods	Method Descriptions
*S-ANC-TIT	Metoda interna conform SR EN 14429:2015 Anexa C. Determinarea preliminară a consumului de acid/bază;
S-CL-TIT-R	PSL-38, STAS 7184/7-87 Soil. Determination of mineral salts in aqueous extract 1: 5 (pct.2) and 4.2 Determination of the chlorine anion (Cl-), by titration; 7
S-CON-ELE	PSL-27, SR ISO 11265+A1:1998 Soil quality. Determination of the specific electrical conductivity; 2
*S-ORP-NA	Metoda interna de determinare
S-PH-ELE01	PSL-18, SR EN ISO 10390:2022 Sludge, treated biowaste and soil. Determination of pH; 1
*S-REZV-NA	Metoda de calcul din valorile masurate ale Conductivitatii electrice.
*S-SFD-TIT	STAS 7184/7-1987, SR 7510:1997 Determination of Sulfide content. Iodometric Method.
S-SO4A-GR	PSL-37, Acid soluble Sulfate; SR ISO 11048:1999 Soil quality. Determination of water-soluble and acid soluble sulphate; 15
S-SO4-GR	PSL-37, Water soluble Sulfate; SR ISO 11048:1999 Soil quality. Determination of water-soluble and acid soluble sulphate; 15

A ** symbol preceeding any method indicates RENAR non-accredited test. A *** symbol preceeding any method description indicates test made in a subcontracted laboratory outside the ALS LIFE SCIENCES ROMANIA SRL laboratory.